

# THIS HISTORICAL TECHNICAL DOCUMENT IS DEDICATED TO ALL THE RADIOMEN WHO SERVED IN THE COAST GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. 



The AN/URT-12 is today a quite rare AM+CW radio transmitter covering $2-30 \mathrm{MHz}$. It is capable of about $90-100$ watts carrier on AM and 100 W on CW. It was used exclusively by the Coast Guard. At the time of this pringing, it is believed that there are only 4 of these radio transmitters left in the world. It is believed that only two are complete and unmodified. This is believed to be the last CW+AM-only HF transmitter model before SSB was put in use.

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October 24, 1955
Temporary Correction T-1 to Preliminary Instruction Book for Radio Transmitting Set AN/UPT-12

This temporary correction is in effect immediately. It provides for the addition of one rf coil and a new rf bypass capacitor. Included also is a change in fuse rating, a change in capacitor value and the deletion of a coupling. These changes apply to all equipments supplied on Contracts Tcg-38554 and Tcg-39978.

Make the following pen-and-ink corrections. Insert this temporary correction in the technical manual immediately after the front cover.

Page 2-5, paragraph 2¢
(1) Line 15-After "L421" Add "L432"

Page 2-7,8
(1) Add "L432" below "L422"

On page 5-3, Table 5-2, Revise as follows:
TABLE 5-2 FUSE LOCATION

| SYMBOL | LOCATION | PROTECTS | AMPS | VOLTS | STANDARD NAVY <br> STOCK NUMBERS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| F203 <br> F205 <br> F208 |  |  | 2 |  | $17-\mathrm{F}-17411$ <br> $17-\mathrm{F}-17410$ <br> $17-\mathrm{F}-17420$ |

An page 8-1 , Table 8-1, Revise as follows:

## TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS



Temporary Correction T-1 to Preliminary Instruction Book for Radio Transmitting Set AN/URT-12 (continued)


Page following 8-47: Schematic Drawing
(\#) Add capacitor C469 (1000 uuf, 5000 volts). One lead to a point between R466 and I419, the other lead to ground.
-(2) Add rf coil L432 as shown below:

(3) Change value of C310 from "820" uuf to "1200" uuf.
(4) Change value of F203 from "IA" to "2A".

## PRELIMINARY

 INSTRUCTION BOOK for
## AN/URT-12

RADIOMARINE CORPORATION OF AMERICA
75 VARICK STREET
NEW YORK 13, N. Y.
$\qquad$

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Figure 1-1. Radio Transmitting Set AN/URT-12, Relationship of Units

## SECTION 1

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

## 1. SCOPE OF INSTRUCTION BOOK.

This instruction book contains descriptive material, theory of operation and instructions for installation, operation and maintenance of Radio Transmitting Set, AN/URT-12. The equipment is being delivered on Contracts Tcg-38554, Tcg-39978.

## 2. PURPOSE AND BASIC PRINCIPLES.

a. Radio Transmitting Set AN/URT-12 (Figure 1-1) is intended for use on Coast Guard vessels and at Coast Guard radio communication shore stations under widely varying climatic conditions. It provides a complete radio transmitting facility with the exception of antenna, power source, channel frequency crystais, keying and phone equipment. The transmitter has been designed to operate at ambient temperatures between -15 deg . and +65 deg . C ( 5 deg . and 149 deg. F) and in a relative humidity up to 95 percent.
b. The equipment is capable of continuous operation on CW (A-1 emission) or voice (A-3 emission) with a nominal output of 100 watts for A-1 and 75 watts for A-3, within the frequency range of 2 to 30 mc . The equipment will operate on any frequency in the specified range for which it is tuned. Provisions for connecting an external master oscillator or use of any one of ten crystals have been incorporated to add flexibility to the transmitter. The equipment is designed for operation into an antenna having an RF resistance between 5 and 1800 ohms and a reactance from plus 2000 to minus 2000 ohms. All potentials necessary for the operation of the transmitter are derived within the equipment from a 115 volt, 50 or 60 cycle, single phase ac power source. the transmitter may be operated from a remote location with the use of a standard 6 -wire remote unit. A HEADSET jack is also provided for use with a receiver monitor.
c. EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION. - The transmitter consists of two slidingdrawer type units mounted one above the other in a braced sheet steel cabinet, finished in gray. It occupies a floor space of $21-1 / 2$ inches by $26-7 / 16$ inches with the drawers closed and is $38-3 / 4$ inches high overall. The unit in the bottom of the Cabinet, Electrical Equipment CY-1369/URT-12, is Power Supply PP-950/URT-12. Above the Power Supply is Radio Transmitter T-408/ URT-12, which includes the exciter section and the modulator section. These two sections may be readily separated Each of the units is of drawer-type construction and may be pulled forward to give access for minor servicing and adjustment. Convenient insulated handles are provided on the front panel of each unit. All necessary controls, adjustments and indicators for service operation


Figure 1-2. Radio Transmitter T-408/URT-12
of the equipment are on the front panels of the units. A blower is provided for adequate filtered ventilation and tube cooling. Cables for interconnection of the units are mounted in the cabinet. The necessary power input cables are not supplied. The complete equipment consists of the major units and accessories listed in Table 1-1 and is shown in Figure 1-1. The Radio Transmitter T-408/URT-12 is shown in Figare 1-2 and Power Supply PP-950/URT12 is shown in Figure 1-3.

## 3. DESCRIPTION OF UNITS.

a. RADIO TRANSMITTER T-408/URT-12 (See Figure 1-2).

The Radio Transmitter unit is composed of two sections. The top section contains the shielded ten channel crystal oscillator, the intermediate power amplifier, power amplifier and the antenna matching network. The lower section includes the audio circuits and most of the transmitter control circuits.

Nine available radio frequency bands are selected from the front panel. Provisions are made for connecting an external master oscillator (not supplied) to add versatility to the equipment. The desired output carrier is obtained by selecting the different tuned circuit in each of the rf bands to double and quadruple the fundamental crystal frequency. The antenna matching network is so designed to load the transmitter output into antennas of varied characteristic. The antenna matching controls and tuning meters are clearly marked with their respective function on the front panel. Dial locks are provided for all tuning dial controls. This complete unit is ventilated with an exhaust type blower located on the top center of this section.

The lower section of the Radio Transmitter contains the audio and control circuits. The audio circuit includes a low and high frequency conpensator network to provide a flat audio response from 200 to 2500 cycles. The audio output is fed to a pair of $4-65 \mathrm{~A}$ balanced modulators operating in push-pull. The network includes a limiter circuit to clip the peak of high level audio to prevent over-modulation and allow a high average modulation level. The a mount of modulator cathode current, when operating on voice transmission, is indicated on the front panel MOD. CATHODE meter. A front panel control is provided to permit resetting the modulator and power amplifier overload relays, which act in event of electrical overloads, to protect component parts in the equipment.

Facilities are incorporated for automatic or manual keying. A head phone jack is provided for monitoring communication and operates in conjunction with a volume level control to adjust the output to the operators headphone. Phone operation includes a MOD. GAIN control to compensate for background noise and speakers voice level.

Insulated handles located on the front panel are used to withdraw the unit from the cabinet, on drawer slides, to a stop position for servicing. The two sections of this unit may be separated to permit servicing of each section individually or together. Two test cables are provided for this purpose.


Figure 1-3. Power Supply PP - 950/URT-12
b. POWER SUPPLY PP-950/URT-12 (See Figure 1-3).

The Power Supply, located at the bottom of the cabinet, contains the high and low voltage plate rectifier and the main power input circuit. The EMERGENCY-LINE switch on the front panel acts as the main power switch, controlling application of all power to the equipment. Line fuses and rectifier fuses are all clearly marked with their associated circuits on the front panel. Spare fuses are found in the SPARE FUSES compartment. The high voltage rectifier, used to supply filtered 1500 volts dc to the PA and modulator tube plates, is a two-tube full-wave type and is provided with a two section filter. When the power supply is withdrawn to the service position on drawer slides, the ac power for the plate rectifiers is removed and the dc side of the HV rectifier is grounded to protect personnel. This unit includes a BATTLE SHORT switch for use when interlocks are incapacitated by shock due to gunfire or other cause.
c. CABINET, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT (See Figure 1-1).

The sheet steel cabinet is reinforced and braced to support the two transmitter sub-units and provides a complete enclosure. Units are held in place by thumbscrews through the front panels and rest on the drawer slides at the sides. All interconnecting cables are installed in the cabinet and are provided with plug terminations. Power input and remote control terminal boards at the lower rear side of the cabinet may be connected to external cables through a covered access hole at the back of the cabinet. An air filter is located at the bottom of the cabinet and can be removed for cleaning. The cabinet is provided with four shock and vibration mounts at the bottom. These are attached to two horizontal plates for ease of mounting to the operating room table. Two snubber brackets are provided at the top rear for attachment of the equipment to a vertical bulkhead as additional support for the equipment.

## 4. REFERENCE DATA

a. NOMENCLATURE. Radio Transmitting Set AN/URT-12
b. CONTRACT DATA. Contract No. Tcg-38554 dated 25 June 1951 and Contract No. Tcg-39978 dated 24 June 1955.
c. CONTRACTOR. Radiomarine Corporation of America, 75 Varick Street, New York 13, New York
d. COGNIZANT NAVAL INSPECTOR. Inspector of Electronic Material, U. $\bar{S}$. Coast Guard Supply Center, Jersey City, N. J.
e. SHIPPING DATA.
(1) NUMBER OF BOXES. Three.
(2) EQUIPMENT SPARES. Included.
(3) TOTAL CUBICAL CONTENTS.
(a) CRATED - cubic feet
(b) UNCRATED cubic feet

| Quantity Per Equipment | Name of Unit | Designation | Ove rall Dimensions |  |  | Volume | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Height | Width | Depth |  |  |
| 1 | Radio Transmitting Set consisting of: | AN/URT-12 | 38-3/4 | 21-1/2 | 26-7/16 | 12.7 | 324 |
| 1 | Cabinet, Electrical Equipment | CY-1369/URT-12 | 38-3/4 | 21-1/2 | 24-1/2 | 11.8 | 76 |
| 1 | Power Supply | PP-950/URT-12 | 10-15/16 | 19-5/8 | 20 | 2.5 | 117 |
| 1 | Radio Transmitter | T-408/URT-12 | 24-1/8 | 19-5/8 | 20-1/4 | 5.5 | 131 |
| 2 Boxes | Maintenance Parts Kit (and Spare Tubes) |  |  |  |  |  | 210 |
| 2 Sets | Servicing Diagrams | - | 13-1/2 | 10 |  | - | 1 |
| 2 | Instruction Books | CG-273-30 | 11 | 8-1/2 | 3/8 | . 04 | 4 |
| 1 Set | Test Cable |  |  |  | - | - | 5 |

TABLE 1-2. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { QUAN. } \\ & \text { PER } \\ & \text { EQUIP. } \end{aligned}$ | NAME OF UNIT | TYPE <br> DESIGATION | REQUIRED USE | REQUIRED <br> CHARACTERISTICS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 to 10 (as required) | Crystals | CR-18/U | Channel frequency determination | Within frequency range 2 to 7.5 mc Operating te:nperature $-55 \mathrm{deg} C$ to +90 deg C . |
| 1 | Antenna | --- | RF out put | 5 to 1800 ohms rf resistance, $\pm 2000$ ohms reactance. |
| 1 (when desired) | Remote Control Unit | Sinilar to Navy Type 23423 | Remote control of start-stop, keying and phone transmission. | Standard "6-wire remote". |
| 1 | Remote Control Cables | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MHFA-10, } \\ & \text { MHFA-7, } \\ & \text { TTHFWA-1-1/2 } \\ & \text { or equivalent. } \end{aligned}$ | Connection of Remote Control Unit. | One 10 conduct $r$, one 7 conductor, one 3 conductor twisted. |
| 1 (when desired) | Automatic Keyer | --- | High-speed keying of transmitter. | Up to 100 wpm for A-l emission. |
| 1 | Frequency <br> Meter | --- | Monitoring transmitter output. | Range 2 to 30 mc : loosely coupled to transmitter. |
| 1 | Power Input Cable | DHFA-9 or equivalent | Connection to power source. | Per MIL-C-915A 10 to $50 \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{lg} .$, 2 No. 12 AWG or larger conductors. |
| 1 (when required) | Master Oscillator | --- | Altermative for Crystal Oscillator. | Frequency range 2 to 7.5 mc . Output minimum I volt at 50 ohms impedance. |

(4) TOTAL WEIGHT
(a) CRATED -
(b) UNCRATED -
pounds
pounds
(5) For details see Tables 1-1 and 1-3.

## 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

a. FREQUENCY RANGE. 2 to 30 megacycles. TYPE OF FREQUENCY CONTROL. Crystal with provision for external master oscillator (not supplied).
NUMBER OF CRYSTAL CHANNELS. Ten.
TUNING. Continuously tuning over entire range in nine bands.
b. TYPES OF EMISSION. Continuous wave telegraphy (A-1) or voice modulated (A-3).
AUDIO INPUT -20 db to 0 ( $0 \mathrm{db}=6 \mathrm{mw}$.) into 600 ohm impedance.
AUDIO RESPONSE: 200 to 2500 cycles flat within $\pm 3 \mathrm{db}$ from the 1000 cycle value.
COMPRESSION. Above 70 percent modulation, 10 db increase in input results in less than 3 db change in modulation level.
MODULATION CAPABILITY. 100 percent.
c. KEYING TYPE. On-off (electron tube).

KEYING SPEED: CW. Up to 100 words per minute.
d. CONTROL. Local or remote start-stop, phone and keying, manual or automatic.
REMOTE CONTROL UNIT. Standard 6 wire unit similar to Navy Type23423 (not supplied on this contract).
e. NOMINAL RF OUTPUT.

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { A-l emission----2mc to } 12 \mathrm{mc}--100 \text { watts } \\
12 \mathrm{mc} \text { to } 26 \mathrm{mc}-880 \text { watts } \\
26 \mathrm{mc} \text { to } 30 \mathrm{mc}--60 \text { watts }
\end{array}
$$

A-3 emission--at $95 \%$ modulation, $75 \%$ of A-1 effective power Includes sideband power when modulated.
Power is measured into a 75 ohm dummy antenna.
A NTENNA CHARACTERISTICS. Operates into antenna having rf resistance between 5 and 1800 ohms and reactance of plus 2000 to minus 2000 ohms. SPURIOUS RADIA TION. Minimum of 50 db below 100 percent modulation. HUM LEVEL. Less than $1 \%$ of value equivalent to $100 \%$ modulation.
f. FREQUENCY CONTROL: Crystals

TYPE. CR-18/U
NUMBER REQUIRED. One to ten
FREQUENCY RANGE。 2 to 7.5 megacycles
OPERATING TEMPERATURE. $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. to $+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C} .\left(-67^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$. to $\left.+194^{\circ} \mathrm{F}.\right)$
g. FREQUENCY ACCURACY AND STABILITY. Within $\pm 0.01$ percent of the desired carrier frequency.
h. CONDITIONS OF OPERATION. Continuously operates under any combinātion of the following conditions:
(1) Ambient temperature -15 deg . C ( $5 \mathrm{deg} . \mathrm{F}$ ) to 65 deg . C ( $149 \mathrm{deg} . \mathrm{F}$ ).
(2) Relative Humidity up to 95 percent.
(3) Line voltage within $\pm 10$ percent.
(4) Line frequency within $\pm 5$ percent.

WARM-UP TIME. 30 seconds for plate time delay.
i. POWER SUPPLY DATA. Power supply required -115 volts, 50 or 60 cycles, one phase ac.

| $\quad$LINE <br> TRANSMITTER <br> CONDITIONS | CURRENT <br> AMPS | TOTAL <br> KVA | POWER <br> FACTOR | POWER <br> KW |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standby (Plate switch off) | 1.64 | 0.20 | 0.94 | 0.188 |
| Key Up | 3.13 | 0.40 | 0.90 | 0.36 |
| Key Down (A-1 emission) | 5.9 | 0.78 | 0.87 | 0.68 |
| Key Down (A-3 emission) | 6.8 | 0.85 | 0.92 | 0.78 |

j. HEAT DISSIPATION DATA. Approximately 707 watts.
k, EQUIPMENT DATA. Tables $1-1$ to $1-4$ include pertinent data regarding the material supplied, shipping data and the vacuum tubes required for this equipment.

TABLE 1-3. SHIPPING DATA

| SHIPPINGBOX NO. | CONTENTS |  | OVERALL DIM. |  |  | Volume | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NAME OF UNIT | DESIGNA TION | Height | Width | Depth |  |  |
| 1 | Radio Transmitting Set. Includes 2 Instruction Books and Test Cables, less Crystals. | AN/URT-12 | 45 | 25 | 30 | 19.0 | 590 |
| 2 | Maintenance Parts Kit. |  | 30 | 23 | 30 | 12.0 | 270 |
| 3 | Maintenance Parts (Tubes) |  | 15 | 10 | 15 | 1.3 | 125 |

TABLE 1-4. VACUUM TUBE COMPLEMENT

| SYMBOL DESIGNATION | TUBE TYPE | FUNCTION | QUANTITY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POWER SUPPLY PP-950/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| V201 | 5R4WGY | Low Voltage Rectifier | 1 |
| V202 | 5R4WGY | Low Voltage Rectifier | 1 |
| V203 | 3B28 | High Voltage Rectifier | 1 |
| V204 | 3B28 | High Voltage Rectifier | 1 |
| RADIO TRANSMITTER T-408/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| V301 | $12 \mathrm{AX7}$ | Limiter | 1 |
| V302 | $12 \mathrm{AT7}$ | Audio Compensator | 1 |
| V303 | $12 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{X7}$ | Audio Amplifier and Phase Inverter | 1 |
| V304 | $12 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{X7}$ | Audio Driver | 1 |
| V305 | 4-65A | Modulator | 1 |
| V306 | 4-65A | Modulator | 1 |
| V401 | 12A T7 | Oscillator Amplifier | 1 |
| V402 | 6005/6AQ5W | R. F. Amplifier | 1 |
| V403 | 6005/6AQ5W | Amplifier Multiplier | 1 |
| V404 | 807 | Amplifier Multiplier | 1 |
| V405 | 6BG6G | Keying Tube | 1 |
| V406 | 6005/6AQ5W | Screen Grid Clamper | 1 |
| V407 | 4-65A | Power Amplifier | 1 |
| V408 | 4-65A | Power Amplifier | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 7ype } \\ & \text { 5月4 } 4 \mathrm{w} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 31528 |  |  |  |
| 所AX? |  |  |  |
| 12 AT? |  |  |  |
| $4-65 A$ |  |  |  |
| 807 |  |  |  |
| 6005 |  |  |  |
| CEECE |  |  |  |

## SECTION 2

## THEORY OF OPERATION

## 1. GENERAL

a. INTRODUCTION. - This section contains a detailed description of the electrical theory of operation and mechanical functioning of the entire equipment. After a discussion of the general functions of the component units, detailed circuit analysis and mechanical operation of the radio frequency, audio frequency, power, control, and measuring circuits is given. Circuits will be described in a logical functional order rather than with regard to physical location in the equipment. Figure 2-1 shows in block form the basi c circuitry of the complete transmitter. The complete schematic diagram is Figure 7-
b. RADIO FREQUENCY CIRCUITS. - Referring to Figure 2-1, the basic fre--quency determining circuit is the ten-channel crystal oscillator (one-half of V401). CRYSTAL SWITCH S401 provides selection of any one of the ten crystals or use of an external master oscillator (not supplied). The other half of V401 acts as an rf amplifier and maintains minimum loading on the oscillator. The signal from V401 passes through rf amplifier V402 which also provides buffer action. The next two stages amplifier-multiplier V403 and IPA amplifier-multiplier V404 provide additional amplification to drive the power amplifier. For carrier frequencies above 7.5 mc , V403 doubles the signal frequency and, for frequencies above 15 mc , V404 also doubles the signal frequency. The two power amplifiers V407 and V408 are fed in parallel and operate at the carrier frequency. A clamper tube, V406, maintains the power amplifier screen voltage at the desired value when the transmitter is keyed. The plate circuit of the power amplifier is tuned by a network of inductors and capacitors to cover the entire range of 2 to 30 mc . Output from the PA is fed into a tuning and matching network having a combination of tapped inductance and a variable capacitor to resonate with any antenna having characteristics of rf resistance between 5 and 1800 ohms with reactance between minus 2000 to plus 2000 ohms.
c. AUDIO CIRCUITS. - Energy from the microphone is fed through microphone transformer T301 to LIMITER switch S301. With this switch in the IN position the signal is fed to the grid of audio amplifier V301 which acts as a limiter to cut off peaks of modulation. Adjustment of thelimiting action of this tube allows for a high average level of modulation without overmodulation. With LIMITER switch in the OUT position V301 is bypassed. The limited signal from V301 or the bypassed signal is then fed through a high and low frequency compen-
sating ampli fier. First, the complete signal is fed to the low frequency compensating network and then to one-half of a type 12AT7 dual triode, V302, where it is amplified. This amplified signal is then applied to the high frequency compensating network and on to V302B where it is further amplified. By this means the frequencies below 200 cps and above 2500 cps are sharply cut off while the frequencies between 200 and 2500 cps produce an output response which is flat within $\pm 3 \mathrm{db}$. The corrected audio signal is fed into phase inverter tube, V303, which inverts the phase of one-half of the signal to produce a push-pull signal for application to pushpull driver amplifier V304. The push-pull driver output feeds the two modulator tubes (V305 and V306) and the modulator output is combined in modulation transformer T302. Output of the modulation transformer is used to modulate both the screen grid of the IPA tube V403 and the plates of the power amplifiers, V407 and V408.
d. KEYING CIRCUIT. - The keying circuit is a combination of electronic keying with a series of relays used to provide delay in part of the keying circuit. For manual (low-speed) keying, the telegraph key or TEST KEY S302 grounds the grid of the keyer tube V 405 which allows IPA tube V404 to pass signals. Within a short time interval the series of relays keys the grids of the amplifier half of V401 and of rf amplifier V402, thus keying the carrier on. For higher speed keying, the delay in the relay circuits results in V401 and V402 remaining in the keyed condition long enough to bridge the "key off" time. Thus, at high keying speeds only the IPA tube is keyed.
e. POWER CIRCUITS. - The power supply system of the transmitter includes two filament transformers, one supplying the tubes in the transmitter unit and the other the Power Supply rectifiers, two rectifier power supplies located in the Power Supply unit and one in the transmitter unit. The 115 v ., 50 to 60 cps , single phase source feeds the transformer primaries through appropriate switches, relays and fuses. High voltage dc ( 1500 v ) for the modulator and power amplifiers is supplied from H.V. rectifier tubes V203 and V204 in a full-wave center-tapped circuit fed from plate transformer T203. Low voltage dc ( 550 v ) for plates, screens and for bias voltage is supplied by L. V. rectifier tubes V201 and V202 in a fullwave center-tapped circuit fed from L. V. plate transformer T201. Microphone voltage and 12 v dc for some of the control relays is supplied by metallic (selenium) rectifier CR302 with saturable reactor L302 fed from rectifier transformer T303 in the transmitter unit

## 2. RADIO FREQUE NCY CIRCUITS

The radio frequency circuits of the transmitter are shown in simplified form in Figure 2-2 and in complete form in Figure 7- $\qquad$ .
a. RF OSCILLATOR. - The basic frequency determining circuit is an untuned ten-channel crystal oscillator V401, a type 12AT7 dual triode located in the Radio Transmitter T-408/URT-12. An input jack J403 which is connected to CRYSTAL SW. S401 in position eleven provides for use of an external master oscillator. RF is generated in the oscillator section of V401 at the crystal frequency, then amplified in the other half section of the sametube. The oscillator uses the crystal



Figure 2-1. Radio Transmitting


Figure 2-1. Radio Transmitting Set AN/URT - 12, Block Diagram
connected between grid and cathode of V401. The quartz crystal may be at any frequency between $2,000 \mathrm{kc}$ and $7,500 \mathrm{kc}$. To obtain output frequencies above $7,500 \mathrm{kc}$, it is necessary to double in the following amplifier-multipliers.
b. AMPLIFIER-MULTIPLIERS. - Output from oscillator-amplifier V401 is fed to the grid of rf amplifier V402, a type $6005 / 6 \mathrm{AQ} 5 \mathrm{~W}$ pentode, which operates as a conventional rf amplifier and buffer. The grid of this tube is keyed as explained in paragraph 4. Plate circuit of V402 is untuned and the rf signal is fed through coupling capacitor C419 to the grid of amplifier-multiplier V403. The carrier frequency band is selected by BAND SWITCH S402 (Refer to Table 2-1). When operating in bands 1,2,3 and 4 the input fundamental frequency is fed through coupling capacitor C419 to V403, a type 6005/6AQ5W, which operates as a conventional untuned rf amplifier, and then to IPA amplifier-multiplier V404, a type 807 beam pentode, whose plate circuit is tuned to the fundamental frequency of the input. IPA tuning capacitor C430 is arranged to tune with either plate coil L413 or L414 to any frequency in band $1,2,3$ or 4 depending on the position of the BAND SWITCH. When operating in bands 5 and 6 the select ed plate tank circuit of V403 is tuned to the second harmonic of the input frequency by capacitor $C 422$, ganged with IPA tuning capacitor C430, which multiplies the fundamental frequency by two. This multiplied signal is then applied to V404 which has its plate circuit, consisting of L411 or L412 and C430, tuned to the same frequency. This method of operation is used for output frequencies between $7,500 \mathrm{kc}$ and $15,000 \mathrm{kc}$. When operating in bands 7, 8, and 9 both tubes V403 and V404 perform multiplication functions, using the appropriate coils, as selected, and capacitors C422 and C430 to yield output frequencies between $15,000 \mathrm{kc}$ and $30,000 \mathrm{kc}$.
c. POWER AMPLIFIERS. - The Power Amplifier, consisting of tubes V407 and $\overline{V 408}$, type $4-65 A$ tetrodes operated in parallel, is a conventional plate tuned class $C$ amplifier. The tuned.rf signal, at the desired output frequency, is fed from the plate of V404 through coupling capacitor C434 to the control grids of the PA. A portion of this rf energy is applied to the grid of V406, which operates as a screen-grid clamper to V407 and V408. When rf energy is applied to the grid of V406, the grid goes more negative which decreases the plate current through resistors R447 and R449, thereby increasing the PA screen voltage, and prevents excessive current in the screen when rf energy is applied to the power amplifiers. The plate tank for the power amplifier is connected to the plates through dc blocking capacitor C451. The tank circuit is parallel tuned and rf energy is coupled into the antenna circuit through differential-type capacitor C456 comected at the ground end of the tank coil for bands 1 through 7 and through a link coil coupled to the small HF tank coil L423 for bands 8 and 9 . The BA ND SWITCH, S402-S404, selects appropriatetaps on plate tank coils L421, and ${ }^{2}$, L422 for bands 1 through 7 and on tank coil L423 for bands 8 and 9. Appropriate sections of PA tuning capacitors C452 and C455 are also selected by the BAND SWITCH. The simplified schematic, Figure 2-2, shows the connections for both LF and HF arrangements of the tank circuit. Plate voltage is supplied from the 1500 volt rectifier in the Power Supply unit. Plate voltage is fed through the
TABLE 2-1. TRANSMITTER HARMONIC MULTIPLICATION

| OUTPUT FRE ${ }^{\circ}$ $\text { IN }\left(\mathrm{Mc}_{\mathrm{c}}\right)$ | BANDS | CRYSTAL FREQ. IN (Mc) | $\begin{gathered} \text { V4O3 } \\ \text { AMP-MULT } \end{gathered}$ |  | TUNED CIRCUIT FOR V4O3 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{4} \mathrm{OO}_{4} \\ \mathrm{AMP}-\mathrm{MULT} \end{gathered}$ |  | TUNED CIROIT FOR V4O4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-3 | 1 | 2-3 | Fund | Untuned | L429 | Fund | Tuned | 1474 |
| 3-4 | 2 | 3-4 | Fund | Untuned | L429 | Fund | Tuned | $\mathrm{L}_{4} 14$ |
| 4-5.5 | 3 | 4-5.5 | Fund | Untuned | L429 | Fund | Tuned | L413 |
| 5.5-7.5 | 4 | 5.5-7.5 | Fund | Untuned | L429 | Fund | Tuned | L413 |
| 7.5-10 | 5 | 3.75-5 | 2nd Harmonic |  | $L_{407} \& C_{4} 66$ | 2nd Harmonic |  | $\mathrm{L}_{412} \mathrm{C}_{423}$ |
| 10-15 | 6 | 5-7.5 | 2nd Harmonic |  | L406 \& C468 | 2nd Harmonic |  | $14217{ }_{4}$ |
| 15-20 | 7 | 3.75-5 | 2nd Harmonic |  | 1407 \& C466 | 4th ${ }^{\text {H }}$ | armonic | L470 |
| 20-26 | 8 | 5-6.5 | 2nd Harmonic |  | L408 \& C467 | 4 th H | armonic | L410 |
| 26-30 | 9 | 6.5-7.5 | 2nd Harmonic |  | L406 \& C468, | 4 th H | armonic | L410) |

NOTE: Tuned circuits are used to obtain harmonics





Figure 2-2. Simplified Radio and Audio Frequency Circuits

EMISSION switch S303A and plate decoupling resistor R466. Depending on the position of BAND SWITCH S402 and the operating frequency, plate power is then fed through a combination of plate chokes L419, L420 and/or L431. On A-3 emission, a small amount of audio voltage is fed back to the screen grid of IPA stage V404 to aid the PA in providing high percentage modulation when the power amplifier is plate modulated.
d. ANTENNA MATCHING NETWORK. - The antenna matching network consists of the following elements: COUPLING capacitor C456, ANTENNA TAP selector S406, ANTENNA RANGE selector S405, ANTENNA TUNING capacitor C457 and ANTENNA VERNIER coil L428. These controls are all marked on the front panel of the Radio Transmitter. COUPLING control C456 is a differentialtype capacitor, which adjusts the amount of rf energy that is coupled between the Power Amplifier and the antenna, while maintaining a constant capacitance in the tuned tank circuit. ANTENNA RANGE switch . S405 acts as a coarse coupling control by selecting the necessary coil taps on L425, L426 and/or L427. It is used in matching the output of the PA to the antenna. The amount of rf energy selected depends upon the output frequency and the characteristics of the antenna. The ANTENNA TAP switch together with the ANTENNA TUNING capacitor acts as a fine matching control, once the approximate match has been established with the ANTENNA RANGE switch.
(1) High Capacitive Antenna. - When loading the output of the transmitter into a highly capacitive antenna, the ANTENNA TUNING capacitor C457 is switched out of the circuit by the SERIES A position of the ANTENNA TAP switch. The ANTENNA RANGE switch is used to select different portions of the antenna loading coils L425, L426, and L427 while tuning with the ANTENNA VERNIER to match and load the rf output into the antenna. Rf coil 4430 , as indicated inFigure 2-2, is placed in parallel with the unused portion of $L 428$ to limit high circulating currents which could cause damage to the ANTENNA VERNIER coil.
(2) High Inductive Antenna. - When loading the output into a highly inductive antenna, the ANTENNA TAP selects the SERIES B position which places the ANTENNA TUNING capacitor C457 in parallel with the antenna loading coils, L425, L426 and L427. In this case, the ANTENNA VERNIER is used in series with the antenna, the amount of coil used is dependent upon the inductive nature of the antenna. Once the approximate match has been established with the ANTENNA RANGE switch, the ANTENNA TUNING capacitor and the ANTENNA VERNIER coil are used to match and load the transmitter output to the antenna.
(3) Normal Antenna. - The numbered positions of the ANTENNA TAP switch are used when matchi ng an antenna which is neither highly capacitive nor highly inductive. Different portions of the antenna load coil are selected with the ANTENNA TAP switch, depending on the output operating frequency. ANTENNA TUNING capacitor C457 is used together with L428, the ANTENNA VERNIER, for loading and matching the output to the antenna system used,for all frequencies from 2 mc to 30 mc . When a tuned condition is reached, with any of the above mentioned antennas, the COUPLING control or the ANTENNA VERNIER is used to render the final fine adjustment necessary for maximum output efficiency.

## 3. AUDIO CIRCUITS

The audio circuits for voice modulation are shown in simplified form in Figure 2-2 and in complete form on drawing J-132. With the LOCAL-REMOTE switch S202 in the LOCAL position the input microphone is connected to MIKE jack J303, which feeds audio energy to microphone transformer T301. A portion of this signal is tapped off the primary and applied to HEADSET jack J302 through a side-tone adjust resistor R301, to provide voice monitoring at the transmitter. The front panel MOD. GAIN control R303 adjusts the level of audio modulation. The audio signal is taken from R303 and fed to the LIMITER switch S301. When S301 is in the IN position, the audio signal is applied to the grid of the limiter tube V301, which cuts off the peaks of high level audio to prevent over-modulation and allows a high average modulation level. With the LIMITER switch in the OUT position V301 is bypassed. The amount of compression obtained depends on the setting of the limiter adjust control R323. At approximately $70 \%$ modulation, a 10 db increase in input will result in less than 3 db change in modulation level. The limiter signal or the bypassed signal is then fed first to a low frequency compensating network which includes one-half of V302, a type 12AT7 dual triode and its associated network. Here the complete audio signal is amplified and applied to the HF compensating network. The composite signal is further amplified in V302B. By this means the frequencies below 200 cps and above 2500 cps are sharply cut off while the frequencies between 200 and 2500 cps produce an output response which is flat within $\pm 3 \mathrm{db}$ from the 1000 cps value. Potentiometer R388 is used to adjust the high frequency roll-off which is connected between the plate of V302A and the grid input of H. F. compensator V302B. The low frequency adjustments are made with potentiometer R389 which is connected between the plate circuit of V302B and the grid input of the phase inverter amplifier V303A. To balance the audio compensated signal to V303, first adjust R389, the low frequency potentiometer, for the proper input level. Then adjust R388 to yield the correct balance level. This balanced signal is now applied to the grid of V303A. A portion of the output is fed back to V303B and is phase inverted before it is passed on to V304, a conventional class A amplifier operated push-pull. The signal is then amplified to drive modulator tubes V305 and V306, type 4-65A tetrodes. The modulators, both operating at class AB1, are connected in push-pull. The circuit is conventional with the grid supplied by the balanced output of V304 and +1500 v dc plate voltage is supplied from the high voltage rectifier through the primary of modulation transfiformer T302. Screen voltage for the modulators is obtained from the 550 volt rectifier through the modulator screen balancing potentiometer R365, to feed an equal amount of voltage to each of the modulator screens, thereby assuring perfect symmetry and balanced output. The audio output is now fed from the modulator transformer T302, tap number 7 to the screen grid of the IPA and from tap number 6 to the plate of the PA. In this manner, the PA grid is modulated to aid the effectiveness of plate modulation employed in this transmitter.





Figure 2-3. Keying Circuit

## 4. KEYING CIRCUITS,

The electronic keying circuit includes a keying tube V405, a type 6BG6G pentode, and a series of three relays: keying relay K401, circuit change-over and keying indicator relay K302 and antenna transfer relay K402. Keying is ordinarily performed by removing cut-off bias from the grids of IPA amplifiermultiplier V404, amplifier V402 and the amplifier section of oscillator-amplifier V401. In the case of high speed keying, a delay circuit maintains V401 and V402 in the conducting condition during the short "key-off" time and only the IPA amplifier-multiplier V404 is keyed.
a. Referring to Figure 2-3: for CW operation (A-1) either a telegraph key inserted into KEY jack J301 or TEST KEY S302 is closed, placing a ground, through the " A " contact of keying relay K401, on the coil of antenna transfer relay K 402 which is thus energized from the -150 v dc bias connection. This relay, when closed, places the key ground on the coil of circuit change-over and keying indicator relay K302, thus energizing that relay from the -150 v dc connection. When K302 closes the CARRIER ON light I301 is energized and the key ground, through contact " $A$ " of K302 and band switch interlocks S406D, S405C and S402D, is placed on the grid circuits of keying tube V405 and IPA am-plifier-multiplier V404. This grounding of the grids reduces their bias voltage below cut-off and allows them to draw plate current. Plate voltage for V405 is furnished from the LV power supply through a network of resistors including
Drive Control potentiometer R437, which adjusts the IPA screen voltage. In the "key-up" condition, the coil of keying relay K401, which is in the screen circuit of V405, is supplied voltage just insufficient to close it. When keyed, V405 draws plate current and its screen current rises sufficiently to close K401。 When plate current flows, the internal resistance between plate and cathode of V405 becomes low, effectively grounding the cathode of the IPA tube V404: thus allowing V404 to amplify the rf signal.
b. Closing the key circuit also places a ground,through contact "A" of keying relay K401 in the open position, on the grid circuits of the amplifier section of oscillator-amplifier V401 and amplifier V402, thus raising the grid voltage of these two tubes above cut-off. V401 and V402 are now in a conducting condition and will amplify the rf signal. When the keying reay closes, as expianed in paragraph a., the ground on these tube grids is through the arm of contact "A", make-before-break type, and no longer depends on the position of the key as long as K401 remains closed.
c. When the key circuit is opened, the ground on the grids of keying tube V405 and IPA amplifier-multiplier V404 through the " A " contact of K302 is removed. This places the grids of these tubes at a voltage well beyond cut-off, V405 becomes non-conducting raising V404 cathode voltage and thus effectively keying V404 off. When the keying tube is cut off, the voltage across keying relay K401 tends to drop, which would deenergize that relay, which would, in turn, remove ground to deenergize relays K402 and K302 and also cut off tubes V401 and V402. However, a time delay circuit in connection with keying relay

K401 is used to hold this relay, and consequently K402 and K302 also, closed af ter normal energy is removed from the relay coil. This means that the first closing of the key removes cut-off bias from V401, V402 and V404 in the rf portion of the transmitter but after the key is closed once, only the IPA tube V404 is keyed when the delay circuit is used.
d. The time delay circuit which holds K401 closed is, of course, used only for A-1 emission. The circuit is of the capacitor charge-discharge type. With K401 energized, capacitors C337 and C338 are charged up to a potential the same as that of the plate end of the K401 coil. When the key is lifted the voltage across K 401 coil decreases and the capacitors partially discharge through the EMISSION switch S303B, the polarized discharge network (resistors R435 and R436 with diode rectifiers CR401 and CR402), and the K401 contact " B " and coil. Keying Time Delay control R369, connected in a resistor network across the discharge circuit of C338, is used to adjust the amount of time delay over a wide range. For "break-in" keying, the time delay is adjusted to just bridge the space between code characters. For high-speed or teletypewriter operation the time delay should be adjusted to bridge the blank keying pulses.
e. When using voice transmission (A-3) the keying "on" of the carrier is done by the microphone switch (push-to-talk) through MIKE jack J303. EMISSION switch S303B in the (A-3) position disconnects the time delay circuit from keying relay K401.
f. For remote operation, the remote microphone or telegraph key, through the LOCAL-REMOTE switch S203 in the REMOTE position, grounds the key line in the same manner as the local key.


Figure 2-4. Power Distribution Circuit

## 5. POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITS

a. The equipment operates from a $115 \mathrm{v}, 50$ to 60 cycles, single phase, ac powe $\bar{r}$ source and contains its own internal power supply system. Power is fed into the equipment at terminals 23 and 24 of terminal board TB102 and then through line fuses F206 and F207 to the EMERGENCY -LINE switch S205. With S205 in the ON position, power is connected to the four branch circuits; the filament supply, the control circuit, the low voltage plate supply and the high voltage plate supply. A fused (F208) 115 v utility 1 ine is brought out to terminals 18 and 19 of TB102.
b. FILAMENT SUPPLY. - This circuit is energized when the START button is pressed and start-stop relay K204 closes to connect the main and rectifier filament transformers, the 12 v power supply and the blower. Rectifier filament transformer T202, with its primary fused by F203, has two centertapped secondaries; one supplies the $\mathrm{H} . \mathrm{V}$. rectifier tube filaments V203 and V204, the other supplies the L. V. rectifier tube filaments V201 and V202. The remaining equipment in this circuit is fed through main filament supply fuse F201. This includes blower B401, main filament transformer T304 and the 12 v power supply, all located in the transmitter unit. Main filament transformer T304 has two center-tapped secondaries to supply PA tube filaments V407 and V408, and modulator tube filaments V305 and V306, and one secondary to supply filaments of all remaining tubes in the transmitter. The 12 v supply is rated at between $9-1 / 2$ and 15 volts at continuous load of 900 ma or intermittent load from 0 to 1.45 amps . This includes a 0.250 amp . lamp load in the transmitter unit (the CARRIER ON lamp). In order to obtain the required voltage regulation, saturable reactor L302 is used in connection with 12 v rectifier transformer T303 to energize the selenium rectifier CR302, which is of the full-wave bridge type.
c. LOW VOLTAGE RECTIFIER. - The low voltage rectifier, used to supply plate and screen voltage for the lower-stage tubes and bias for all tubes, is rated at 0.250 amperes at 550 volts. L. V. rectifier transformer T201, energized through fuse F204 when L. V. plate contactor K202 is closed, feeds two rectifier tubes V201 and V202, type 5R4WGY, with the plates paralleled in a fullwave center-tapped rectifier circuit. The rectified dc is filtered in a two section choke input filter consisting of filter chokes L201 and L202 and capacitors C201, C202 and C203.
d. HIGH VOLTAGE RECTIFIER. - The high voltage rectifier, used to supply plate power to the PA and modulator tubes, is rated at 1500 volts, 0.250 amperes, dc. H.V. rectifier transformer T203 primary is fed through H. V. plate contactor K201 in the closed position, fuse F202 and theADJUST-TUNE-OPERATE switch S201 in the TUNE or OPERATE position. When in the TUNE position S201 inserts resistors R204 and R205 in series with the primary of T203, reducing the voltage applied to the PA tubeplates during the transmitter tuning process. The center-tapped secondary of T203 feeds the full-wave rectifier consisting of tubes V203 and V204, type 3B28 half-wave rectifiers. A two section choke-input filter
consisting of filter chokes L203 and L204 and capacitors C205 and C206 is used. Bleeder resistors R206, R207 and R208 in seriesacross the dc output provide protection against charged filter capacitors and improve the regulation of the rectifier.

## 6. CONTROL CIRCUITS

The control circuits include those for application of power, protection of personnel and equipment, and provision for remote operation, as shown in simplified form in Figure 2-5 and complete in Drawing J-132.
a. POWER CONTROL. - Referring to Figure 2-5, the application of all power to the transmitter is by the EMERGENCY-LINE switch S205 which connects the 115 v ac line to START-STOP switch S207 and Start-Stop relay K204. Application of plate power places the start-stop circuit in readiness. Pressing START button S 207 momentarily energized the Start-Stop relay K204 which operates, and then stays energized over one of its closed contacts. Pressing the STOP button S207 momentarily, shorts the relay K204, dropping it open where it remains until the START button is again pressed. When relay K204 closes, 115 volts power is brought to the PLATE switch S206, after time delay relay K203 has been energized, its motor starts and, at the end of the delay time, 30 seconds or more, the relay closes its contacts. Placing the PLATE switch in the ON position will complete the ac voltage path to the high and low voltage plate contactor, providing that bias failure relay K301, Plate overload relay K304, Modulator overload relay K303, and all interlock switches are closed. The conditions and operation of this protective circuit are discussed in paragraph b. below. With high voltage plate contactor K201 closed, the H.V. rectifier is energized when the ADJUST-TUNE-OPERATE switch S201 is in either the TUNE or OPERATE position.
b. PROTECTION. - The equipment is provided with protective devices and circuits to prevent damage to equipment or injury to personnel due to shorts, overload or coming in contact with dangerous high voltage. The circuits are shown in Figures 2-5 and 7- $\qquad$ , and are listed below:
(1) Fusing. - Primaries of transformers are fused to protect against shorts or overload. The control circuit supply is also fused.
(2) Time Delay. - Time delay relay K203 prevents application of plate power until the tube filaments have had time to warm up. The delay time is adjustable up to 60 seconds but should not be less than 30 seconds.
(3) Bias Failure. - Bias failure relay K301, energized by the bias supply, prevents application of power when bias is not present at the tube grids and removes plate power if the bias supply should fail.
(4) Plate Overload. - Plate overload relay K304 removes plate power if the PA or modulator tubes are overloaded. The operating coil of K304 is in the ground lead of the high voltage rectifier and is shunted by resistor R384 and potentiometer R385 allowing adjustments of the relay operating point.


Figure 2-5. Control and Protection circuits
(5) Modulator Overload. - Modulator overload relay K303 operates in the same manner as the above mentioned plate overload relay. The operating coil of K303 is in the ground lead of the high voltage rectifier and is shunted by resistors R381, R382 and potentiometer R380 allowing adjustments of the relay operating point. An O.L. RESET switch S204, is located on the front panel of the Radio Transmitter T-408/URT-12 to energize the reset coils on both the plate and modulator overload relays. To reset the overload relays after operation, reset coil K303A and K304B are energized by manually closing the O.L. RESET switch, which connects the reset coil to the 12 volt dc supply.
(6) Interlocks. - Application of plate power when one of the units is open is prevented by the cabinet interlocks S101 and S102. These are sensi-tive-type switches mount ed on the left front of the cabinet so that they are closed only when the front panels are in place. These interlocks are connected in series with the coil of the plate power contactor K201 and K202 and all must be closed before K204 can be energized. The BATTLESHORT switch S204 may be placed in the ON position to short out the interlocks in case of erratic operation or failure of the interlock switches due to excessive shock such as from gunfire. Connections for an external voltmeter for use at checking the interlock circuit is provided at terminals 1 and 2 on terminal board TB201.
(7) HV Shorting Switches. - A spring-return push switch is provided to ground the high side of the HV and LV rectifier outputs as additional protection when the unit is withdrawn from the cabinet. Switch S203 in the Power Supply will ground the 1500 and 550 v de supply. When seperating the upper section of the Radio Transmitter unit,HV power is interrupted through the use of two "banana type" connectors. The 1500 v dc supply going to the plates of the modulator is controlled by the connection of J402 to J305. The 1500 v dc supply going to the PA plates is, in the same manner, connected by J405 to J307.
c. PROVISION FOR REMOTE OPERATION. - When remote operation of start- stop control of the transmitter is desired, a standard "six-wire remote control unit" similar to Navy type 23211 is connected to terminal board TB101. Terminals 1 and 2 are for the start function, terminals 2 and 3 for the stop function and terminal 4 is for a power-on indicator at the remote location. With the LOCAL-REMOTE switch S202 in the REMOTE position, the remote start and stop buttons are in parallel with the START and STOP buttons in the transmitter and operate start relay K203 in the same manner. The remote power-on indicator is energized over a closed contact of K204. In order to use remote control of stop-start it is necessary to tune the transmitter and then place the EMERGENCY-LINE and PLATE switches in ON position and place the ADJUST-TUNE-OPERATE switch in the OPERATE position to set up for automatic start.

## 7. MEASUREMENT AND INDICATION CIRCUITS

The various circuits for measurement of current, indication of operating functions and monitoring the transmitter are shown in the schematic

Figure 7-
a. MEASUREMENT OF CURRENT. - Three panel-mounted meters are provided and provision for connection of a fourth meter for test purposes is made.
(1) PA Cathode Current. - P.A. CATHODE milliammeter M302 is connected in the center-tap return circuit of the PA secondary of main filament transformer T304 between the overload relay and ground. It reads total dc space current for the two PA tubes and is used in tuning the power amplifier and matching the antenna.
(2) PA Grid Current. - P.A. GRID milliammeter M301 measures the dc current in the PA grid circuit which is a measure of the rf drive on the power amplifier. It is connected in the negative side of the bias supply resistor network which includes R444, R376 and R443.
(3) Modulator Cathode Current. - MOD. CATHODE milliammeter M303 measures the total dc space current of the modulator tubes and is used to ascertain that the modulators are operating properly with the transmitter on A-3 emission. It is connected in the center-tap return of the modulator secondary of main filament transformer T304 between the coil of modulator overload relay K302 and ground.
(4) IPA Cathode Current. - For use in case of trouble shooting or tuning difficulty, a meter link between terminals 1 and 2 of TB402 in the cathode circuit of the IPA amplifier-multiplier V404 can be removed and a $0-100 \mathrm{ma}$ dc milliammeter inserted to read IPA cathode current.
(5) Interlock Test. - A $0-150 \mathrm{v}$ ac meter may be connected to terminals 1 and 2 of TB201 to check the interlock circuit as explained in Section 7, paragraph $\qquad$ .
b. INDICATION CIRCUITS. - The completion of operating functions is indicated by lamps on the front panel of the equi pment as follows:
(1) FILAMENT ON indicator I202 (white) - indicates when filaments are energized and is connected across the untapped 6.3 v secondary of main filament transformer T304.
(2) PLATE ON indicator I201 (red) - indicates when low voltage rectifier is energized and is connected in series with a closed contact of LV plate contactor K302 and energized from the 6.3 v untapped secondary of main filament transformer T304.
(3) BATTLESHORT ON indicator I203 (clear) - indicates when the BATTLESHORT switch is in the ON position, shorting out the interlocks. This neon lamp is connected in series with one pole of BATTLESHORT switch S204 and limiting resistor R209 across the 115 V supply.
(4) CARRIER ON indicator I301 (green) - indicates when the transmitter is keyed. At slow keying speeds the light follows the keying. At higher speeds the light stays on during ${ }^{*}$ key-up *ime. It is connected in series with resistor R313 and a contact of key circuit-change relay K302 in the keyed position, across the 12 v power supply.

All fuses are on the front panel of the Power Supply unit and are of the small indicating-pin (red) type.
c. MONITORING THE TRANSMITTER. - No special provisions have been made for frequency monitoring this transmitter. Frequency measuring equipment may be loosely coupled to the antenna lead-in to pick up a sample of the signal. A receiver to be used for "break-in" operation only can be connected at jack J406. For listening purposes, however, no connection need be made to the transmitter. For monitoring the audio signal, a headset may be plugged into HEADSET jack J302 on the front panel. The connection for the headset and use of the SIDETONE-ADJUST control are covered in paragraph 3 above.


Figure 3-1. Unpacking Procedure

## SECTION 3

INSTALLATION

## 1. UNPACKING

a. GENERAL. - The entire equipment is packed in a wooden box. Equipment spare parts are packed in a metal spare parts box and a carton of tubes. Care should be exercised in opening the packing cases and removing packing materials. The use of hammers or pry-bars should be avoided, as their use may damage the equipment.
b. UNCRATING THE TRANSMITTER. - The procedure to be used in unpacking Radio Transmitting Set AN/URT-12 is shown in Figure 3-1. The equipment packing case is marked with a list of the material contained therein. Items should be checked against this list or against the contractor's shipping list included with the Instruction Book in an envelope attached to the equipment.

## 2. WITHDRAWAL OF UNITS FROM THE CABINET.

a. The Power Supply and Radio Transmitter units slide in and out of the cabinet for inspection and servicing. To withdraw any one of the units from the cabinet to the service position:
(1) Loosen the thumb screws located on the front panel.
(2) Slide the unit out by pulling forward on the front handles until the stops engage.

## NOTE

With power on, the transmitter interlock circuit will open, removing plate power.
b. RETURN OF UNITS TO CABINET. - Complete withdrawal of any one of the units from the cabinet is prevented by the chassis slide lock. To return the unit into the cabinet:
(1) Release the slide lock levers on each side of the chassis, disengaging the stops and push the unit in ward at the same time.
(2) Tighten the thumb screws on the front panel.

## 3. INSPECTION OF EQUIPMENT.

a. Immediately after unpacking the equipment, examine it to determine whether any shipping damage has occurred.
(1) Check the switches and control knobs on the front panel to see that they are tight on their shafts. Bristol set-screw wrenches are provided for tightening the set-screws. These wrenches (H2O2, H203, H204, H205) are mounted on clips inside the Power Supply, PP-950/URT-12.
(2) Loosen the thumb screws and slide the units out one at a time.

## WARNING

NEVER WITHDRAW THE POWER SUPPLY UNLESS THE TRANSMITTER IS SECURELY MOUNTED TO BOTH TABLE AND BULKHEAD.

(3) Examine the vacuum tubes and sockets for damage. Examine all exposed parts and wiring for any obvious defects, such as cracked insulation and shorted or loose wires.
(4) Repeat (1), (2) and (3) for each unit.
(5) Open the Spare Parts Boxes and examine the contents for any obvious damage.

## 4. INSTALLATION.

a. LOCATION OF EQUIPMENT. - When selecting a permanent location for the transmitter, the following should be given consideration:
(1) Weight of the Equipment; the transmitter weighs approximately 224 pounds. Make certain that the mounting table will support the added weight of the transmitter without strain.
(2) Space around the Transmitter; there must be adequate space in front of the transmitter to allow for withdrawal of the units from the cabinet. Refer to Figure 3-2.
(3) Adequate Ventilation; cooling air is taken in at the bottom of the cabinet and exhaust ed through the top rear. Make sure that intake and outlet are not blocked.
(4) Proper Mounting; the transmitter should be mounted on a level base which is not subjected to vibration.
(5) External Connections; provide sufficient space for power supply cable and remote control cable (if used) connections. Antenna connections should be brought in as directly as possible, and the transmission line properly supported. Ground'straps should be as short as possible.
b. MOUNTING. - Refer to Figure 3-2 for overall and mounting dimensions. The cabinet is provided with shock and vibration mounts at the base and is arranged for snubbing shock and vibration through mounts located at the upper rear of the cabinet. These snubber mounts are to be attached to the adjacent bulkhead. The following bolt sizes are recommended for mounting:
(1) Four 5/16-18 thread machine bolts are to be used for cabinet base mounting.
(2) Eight $1 / 4-20$ thread machine bolts are to be used to secure the snubber brackets to the bulkhead. Care should be exercised in marking and drilling the mounting holes.
c. EXTERNAL CABLING. - Cable entrances are provided at the rear of the cabinét. Access plates are provided to conveniently mount cables. Refer to Figure 3-3.




Figure 3-2. Outline and Mounting Dimensions
(1) The rear entrance plates should be marked and drilled to fit the desired cables. It is recommended that stuffing glands be incorporated to protect the cables. The cables should be clamped securely to the access plate aft er installation.
(2) When remote control of the transmitter is desired, connect the remote control cables to terminal boards TB 101 and TB 102 as shown in Figure 3-4.

TABLE 3-1. RECOMME NDED REMOTE CONTROL CABLES

| For Terminals | Cable Type | Number of Leads to each Terminal | Spare Conductor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 to 6 Inclusive 9,10 and 11 | MHFA-10 | 1 | 1 |
| 7, 8, and 12 | MHFA-7 | 2 | 1 |
| 13 and 14 | TTHFWA -1-1/2 | 1 | 1 |

(3) Connect the input power line (DHFA-9) from 115 volts, 50 or 60 cycles, single phase, AC, power source to TB 102 terminals 23 and 24.
The above mentioned cables are not supplied by the contractor.
(4) For the purpose of controlling receiver protective relays or disabling devices in the receiver. Relay K302, in the transmitter incorporates contacts $D$ which are wired to terminals $15,16,17$ on terminal board TB102 to provide operation equivalent to a SPDT switch. These contacts operate with control of the carrier.
(5) Receiver audio output is connected to Terminal Board TB102, terminals 13 and 14 .
d. GROUNDING. - A good low-resistance ground system is essential. Failure to provide an adequate ground connection will seriously impair transmitter performance. If the vessel hull is metal, a 1 inch wide by $1 / 16$ inch thick copper strap or braid should be run from the ground stud to the nearest point which is an integral part of the ship's metal hull. Refer to Figure 3-3 for location of ground stud.
e. ANTENNA. - The recommended wire size for the antenna is 19 strand No. $\overline{16}$ AWG flexible wire. The antenna may be of the "T" or inverted "L" type, and should be installed "in the clear" and as high as possible. For maximum effectiveness, the longest antenna that can be resonated at the highest frequency should be used. For example, if the transmitter cannot be resonated at its lowest frequency in the 2000 to 7500 Kc range, a longer antenna is necessary. Likewise, if resonance is not obtained at the highest frequency, a shorter antenna is needed. A suitable antenna for shipboard use would be about 54 feet long to be installed at least 20 feet in height above the deck. The effective length of the antenna is measured from the transmitter output terminal to the far end of the antenna. An insulator of the bowl type is used to bring the antenna lead through the deck or building. The lead-in should be supported by suitable stand-off insulators (approximately 3 inch long) and high voltage cable should be used as a safety precaution.

Connect the antenna line to the stud of the feed-through insulator E101 located on top of the transmitter cabinet. Copper tubing is recommended for connecting the antenna to E101.

## 5. INITIAL ADJUSTMENT

After the transmitter has been completely installed, the following checks and adjustments are to be made. Section 7 contains additional information on some of these adjustments and should be consulted if difficulties are encountered.
a. MECHANICAL CHECKS. - A complete and detailed inspection of the transmitter should bemade before any power is applied. Check the following features:
(1) Connections; all plug and jack connections should be tight. Terminal screws on terminal boards should be tight. Refer to Figure 3-5 and photographs in Section 7 for location of parts.
(2) Tubes Properly Set in Sockets; tubes seated properly, clamps or shield tight and top connectors tight. Refer to Section 5, Table 5-5 for location of tubes.
(3) Fuses in Fuseholders; fuses should make proper contact and be of proper rating. Refer to Section 5, Table 5-2 for location and rating of fuses.
(4) Pilot Lamps in Socket; remove pilot lamp caps and check that all lamps are in place and seated properly in holders. Refer to Section 5, Table 5-4.
(5) Shaft coupling set screws are tight.
(6) Relays Operate Satisfactorily; manually operate all relays to check that they are free. Burnish all relay contacts using No. 0000 sandpaper or a burnishing tool.
(7) Insulators are Clean; wipe dust off all insulators using a lint-free cloth.
(8) Toggle switches operate properly.
(9) All Knob Control Operate Properly; set -screws are tight and knob rotates through proper angular range.
(10) Interlock Checks; withdraw each unit to the service position and manually check that all cabinet interlock switches are free. Push the protruding plunger to make sure springs are not jammed. Check aloo the H.V. shorting switches on the individual chassis, make certain that the contacts are clean, burnish these contact surfaces, if necessary, with No. 0000 sandpaper or a burnishing tool. Refer to Section 7 photographs for the location of interlocks and H. V. shorting switches.
b. ELECTRICAL CHECKS. - The best and simplest overall check of the installation wiring of the transmitter is to check the resistance to ground from each terminal connection. Use an ohmmeter (Volt-Ohm-Milliameter IS-189 or equivalent) and check between each terminal and ground for all main terminal boards. Resistance values are given in Section 7, Table 7-3.

Crystals are not supplied with this equipment. Chedk to see if crystals have been previously installed and are secure in their sockets. If crystals have not been installed refer to Section 5, paragraph 3-d for instructions on inserting crystals.

## 6. INITIAL START-UP

After installation of the Radio Transmitting Set has been completed (including antenna and ground connections), start the equipment up as follows:

NOTE

Before any power is applied study the normal operating procedures given in Section 4.


NOTE
1-* NO
2-ALL C


View $\mathbf{A}$

notes -
1 - * NOT SUPPLIED BY CONTRACTOR
2- ALL CABLES PER SPEC. MIL-C-915A

Figure 3-3 Externa


JPLIED BY CONTRACTOR
© S PER SPEC. MIL-C-915A

Figure 3-3 External Cabling for AN / URT - 12

Step 1. Refer to Section 4, paragraph 4c and complete Steps 1 to 7 Inclusive. Check that FILAMENT indicator lights. Check also that blower B401 is furnishing air for cooling.

Step 2. Time delay relay K203 will commence operation the moment the START button is depressed. The delay time on this relay may be more than but should not be less than 30 seconds. Adjust this relay, if necessary, in accordance with Section 7, paragraph $\qquad$ .
Step 3. Continue with starting procedure, Section 4, paragraph 5, Steps $\underline{8}$ to $\underline{14}$ inclusive. Check that PLATE indicator lights.

Step 4. Check the interlock circuit with a Volt-Ohm-Milliameter IS-189 or equivalent as described in Section 7, paragraph $\qquad$ - Terminal board TB 201 is provided for connection of the meter.

Step 5. Place BATTLESHORT switch in ON position: the indicator light will glow. Return the BATTLESHORT switch to the OFF position.

## 7. INITIAL TUNING

a. After completion of the checks of the power controls, proceed to tune the transmitter beginning with Step 15 and/through Step 21. Load-out the Transmitter in accordance with procedure of paragraph 6, Section 4.

## NOTE

Choose one operating frequency in each of the nine bands, starting with position numbered 1 on the BAND SWITCH.
If a master oscillator is available perform this operation for both crystal and master oscillator in at least one frequency in each band.
b. Check that the transmitter is operating properly for A-3 emission in accordance with paragraph 7 of Section 4.
c. Check that the O. L. RESET operates: Detune the P.A. TUNING control. ${ }^{-}$This will overload the P.A. tubes. The overload relay K304 will operate, removing plate power. Reset P.A. TUNING to original value. Press the O.L. RESET switch to energize the reset coil and put the transmitter back into operation. Adjust the O.L. RESET, if necessary, in accordance with Section 7, paragraph $\qquad$ .
d. Check the ANTENNA TAP, ANTENNA RANGE and BAND SWITCH, one at a time, by slowly rotating the switch to its next position. The interlocks attached to the switch will remove ac voltage from the plate supply as shown by a sharp decrease on the P.A. CATHODE meter. The PLATE indicator light will also flash out.
e. Check the operation of the transmitter from the remote control unit (if used). Refer to Section 4, paragraph 9, and complete Step 1 to $\underline{6}$ inclusive.

## 8. TRANSMITTER PERFORMANCE TESTS.

Before the transmitter is used under service conditions, perform the following final tests:
a. TYPE AND QUALITY OF EMISSION: Use a communi cations receiver as a monitor. Two methods are available: either connect the receiver audio output to terminals 13 and 14 of terminal board TB 102 and insert headphones in the HEADSET jack located on front panel of Radio Transmitter T-408/URT-12 or use a nearby receiving station to monitor the signal. Tune the receiver to the operating frequency of the transmitter. Key the transmitter manually and also with an automatic keyer. Check the quality of the signal for key-clicks and lilt. With the transmitter operating at full power on voice modulation, compare the MOD. CATHODE meter reading with the typical values given in Table 4-6. The The MOD. GAIN control should be adjusted to the operators' speaking level. Increase or decrease in accordance with the amount of background noise present. The LIMITER is placed in the IN position to provide high level modulation without over-modulating the output signal. Check the quality of emission on a monitor receiver.
b. RF POWER OUTPUT: With the transmitter operating on A-1 at full powe $\bar{r}$, check the P.A. CATHODE meter and the P.A. GRID meter readings against the inspection test data or Table 4-6. Repeat for full power output for A-3 operation.



NOTE:

* WHEN USING NAVY TYPE 23423, REMOTE CONTROL UNIT,

CONNECT 7A FROM TBIOI TO 7A ON CONTROL UNIT
CONNECT 8AFROM TBIOI TO 8A ON CONTROL UNIT
CONNECT IZAFROM TBIOI TOIZA ON CONTROL UNIT

Figure 3-4. Remote Control Connections


Figure 3-5. AN/URT-12, Internal Cabling Diagram

## SECTION 4

## OPERATION

## 1. INTRODUCTION.

a. Radio Transmitting Set AN/URT-12 is designed for continuous duty in conventional A-1 operation using on-off keying of CW (telegraph) and for A-3 phone (voice) transmission in the frequency range of 2 mc to 30 mc . The transmitter frequency range is divided into nine frequency bands. Refer to Table 4-1. The equipment operates on 115 volts, 50 or 60 cycles, single phase ac power. The nominal output power is 100 watts on A -1 emission and 75 watts on A-3 emission. An antenna of at least 20 feet in height above the deck and about 54 feet long is recommended for use on shipboard over the operating frequency of 2 to 30 mc . However the transmitter is designed to work into longer and shorter antennas possessing any value of resistance between 5 ohms and 1800 ohms, together with any value of reactance between minus 2000 ohms and plus 2000 ohms.

TABLE 4-1. BAND SELECTION CHART

| BAND SWITCH POSITIONS (S402) | FREQUENCY IN Mc. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $2-3$ |
| 2 | $3-4$ |
| 3 | $4-5.5$ |
| 4 | $5.5-7.5$ |
| 5 | $7.5-10$ |
| 6 | $10-15$ |
| 7 | $15-20$ |
| 8 | $20-26$ |
| 9 | $26-30$ |

b. The transmitter uses a crystal controlled oscillator, broad-band amplifier, intermediate power amplifier, power amplifier and the associated output network. All stages above the broad-band amplifier are manually tuned. Selection of any one of the ten crystal s provides the desired fundamental frequency within the 2 to 7.5 mc range. By multiplication in the IPA stage the transmitter will produce a carrier frequency which is twice the fundamental frequency in the 7.5 to 15.0 mc range and four times the crystal frequency in the 15 to 30 mc range. To obtain the correct crystal frequency divide the. desired output frequency by the multiplying factor shown in Table 4-2 below.

TABLE 4-2. CRYS TAL FREQUENCY RANGE

| Crystal <br> Frequency Range in Mc | Multiplying Factor | Output (Carrier) <br> Frequency Range in Mc |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 to 7.5 | 1 | 2 |
| 3.75 to 7.5 | 2 | 7.5 to 7.5 |
| 3.75 to 7.5 | 4 | 15 to 30 |

## NOTE

Before attempting to tune or operate the equipment, the operator should familiarize himself with the functions and location of all meters, knobs, tuning dials, switches and pilot lights. Refer to Table 4-3.

## 2. OPERATIONAL FEATURES.

a. This transmitter is designed and constructed to give reliable performānce where installation space is small and vibration, shock, salt spray and other adverse conditions exist, such as encountered on small patrol type vessels.
b. Provisions for external master oscillator operation have been incorporated to add flexibility to the equipment. For normal operation, however, one of the ten predetermined crystals is selected for operating at a particular frequency.
c. This transmitter is arranged for direct connection to the antenna leadin. No transmission line or other coupling circuits are required. The antenna is connected to the ceramic bushing at the top center of the transmitter. Through the use of a transfer relay, the same antenna is used for a receiver to monitor communications.
d. A-1 operation for CW or A-3 emission for telephone transmission may be readily selected by the EMISSION switch. Provisions have been made for connecting a standard 'six wire remote control'" unit to terminal board TB101 which provides for starting, stopping, keying and phone transmission. This is accomplished when the LOCAL-REMOTE switch, at the transmitter, is in the REMOTE position.
e. Overall protection of the equipment against electrical surges, shortcircuits and overloads is provided by overload relays and a bias failure relay. In addition, ac input line and primaries of the power transformers are fused. Indicating type fuses are clearly marked on the front panel with their ampere value and the circuits involved. Spare fuses for each of the different types used are found in the SPARE FUSES box located on the front panel of the Power Supply PP-950/URT-12. Protection of personnel against coming into contact with high voltage circuits is assured by the use of cabinet interlocks. The removal of any one chassis from the cabinet will deenergize the plate supply in the unit. The BATTLE SHORT switch is placed in the ON position to short out the interlocks in case of erratic operation or failure of the interlock switches due to excessive shock such as from gunfire.

## 3. CONTROLS.

a. Table 4-3 gives the location and function of each of the operating controls and indicators. These have been divided into groups corresponding to the approximate location and general control function. The five dial controls; I. P.A. TUNING, P.A. TUNING, COUPLING, ANTENNA VERNIER and ANTENNA TUNING are equipped with dial locks. Once the transmitter has been tuned these dials should be locked in position.

## 4. STARTING THE TRANSMITTER.

a. All of the switches, controls and indicators referred to in the following operating procedure are located on the front panel of the equipment. The sequence of operation is illustrated in Figures $4-3$ and 4-4 which indicate a step-by-step procedure covered in the following paragraphs.

## WARNING

DO NOT APPLY PLATE VOLTAGE UNTIL CERTAIN THAT THE TRANSMITTER HAS BEEN TUNED COMPLETELY.

## TO START THE TRANSMITTER:

b. AUTOMATIC STARTING. -Automatic starting can be accomplished provided that the transmitter has been previously tuned.

TABLE 4-3 CONTROL AND INDICATOR LOCATION FUNCTION

| CONTROL DESIGNATION | LOCATION | TYPE OF COMPONENT | SYMBOL | PURPOSE OF CONTROL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POWER CONTROLS |  |  |  |  |
| EMERGENCY-LINE | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { PP-950/URT-12 } \\ \text { Front Panel } \end{array}$ | Toggle switch | S205 | Controls 115 volts ac line ON or OFF. |
| Main Line STARTSTOP | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PP-950/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Push button switch | S207 | START button energizes K204, filaments, blower and control circuits. <br> STOP button turns off transmitter. |
| FILament on Indicator, white | PP-950/URT-12 <br> Front Panel | Incandescent lamp | I202 | Indicates when filaments are on. |
| PLATE ON-OFF | PP-950/URT-12 <br> Front Panel | Toggle switch | S206 | In ON position, low and high voltage plate supplies are energized. |
| PLATE on Indicator, red | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PP-950/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Incandescent lamp | I201 | Indicates ON position of plate switch. |
| LOCAL-REMOTE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PP-950/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Rotary switch | S202 | In LOCAL position, transmitter is controlled from front panel at the transmitter. <br> In REMOTE position, transmitter may be operated from remote location. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ADJUST-TUNE- } \\ & \text { OPERATE } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PP-950/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Rotary switch | S201 | In ADJUST position, removes plate voltage from the power amplifier and modulator tubes, low voltage supply is on. <br> In TUNE position, reduced plate voltage is applied while tuning. <br> In OPERATE position, high voltage transformer is connected to give full plate voltage. |
| BATTLE SHORT ON-OFF | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PP-950/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Toggle switch | S204 | Normally operates in OFF position, placing cabinet interlock switches in circuit. <br> In ON position, the cabinet interlock switches are shorted out. |
| BATTLE SHORT <br> Indicator, clear | PP-950/URT-12 <br> Front Panel | Neon lamp | 1203 | Indicates the ON position of the BATTLE SHORT switch or when interlocks are shorted. |
| MODULATOR CONTROLS |  |  |  |  |
| CARRIER ON Indicator, green | T-408/URT-12 <br> Front Panel | Incandescent lamp | I301 | Indicates transmitter is keyed. |
| P. A. GRID | T-408/URT-12 <br> Front Panel | Milliammeter | M301 | Indicates grid current to the power amplifier. |
| P. A. CATHODE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Milliammeter | M302 | Indicates loading to the power amplifier; used also to tune power amplifier. |
| MODulator <br> CATHODE | T-408/URT-12 <br> Front Panel | Milliammeter | M303 | Indicates cathode current to modulators V305 and V306. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { EMISSION } \\ & \text { A-1 } \\ & A-3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Rotary switch | S303 | Selects desired type of emission. <br> A-1 a carrier wave keyed normally for telegraph. A-3 a carrier wave amplitude-modulated for voice transmission. |
| TEST KEY ON-OFF MOM. -ON | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Toggle switch | S302 | Keys the transmitter for tuning and test purposes. ON position-the carrier is locked on. OFF position-the carrier is off. MOM. ON position-key must be held in position to hold carrier on. |
| HEADSET LEVEL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Potentiometer | R305 | Sets the audio level to the earphones. |
| MODulation GAIN | T-408/URT-12 <br> Front Panel | Potentiometer | R303 | Adjusts the level of audio modulation. |

TABLE 4-3 CONTROL AND INDICATOR LOCATION FUNCTION (CONT'D)

| CONTROL DESIGNATION | LOCATION | TYPE OF COMPONENT | SYMBOL | PURPOSE OF CONTROL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MODULATOR CONTROLS (CONT'D) |  |  |  |  |
| LIMITER IN-OUT | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | -Toggle switch | S301 | IN position - clips the peak of high level audio to prevent over-modulation, and allows high average modulation level. OUT position - limiter is not in operation. |
| KEY | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Jack | J301 | Permits insertion of telegraph key for local A-1 operation. |
| HEADSET | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Jack | J302 | Permits insertion of headset for receiving. |
| MICROPHONE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Jack | J303 | Permits insertion of microphone for local A-3 operation. |
| O. L. RESET | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Toggle switch | S304 | Resets the modulator overload relay and the power amplifier overload relay. |
| TRANSMITTER TUNING CONTROLS |  |  |  |  |
| CRYSTAL SWITCH | T-408/URT-12 <br> Front Panel | Rotary switch | S401 | Selects proper crystal for desired frequency. |
| BAND SWITCH | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ \text { Front Panel } \end{array}$ | Rotary switch | S402 | Selects the desired frequency band. |
| I. P.A. TUNING | T-408/URT-12 <br> Front Panel | Variable capacitor | C422 | Tunes the exciter to provide drive for power amplifier. |
| P. A. TUNING | T-408/URT-12 <br> Front Panel | Variable capacitor | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C452 } \\ & \text { C455 } \end{aligned}$ | Tunes power amplifier stage. (C452 operates in the low frequency region and C455 operates in the high frequency region). |
| ANTENNA TAP | T-408/URT-12 <br> Front Panel | Rotary switch | S406 | When ANTENNA TAP switch is in the numbered position (when used in conjunction with the Antenna Vernier), it provides a sec ond coupling control to allow matching of antenna to power amplifier. <br> In SERIES " A " and SERIES ' B " positions the ANTENNA TAP switch allows antenna to be series tuned with the ANTENNA VERNIER. |
| ANTENNA RANGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Rotary switch | S405 | Selects the proper antenna tuning band. |
| COUPLING | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Variable capacitor | C456 | Adjusts the coupling between the antenna and the power amplifier. |
| ANTENNA <br> VERNIER | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T-408/URT-12 } \\ & \text { Front Panel } \end{aligned}$ | Rotary inductor | L. 428 | When ANTENNA TAD switch is in SERIES "A" or SERIES "B" position this ANTENNA VERNIER acts as a vernier for the ANTENNA RANGE switch to provide continuous tuning of the antenna When ANTENNA TAP switch is in the numbered position this ANTENNA VERNIER operates as a vernier for the ANTENNA RANGE switch to allow a continuous variation of antenna coupling for matching purposes. |
| ANTENNA TUNING | T-408/URT-12 <br> Front Panel | Variable capacitor | C457 | Tunes the antenna circuit when the ANTENNA TAP switch is in the numbered positions. When the ANTENNA TAP is in the SERIES " B " position the antenna tuning range is extended. In the SERIES " A " position this control has no effect. |
| RECEPTACLE | T-408/URT-12 Rear of chassis (See Fig. 7- ) | R. F. Receptacle | J403 | Provides cable connection for external Master Oscillator. |

Use AUTOMATIC STARTING procedure only when certain that the transmitter has been previously tuned. Proceed to INITAL STARTING if previous tuning adjustments are not known.

Step A. Visually check and set front panel controls as follows:

| CONTROL |  |
| :--- | :--- |$\quad$ POSITION 9

Step B. Visually check and set all tuning controls for the desired frequency in accordance with the TUNING CHART located on the front panel of the transmitter.

Step C. Push START (black) button and allow sufficient time ( 30 seconds) for warm-up before operation.

CAUTION
When the ANTENNA TAP switch is in either the SERIES A or SERIES B position proceed with Step D. When the ANTENNA TAP switch is in a numbered position omit Step D and proceed to Step E.

Step D. Adjust the ANTENNA VERNIER for maximum current reading on the P. A. CATHODE meter.

Step E. Adjust the ANTENNA TUNING control for maximum current reading on the P.A. CATHODE meter.

NOTE
The P.A. CATHODE meter should now read approximately 180 to 200 ma . If the above meter reading cannot be accomplished with either Step D or Step E, proceed to paragraph 4c, INTIAL START ING for a complete step-by-step tuning procedure.

Step F. Place TEST KEY in OFF position. For A-1 emission insert telegraph key in KEY jack. For A-3 emission, place EMISSION selector switch to the A-3 position.
c. INITIAL STARTING. - Since this transmitter may be operated for continuous wave telegraph ( $\mathrm{A}-1$ ) and radio telephone ( $\mathrm{A}-3$ ) from either a local or a remote position, it must first be tuned for A-1 emission at the local position.

Step 1. Place LOCAL-REMOTE switch in LOCAL position.
Step 2. Place EMISSION switch to A-1.
Step 3. Place ADJUST-TUNE-OPERATE switch to the ADJUST position.
Step 4. Place TEST KEY to OFF position.
Step 5. Place PLATE switch in OFF position.
Step 6. Place EMERGENCY-LINE in the ON position.
Step 7. Push START button (black); this will trip a 30 second automatic time delay.

NOTE
When transmitter is not already tuned to desired frequency proceed with TUNING THE TRANSMITTER paragraph 5.
5. TUNING THE TRANSMITTER. - The transmitter may be tuned using the tenchannel crystal oscillator, or an external master oscillator as a fundamental frequency source. When using crystal control, a crystal of the proper frequency must be in the crystal socket for the desired channel. See Section 5, paragraph 3d.

Step 8. Rotate the CRYSTAL SWITCH to a crystal position which will give the desired output carrier frequency. Refer to Table 4-2, and paragraph $1 \underline{b}$.

Step 9. Rotate the BAND SWITCH to the desired position as indicated in the Band Selection Chart, Table 4-1.

Step 10. Set I. P.A. TUNING control to the value indicated on the I P A Tuning Chart, Figure 4-1.

Set P.A. TUNING control to the value indicated on the $P A_{i}$ Tuning Chart, Figure 4-2.

Step 12. Rotate COUPLING dial to read 20.
Step 13. Set ANTENNA TAP switch to the TUNE position.
Step 14. Place PLATE switch in ON position.
Step 15. Place TEST KEY in ON position.
Step 16. Adjust the I. P.A. TUNING control for a reading of 15 ma WWWW on the P.A. GRID meter.

Step 17. Place ADJUST-TUNE-OPERATE switch in the TUNE position.
Step 18. Adjust the P.A. TUNING control for a minimum reading (dip) on the P.A. CATHODE meter.

Step 19. Rotate ANTENNA TUNING dial to zero.
Step 20. Crank the ANTENNA VERNIER control until the counter indicates "000".

Step 21. Move ANTENNA RANGE control to the 8B. position.

## NOTE

Adjust, as necessary, the I. P.A. TUNING control to maintain 15 ma on the P.A. GRID meter.

## 6. LOADING AND MATCHING THE ANTENNA.

a. The antenna matching network in this transmitter is designed to resonate with antennas of broad characteristics, thereby making necessary a systematic antenna matching procedure.
(1) The SERIES A position of the ANTENNA TAP switch is used when matching a highly capacitive antenna.
(2) The SERIES B position of the ANTENNA TAP switch is used when matching a highly inductive antenna.


Figure 4-1. IPA Tuning Calibration (Typical)

(3) The "numbered" positions of the ANTENNA TAP switch are used when matching an antenna which is neither highly capacitive nor highly inductive.
b. SERIES A MATCHING. - To match a highly capacitive antenna:

Step 22. Rotate ANTENNA TAP switch to the SERIES A position.
Step 23. Crank the ANTE NNA VERNIER control through its entire range looking for a maximum reading (peak) on the P. A. CATHODE meter.

## NOTE

When a peak is indicated in the P. A. CATHODE meter omit the following steps and proceed to Step 31. If a peak is not evident proceed with Step 24. The indication of a peak means that a tuning point has been located and the operator may proceed to load out the transmitter for most efficient operation.

Step 24. Move ANTENNA RANGE switch to the 8 A position and repeat Step 23. If a peak is not found move ANTENNA RANGE switch to the 7B position and again repeat Step 23. Continue in this manner until all possibilities of the ANTENNA RANGE switch are exhausted. If a tuning point is not located proceed to the next step. If a peak is indicated proceed to Step 31.

Step 25. Rotate the ANTENNA RANGE switch to the 7A position.
c. SERIES B MATCHING. - To match a highly inductive antenna:

Step 26. Move ANTENNA TAP switch to the SERIES B position.
Step 27. Crank the ANTENNA VERNIER control through its entire range and lonk for a peak on the P. A. CATHODE meter. If a peak is indicated, proceed to Step 31. If peak is not indicated proceed with Step 28.

Step 28. Repeat Step 27 with the ANTENNA RANGE switch successively in the $7 \overline{\mathrm{~B}, 8 \mathrm{~A}}$ and 8 B positions. If a peak is indicated proceed with the following steps.

Step 29. Reset the ANTENNA RANGE switch to the 8 B and the ANTENNA VERNIER control to " 000 ".

Step 30. Carefully rotate the ANTENNA TUNING control for a peak on the P.A. CATHODE meter.

## NOTE

The following conditions may be encountered when tuning with the ANTENNA TUNING control.
a. When a tuning point is indicated with the ANTENNA TUNING control set below 10, proceed to load out the transmitter in accordance with Step 31.
b. When a tuning point is indicated with control slightly above 10 , proceed to Step 35 to complete the tuning procedure.
c. If a tuning point is not indicated proceed to Step 38.

Step 31. Increase or decrease the COUPLING control until the P.A. CATHODE meter reads approximately 115 ma .

Step 32. Readjust the ANTENNA VERNIER control for a peak in the P.A. CATHODE meter.

Step 33. Note the reading on the P.A. CATHODE meter. Adjust the P.A. TUNING control for a dip on the P.A. CATHODE meter and note the reading. Retune the P.A. TUNING control until the P.A. CATHODE meter reads approximately halfway between the two above readings.

Step 34. Adjust ANTENNA VERNIER for a peak on the P.A. CATHODE meter.

Step 35. Place the ADJUST-TUNE-OPERATE switch to the OPERATE position.

NOTE
Check that P. A. GRID meter reads 15 ma and readjust if necessary.

Step 36. Adjust I. P. A. TUNING control (if necessary) to maintain 15 ma on the P.A. GRID meter.

Step 37. Increase or decrease COUPLING control until the P.A. CATHODE meter reads approximately 190 ma .

The transmitter is now ready for service operation of A-1 (CW) emission. Lock all tuning controls, and record all dial settings on the TUNING CHART for future reference. Place TEST KEY in OFF position and insert telegraph key in KEY jack.

Step 38. If a peak is not indicated upon the completion of Step 30. move the ANTENNA RANGE switch to a position selected from Table 4-4, Recommended Initial ANTENNA RANGE Positions.

TABLE 4-4. RECOMMENDED INITIAL ANTENNA RANGE POSITION
Conditions:

1. Use this table as a starting point only.
2. The ANTENNA RANG position may vary from those values given in this table due to the characteristic of the antenna in use.
3. This table is used only when the ANTENNA TAP switch is in the numbered positions.

| RANGE OF <br> FREQUENCIES IN Mc | ANTENNA RANGE <br> Switch POSITION |
| :---: | :---: |
| - | 1 |
| 2 to 3 | 2 |
| 3 to 4 | 3 |
| 4 to 7 | 4 |
| 7 to 10 | 5 |
| 10 to 15 | 6 |
| 15 to 20 | 7 A |
| 20 to 24 | 7 B |
| 24 to 28 | 8 A |
| 28 to 30 | 8 B |

d. "NUMBERED" MATCHING POSITIONS. - To match an antenna which is neither highly inductive nor highly capacitive:

Step 39. Rotate COUPLING control to 70.
Step 40. Rotate the ANTENNA TAP switch to the TUNE position.
Step 41. Adjust the P.A. TUNING control for a dip on the P.A. CATHODE meter.

Step 42. Crank the ANTENNA VERNIER to "000" on the counter.

Step 43. Move ANTENNA TAP switch to the number 1 position.
Step 44. Rotate ANTENNA TUNING control looking for a peak on the P.A. CATHODE meter. When a peak is indicated omit the following steps and proceed to Step 47. If a peak is not indicated continue with Step 45.

CAUTION
Never increase the ANTENNA TAP switch beyond a point where the sum of the ANTENNA RANGE switch position number and the ANTENNA TAP switch position number exceeds NINE (9).

Step 45. Find a tuning point as follows:
(a) Move the ANTENNA TAP to the number 2 position and repeat Step 44.
(b) Move the ANTENNA TAP to the number 3 position and repeat Step 44. Continue in this manner without violating the "NINE (9)" rule. If a peak is not indicated continue with the following steps.
(c) Repeat Step 45 (b) above for each position of the ANTENNA RANGE switch. Start first by moving the ANTENNA RANGE switch one position higher and one position lower from the initial point. If a peak is not found continue by moving two positions above and below the initial point.

Step 46. When the tuning point has been found with the procedure outlined in Step 45 decrease the A NTENNA TAP switch one position and repeat Step 44. If a peak is not in dicated move the ANTENNA TAP switch back to its original peak position.

Step 47. If the peak point occurs at less than approximately 115 ma on P.A. CATHODE meter, complete procedure of part (a) below. If this peak is at greater than approximately 115 ma , proceed to part (b) of this step.
(a) Increase the COUPLING control slightly until 115 ma (plus or minus 2 ma ) is obtained on the P.A. CATHODE meter. If this condition is not achieved, rotate the ANTENNA VERNIER "upscale" until the 115 ma point is obtained. Adjust the ANTENNA TUNING control to indicate a peak on the P。A. CATHODE meter. Increase or decrease the ANTENNA VERNIER or COUPLING control, whi ch ever has the greater effect, until the required 115 ma is obtained. Keep in mind that the ANTENNA TUNING control should indicate a peak. Once this is accomplished omit the following and proceed to Step 49.
b. Decrease the COUPLING control to obtain 115 ma (plus or minus 2 ma ) on the P.A. CATHODE meter, keeping the ANTENNA TUNING control tuned to indicate a peak. Continue decreasing the COUPLING control and peaking with the ANTENNA TUNING control until the required 115 ma is obtained.

NOTE
Do not decrease the COUPLING control below $6 i)$ on the dial. If the tuning point of 115 ma cannot be achieved with COUPLING control set at 60 or above proceed to Step 48.

Step 48. Crank the ANTENNA VERNIER, through its range observing the P.A.CATHODE meter. It will go through the peak point and back down until it reads the required 115 ma . Check that the ANTENNA TUNING control will indicate a peak at the same point.

Step 49. Decrease the ANTENNA TAP switch one position, increase the ANTENNA RANGE switch one position and repeat Step 44. If the ANTENNA TUNING control still peaks at zero proceed to Step 50. If the tuning is not at zero proceed, to Step 51.

Step 50. Increase the ANTENNA TAP one position, decrease the ANTENNA RANGE one position and repeat Step 44 . Once the tuning conditions are satisfied proceed with Step $\overline{51 \text {, to complete the tuning procedure. }}$

Step 51 . Note the reading on the P.A. CATHODE meter. Adjust the P.A. TUNING control for a dip on the meter and note this reading. Retune the P.A. TUNING control until the meter reads approximately half-way between the two readings.

Step 52. Place the ADJUST-TUNE-OPERATE switch in the OPERATE position.

## NOTE

The P. A. CATHODE meter should now read approximately 190 ma .
Step 53. Adjust the COUPLING control or the ANTENNA VERNIER control for a reading of 190 ma on the P. A. CATHODE meter. Always check that the ANTENNA TUNING controil indicates a peaik.
Step 54. Tighten all tuning control locks and record all dial readi ngs on the TUNING CHART for future reference. Place TEST KEY in OFF position and insert telegraph key in KEY jack.

The transmitter is now ready for service operation on A-1 emi ssion.
7. PHONE OPERATION (A-3).
a. In order to operate this equipment on A-3, first set up the transmitter for service operation on A-1 emission.
(1) Start the transmitter in accordance with paragraph 4.
(2) Tune the transmitter in accordance with paragraphs 5 and 6.
b. Place EMISSION switch to the A-3 position and check that the $\bar{T} E S T$ KEY is in the OFF position.
c. Rotate the MODULATOR GAIN control to number 5. This is a starting point only. Increase or decrease this control to adjust for background noise and speaking level.
d. Place the LIMITER switch to the IN position.

NOTE
Under normal operating condition the LIMITER is used IN position to provide a high output level without overmodulating the transmitter.
e. Insert microphone and press the push-to-talk button.

The transmitter is now ready for service operation on phone transmission (A-3).

## 8. EXTERNAL MASTER OSCILLATOR OPERATION.

The transmitter may be operated on any frequency in the range using an external Master Oscillator having an output of 1.0 v in the frequency range of 2 to 7. 5 Mc .
a. For external M. O. operation proceed as follows:

Step 1. Connect the external M. O. cable to receptacle J403 which is mounted on rear of cabinet CY-1369/URT-12.

Step 2. Set the CRYSTAL SELECTOR switch to position 11.
Step 3. Start the transmitter in accordance with paragraph 4
Step 4. Tune the transmitter in accordance with paragraphs 5 and 6.

## 9. REMOTE OPERATION.

Radio Transmitting Set AN/URT-12 provides for remote operation from a standard "six wire remote" unit. When such a control unit is installed and it is desired to control the transmitter at the remote point proceed as follows:

AT THE TRANSMITTER:
Step 1. Set up the transmitter for service operation.
a. Start the transmitter in accordance with paragraph 4
$\overline{\mathrm{b}}$. Tune the transmitter channel in accordance with paragraphs 5 and 6.

Step 2. Place the LOCAL-REMOTE switch to the REMOTE position.
Step 3. Place LINiITER IN or OUT as desired.
Step 4. Place EMISSION switch to the desired emission (A-1 or A-3).
Step 5. Push STOP button on the START-STOP control.

## AT THE REMOTE LOCATION.:

Step 6. Push START button on the START-STOP control. The light indicator will glow indicating that the transmitter is in service operation for either A-1 or A-3 emission as required for operation from the remote location.
10. STOPPING THE TRANSMITTER

Three types of shut-down may be necessary; emergency, standby or complete shut-down.
a. EMERGENCY SHUT-DOWN.

In case of an accident to personnel or equipment.
Step 1. Place EMERGENCY-LINE switch in OFF position. This removes all power from the transmitter and all pilot lights will go out.
Before reenergizing the transmitter, place PLATE switch in OFF position. Rotate ADJUST-TUNE-OPERATE switch to the ADJUST position, then start transmitter in accordance with paragraphs 4,5 and 6 .
b. STANDBY SHUT-DOWN.

When the transmitter is not in active use but it is desired to keep it in readiness for operation or when minor repairs or adjustments are to be made, proceed as follows:

Step 1. Push STOP (red) button. This will remove plate and filament power. All pilot lights will go out.
To bring the transmitter back in service operation: push START (black) button. This will restore power to all stages. The equipment will be ready for operation without any other adjustments.

## c. COMPLETE SHUT-DOWN.

When the transmitter is to be idle for several days or repairs are necessary involving considerable time or the removal of units of the transmitter, make a complete shut-down as follows:

Step 1. Place PLATE switch in OFF position.
Step 2. Place EMERGENCY-LINE switch in OFF position. All indicator lights will go out. This removes all power from the transmitter.

## 11. SUMMARIZED OPERATING PROCEDURE.

The summerized procedure covers placing the transmitter in service operation after it has been properly set up, tuned and adjusted on the required frequency band.

TO START THE TRANSMITTER:
Step A. Set the following controls to their corresponding positions:

LOCAL-REMOTE
EMISSION
ADJUST-TUNE-OPERATE
TEST KEY
EMERGENCY-LINE
PLATE
START-STOP

LOCAL A-1 TUNE ON ON ON Push START

Step B. Select desired CRYSTAL frequency and corresponding BAND SWITCH position.

Step C. Set all tuning controls to values indicated on the TUNING CHART on the front panel.

NOTE
(1) When ANTENNA TAP Switch is in either SERIES position complete Steps D and E.
(2) When ANTENNA TAP Switch is in the "numbered" position complete Steps $\underset{F}{ }$ and $\underline{G}$.

Step D. Adjust for maximum P. A. CATHODE current (approximately 115 ma ) using ANTENNA VERNIER.

Step E. Place ADJUST-TUNE-OPERATE switch to the OPERATE position, Note P.A. CATHODE current. If it is not 190 ma, place ADJUST-TUNE-OPERATE switch to TUNE, increase COUPLING control and repeat Step D. If 190 ma is still not obtained after COUPLING control has been increased proceed to paragraphs 5 and 6 for complete tuning procedure.
The transmitter is now ready for A-1 communication. For A-3 communication, place EMISSION switch in A-3 position.

Step F. Rotate ANTENNA TUNING control for a peak on the P. A. CATHODE meter.

Step G. Place ADJUST-TUNE-OPERATE switch to the OPERATE position. If P. A. CATHODE meter does not read approximately 190 ma , complete the procedure outlined in paragraphs 5 and 6.
The transmitter is now ready for A-1 communication. For A-3 communication, place EMISSION switch in A-3 position.

## 12. OPERATING DATA.

## a. TRANSMITTER FREQUENCY MONITORING.

The transmitter signal is best monitored by picking it up on a receiver. An accurately calibrated receiver will indicate that the signal is on the proper frequency, has good quality and is being keyed properly. Accurate measurement of frequency must, of course, be made with a reliable frequency standard.

## b. TYPICAL OPERATING DATA.

Table 4-5 shows typical dial readings for the transmitter when set up for various output frequencies. These readings should not be used in actual tune-up of a transmitter when readings are available on the TUNING CHART. In addition the Output Matching, Coupling and Tuning readings are based on the use of a 75 ohm dummy antenna and should only be used as a rough check when a similar antenna is used.
Table 4-6 gives typical meter readings for various conditions of operation of the transmitter.


NOTE:
Circled numbers refer to
correspondingly numbered

Figure 4-3. Starting the Transmitter


Figure 4-4. Tuning the Transmitter

## E TRANSMITTER




Figure 4-4.



NOTE:
Circled numbers refer to
correspondingly numbered
steps in Instruction Book.


SECTION 5

# OPERATOR'S MAINTENANCE 

## 1. INTRODUCTION

In order to maintain the equipment at peak performance, it will be necessary that the operator perform routine checks during each watch when he is responsible for the operation of the equipment. During operation the transmitter may develop minor defects which can be rectified without difficulty by the operator. Correction of these minor troubles at once may prevent the occurrence of major troubles at a later date. The operator should become sufficiently familiar with the technical details of the equipment to service minor defects that may develop when trained technical aid is not avail able.

## 2. OPERATOR'S CHECK CHART

Table 5-1 gives the routine for the operator to follow in making the necessary checks on the equipment during each watch.

## 3. EME RGE NCY MAINTE NA NCE

## NOTICE TO OPERATORS

OPERATORS SHALL NOT PERFORM ANY OF THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCY MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES WITHOUT PROPER AUTHORIZATION
a. REPLACMENT OF FUSES: All the power circuits are controlled with instantāneous operating type fuses. Table 5-2 shows location of fuses and Table 5-3 gives symptoms of fuse failure.

## CAUTION

Never replace a fuse with one of higher rating unless continued operation of the equipment is more important than probable damage. If a fuse burns out immediately after replacement, do not replace it a second time until the cause has been corrected.

TO REPLACE A FUSE PROCEED AS FOLLOWS:
(1) Turn the cap of the fuse holder counterclockwise until it releases, and pull the cap with fuse out of the holder.

| WHAT TO CHECK | HOW TO CHECK | PRECAUTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRANSMITTER IN OPERATION_EACH WATCH |  |  |
| 1. Information from previous operator or communication of ficer. | a. Review log-book from previous watch. | a. Note changes in operation schedule during watch. |
| 2. Observe all meters. | g. Record all meter readings. <br> b. Compare with previous readings. | a. Notice abnormal readings. <br> b. Investigate abnormal readings. |
| 3. Check indicators. | a. Observe interlock indicators (BATTLESHORT) <br> b. Observe power indicators (PLATE and FILAMENT) | a. Replace defective lamp. |
| 4. RF output. | a. Check loading and power output of transmitter. <br> b. Check frequency by frequency standards or communication receiver. | a. Check meter readings. b. Frequency should not drift. |
| 5. Character of emission. | a. Al-Check keying by listening on receiver. <br> b. A3-Voice-Check quality of emission by listening on receiver. | a. Keying should be clean, without lilt. <br> b. Emission should be clear, not over modulated. |

TABLE 5-1 ROUTINE CHECK CHART (CONT'D)

TABLE 5-2. FUSE LOCATION

| SYMBOL | LOCATION | PROTECTS | A MPS | VOLTS | STANDARD NAVY STOCK NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F201 | Power Supply PP-950/URT-12, front panel | Filament supply | 2 | 250 | 17-F-17411 |
| F202 | Power Supply PP-950/URT-12, front panel | High voltage plate | 10 | 250 | 17-F-17419 |
| F203 | Power Supply PP-950/URT-12, front panel | Rectifier filament supply | 42 | 250 | $\begin{aligned} & 17-F=17410 \\ & 17-F-17411 \end{aligned}$ |
| F204 | Power Supply PP-950/URT-12, front panel | Low voltage plate | 3 | 250 | 17-F-174\% |
| F205 | Power Supply PP-950/URT-12, front panel | 115 v control circuit | 1 | 250 | 17-F-17410 |
| F206 | Power Supply PP-950/URT-12, front panel | Line | 15 | 250 | $17-\mathrm{F}-17424$ |
| F207 | Power Supply PP-950/URT-12, front panel | Line | 15 | 250 | $17-\mathrm{F}-17424$ |
| F208 | Power Supply PP-950/URT-12, front panel | Auxiliary control circuit | 1 | 250 | 17-F-17410 |
| F209 | Compartment for SPARE FUSES front panel | Spare for F202 |  |  |  |
| F210 | Compartment for SPARE FUSES front panel | Spare for F204 |  |  |  |
| F211 | Compartment for SPARE FUSES front panel | Spare for F205 |  |  |  |
| F212 | Compartment for SPARE FUSES front panel | Spare for F206 |  |  |  |
| F213 | Compartment for SPARE FUSES front panel | Spare for F207 |  |  |  |
| F214 | Compartment for SPARE FUSES front panel | Spare for F201 |  |  |  |
| F215 | Compartment for SPARE FUSES front panel | Spare for F203 |  |  |  |
| F216 | Compartment for SPARE FUSES front panel | Spare for F208 |  |  |  |

TABLE 5-3. SYMPTOMS OF FUSE FAILURE

| SYMPTOM | BLOWN FUSE |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blown fuse condition is indicated by red pin extending from fuse |  |
| FILAME NT indicator (I202) is out, breaks filament supply current | F201 |
| PLATE indicator (I201) is out, breaks plate supply circuit | F202 |
| No meter reading on P. A. GRID current meter | F203 |
| All front panel indicators are out | F205 |
| No voltage on terminals 18 and 19 of TB102 | F206 |

(2) Remove the defective fuse from the cap.
(3) Replace the fuse with another of the same rating having the red indicating pin visible through the cap. Tighten the cap in the holder by turning clockwise.
b. REPLACEMENT OF INDICATOR LAMPS: Location and types of indicator lamp $\bar{s}$ are shown in Table 5-4. All lamps are of the bayonet base type.

TO REPLACE FRONT PANEL LAMPS:
(1) Remove the lens by grasping the knurled portion and turning counterclockwise.
(2) Press the lamp inward and turn counterclockwise; then pull the lamp out.
(3) Press the new lamp inward and turn clockwise.
(4) Replace the lens.
c. REPLACEMENT OF VACUUM TUBES: Vacuum tubes should give many hours of trouble-free service. Failure of the filament of a tube can usually be noted visually. Other failures may be observable through noting improper meter readings or noise or unsatisfactory quality of monitored signals. When replacing tubes, consult Table 1-4 for location and type.

## WARNING

ALLOW TUBES TO COOL BEFORE HANDLING. IF IMMEDIATE REPLACEMENT IS REQUIRED, USE AN ASBESTOS GLOVE AND HANDLE CAREFULLY.
(1) To replace any of the electron tubes, it is first necessary to withdraw the units from the cabinet.

## WARNING

THE EMERGENCY-LINE SWITCH MUUST BE IN THE OFF POSITION BEFORE THE UNITS ARE WITHDRAWN FROM THE CABINET. THIS IS IS IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE OPERATOR FROM COMING IN CONTACT WITH VOLTAGES INSIDE THE EQUIPMENT WHICH MIGHT CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY.
(a) Loosen the thumbscrew around the edges of the front panel.
$(\overline{\mathrm{b}})$ Grasping the handles on the front panel, pull forward carefully until the chāssis rolls outward and the stops engage.
(2) Miniature tubes are equipped with shields which also act as tube clamps. When replacing a tube of this type proceed as follows:
TABLE 5-4. REPLACEMENT OF INDICATOR LAMPS

| FRONT PANEL MARKING | LOCATION | SYMBOL | MANUFACTURER'S TYPE | STANDARD NAVY STOCK $\quad$ NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PLATE | Power Supply PP-950/URT-12, front panel lower left | 1201 | Mazda No. 44 | 17-L-6305 |
| FILament | Power Supply PP-950/URT-12, front panel lower center | 1202 | Mazda No. 44 | 17-L-6305 |
| BATTLE SHORT | Power Supply PP-950/URT-12, front panel lower right of center | 1203 | GE No. NE-51 | 17-L-6806-130 |
| CARRIER ON | Radio Transmitter T-408/URT-12, front panel | 1301 | Mazda No: 44 | 17-L-6305 |

(a) Remove the tube shield, turning it approximately 45 degrees counterclockwise until the bayonet pin releases.
(b) Grasp the glass bulb of the tube and pull it from the socket, rocking it very $\bar{g} e n t l y$ in order to release the prongs.
(c) Orient the new tube so that it will slide into the socket properly, then press it down firmly.
(d) Replace the tube shield, holding it down and turning about $45 \mathrm{de}-$ grees clockwise to lock.
(3) When removing tubes having medium bases such as type807 (V404) or H.V. rectifier tubes, type 3B28 (V203, V204) proceed as follows:
(a) Remove plate cap located on top of tube.
(b) Release snap clip at base of tube.
(c) Grasp the glass bulb of the tube and pull it from the socket, rocking it very gently in order to release the prongs.
(d) Orient the new tube properly and press it firmly into the socket.
(e) Lock snap clip at base to secure tube in its socket and replace plate cap.
(4) Replacing the low voltage rectifier tubes, type 5R4WGY (V201, V202), is the same as above, except omit step (a).
(5) The Power Amplifier and Modūlator tubes, type 4-65A (V407, V408, V305, V306) are held in place by a pressure spring clamp. When replacing a tube of this type proceed as follows:
(a) Remove plate cap.
( $\bar{b}$ ) Grasp the glass bulb of the tube and pull it from the socket, rocking it very $\bar{g} e n t l y$ in order to release the prongs.
(c) Release spring clamp and orient the new tube to seat firmly in the socket.
(d) Replace plate cap.

## d. REPLACEMENT OF CRYSTAL.

(1) The channel frequency crystals Y-401 to Y-410, type CR-18/U (not furnished with the equipment) are located in the upper section of the Radio Transmitter T-408/URT-12.
(2) For convenience it is recommended that the crystal frequencies be arranged in ascending order to coincide with the numbered positions of the CRYSTAL SWITCH.
(3) In the event a crystal is defective and a spare crystal of the same frequency is available, the crystal may be replaced in the field. The frequency marked on the new crystal should be checked to see that it is the same frequency as is marked on the old crystal. The location of the crystals is shown inFigure 5-1. It is necessary to remove the units from the cabinet as described in paragraph 3c(2) above.



POWER SUPPLY
PP-950/URT-12


RADIO TRANSMI
T-408/URT-
LOWER SECTION

 STAL PANEL


FRONT

## RADIO TRANSMITTER <br> T-408/URT-12 <br> UPPER SECTION

Figure 5-1。 Location of Tubes and Crystals

## NOTE

Crystals may be safely replaced while the EMERGENCY-LINE switch is ON, but it is not recommended that this be done unless it is imperative that the equipment be kept continuously energized.
(a) Withdraw the unit to the service position.
(b) Release spring clip on the defective crystal and replace with new one in proper socket.
(c) Slide unit back into cabinet.

## SECTION 6

PREVENTIVE MAINTE NANCE

## 1. INTRODUCTION.

The maintenance of radio equipment does not begin when the equipment fails to operate in the normal manner. Maintenance must begin as soon as the equipment is installed and continued regularly during the entire life of the equipment. Regular inspection and care, known as preventive maintenance, is just as important as corrective maintenance. A schedule of preventive maintenance, if rigidly adhered to, will prevent most of the common faults and breakdown. Only a few minutes each day are needed to make sure that the equipment is free from dirt, dust, excess moisture, vermin; that all cables and plugs of the equipment are clean and tight-fitting; that parts are properly lubricated and that no component of the set is being abused or neglected.

## 2. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE.


#### Abstract

NOTE Maintenance procedures other than those covered in Section 5 should be performed by qualified technical personnel only.


The maintenance schedule in Table 6-1 provides aguide for the personnel charged with the maintenance of this equipment. Before performing any maintenance inspection or checks, personnel should familiarize themselves with Section 4 and paragraph 2 of Section 5. The tightening and adjustment specified in the table can all be performed with the usual small tools available to a technician. An alignment tool is provided with the equipment. Cleaning operations should be performed using a lint-free cloth and dry-cleaning solvent (NOT GASOLINE) or using No. 0000 wet-or-dry sandpaper as is appropriate.

## 3. LUBRICATION.

a. The only component of the transmitter which requires lubrication at regular intervals is the CRYSTAL SWITCH Chain Drive assembly 0407 and 0408 shown in Figure 7 -- Apply a small amount of light machine or instrument oil (Spec MIL-O-6085) when necessary. Check quarterly.
b. In case there is mechanical binding of dials, switch detents, sliding
contacts, or rotating parts, (NOT ELECTRICAL CONTACTS), a small amount of Navy spec 14-L-3 Grade I grease or commercial "Lubriplate No. 105 " may be applied. When necessary apply a small amount of light machine or instrument oil (Spec. MIL-O-6085) to the drawer slides on the chassis and in the cabinet.
TABLE 6-1 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

|  | WHAT TO CHECK | HOW TO CHECK | PRECAUTIONS AND REMEDIES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H} \\ & \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{U} \\ & \mathrm{R} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \\ & \mathrm{Y} \end{aligned}$ | 1. Control and emission indicators. | Follow procedures in check chart in section 5 . | Replace lamp if defective. |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{E} \\ \mathrm{~A} \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{H} \\ \\ \mathrm{~W} \\ \mathrm{~A} \\ \mathrm{~T} \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{H} \end{gathered}$ | 1. Transmitter in operation. | a. Standby:- Check items 1,2 and 3 in first section of Table 5-1. <br> b. Operating:-Check items 1,2,3,4, and 5 of second section of Table 5-1. | 2. Report unsatisfactory operation and have them corrected as soon as possible. <br> b. Report unsatisfactory operation. Readjust tuning if necessary. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { D } \\ & \text { A } \\ & \text { I } \\ & \text { L } \end{aligned}$ | 1. Clean equipment. | a. Remove dirt fron controls and outside of cabinet. <br> b. Place EMERGRNCY-LINE switch in OFF position and dust inside of equipment. | a. Do not disturb control settings. <br> b. Do not touch contacts, complicated mechanisms or delicate components such as relays and switches. Do not disassemble units or remove covers. |
| D A I L Y | 2. Check connections. | a. Feel all plug connections for possible looseness. <br> b. Check that set screws and couplings are tight. | Tighten, if necessary. |

table 6-1 PRevenilive maintenance schedule (Contid)
TABLE 6－1 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE SCHEDD LE（Contid）

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  <br> ふ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \text { 公 } \\ \text { लं } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | マOZE鳬 |

TABLE 6-1 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE (Cont'd)

|  | WHAT TO CHECK | HOW TO CHECK | PRECAUTIONS AND REMEDIES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & Q \\ & \mathrm{U} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{R} \\ & \mathrm{~T} \\ & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{R} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \\ & \mathrm{Y} \end{aligned}$ | 2. Blower | Rotate and note if bearings are worn. | Replace motor if neccssary. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Q} \\ & \mathrm{U} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{R} \\ & \mathrm{~T} \\ & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{R} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \\ & \mathrm{Y} \end{aligned}$ | 3. 12 volt de supply. | Check output with voltmeter. | If output is less than 9.5 volts, replace rectifier (CR302). |
| A N N U A L L Y | 1. Transmitter overhaul. | a. Remove transmitter from service and disassemble units from cabinet. <br> b. Disassemble and clean every accessible component. <br> c. Replace damaged or worn out parts or frayed wiring. | a. Experienced technicians must be available for this work. <br> b. Use care and follow cleaning procedures above. <br> c. Check all connections after <br> reassembly. Follow Section 3 <br> procedures in placing equipment <br> back in operation. |

## SECTION 8

PARTS LISTS

Table
8-1 --- Table of Replaceable Parts
8-2 --- Maintenance Parts Kits

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating <br> Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| 100 to 499 | 16-T-90917-6181 | TRANSMITTING SET, RADIO: A1 and A3 emission, MBCA Ref Dwg Group 5; frequency data, 2 to 30 mc range, 9 bands; crystal oscillator frequency control; 100 w power output A1 emission; 75 w power output A3 emission; operating power requirements, ac, $115 \mathrm{v}, 50$ to 60 cycles, single phase; enclosed in metal case; over-all dim., $20-1 / 2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 26-7 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. wide max, 38-3/4 in. high; floor or table mtg; major components, one AN, Cabinet, electrical equipment, Type No. CY-1369/URT-12; one AN, Radio Transmitter Type No. T-408/URT-12; special features, capable of remote control from a standard Navy 6 wire remote control system, facility for external master oscillator operation; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, Dwg. No. D-50084; gov't spec data, BUSHIPS, Spec SHIPS-T-1080; gov't type data, AN, Transmitting Set, Radio, Type AN/URT-12. | Transmit A. M. signals |
| 100 to 199 | $16-\mathrm{C}-10645-6732$ | CABINET, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT: aluminum alloy, enameled finish, light gray, over-all dim., $21-1 / 2$ in. $\lg , 24-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. wide max. 38-3/4 in. high; six shock mtgs , four on base and two on upper rear: accessories c/o,2 interlock switches, 2 receptical connectors, 2 terminal boards, 2 pairs of slides for mtg major components; wires; special features, air intake in bottom, air exhaust in upper rear; gov't spec data, BUSHIPS, Spec SHIPS-T-1080; gov't type data, AN, Electrical Equipment, Cabinet, Type No. CY-1369/URT-12; data regard ing 'the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, Dwg. No. D-50122; AN, Radio Transmitting Set, AN/URT-12. | Housing AN/URT-12 |
| 200 to 299 | 16-P-67308-5018 | POWER SUPPLY: rectification data, electronic type, full wave; output data, direct current 1500 v at 250 ma , 500 v at $250 \mathrm{ma},-150 \mathrm{v}$ at 250 ma , alternating current, $115 \mathrm{v}, 1.1 \mathrm{amp}$; input data, ac, $115 \mathrm{v}, 50$ to 60 cycles, single phase; over-all dimensions, 19-5/8 in. $\mathrm{lg}, 20 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $10-15 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. high; filter included; mounting data, panel mounted' on slides, mts by eight 12-24 mtg holes spaced approx $5 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{c}$ to c ; data regarding . 'the $\mathrm{mfr}^{\prime}$, Radiomarine Corp. of America, Dwg. No. C-40139, gov't type data, AN, Power Supply, Type PP-950/URT12; p/o AN, Radio Transmitting Set, Type AN/URT-12. | Provides DC voltage for AN/URT-12 |
| 300 to 499 | 16-T-38648-1181 | TRANSMITTER, RADIO: A1 and A3 type of emission, MBCA Ref Dwg Group 5; frequency data, 2 to 30 mc range, 9 bands; crystal frequency control; power output, 100 w A 1 emission, 75 w A3 emission, operating power requirements, $a c, 115 \mathrm{v}, 50$ to 60 cycles, single phase, $\mathrm{dc}, 1500 \mathrm{v}$ at $340 \mathrm{ma}, 500 \mathrm{v}$ at $250 \mathrm{ma},-150 \mathrm{v}, 12 \mathrm{v}$; inclosed in metal cabinet; over-all dimensions, $20-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. $\mathrm{lg}, 19-5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 24-1/8 in. high; mounts in metal cabinet; special features, includes 12 volts rectified power supply, unit pulls out on two channel type guide darawers, facility for externai master osciliator operation; data regarding 'the mfr', Radiomarine Corp. of America, Dwg. No. D-50121; gov't identification data, AN, Transmitter, Radio, T-408/URT-12; gov't spec data, U.S. Coast Guard, Spec No. RTTS-378; p/o AN, Radio Transmitting Set, Type AN/URT-12. | Supplies both the audio for modulation and the R.F. carrier |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | 24 Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| A101 | 17-M-75577-6768 | MOUNTS, SHOCK: designed for absorption of high impact shocks; composition data, steel and rubber, cadimum plated finish; physical data, static defection range 0.013 in . to 0.032 in . from min. to max. assigned load; over-all dimensions, $3 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 3 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. high; special features, center hole for $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. threebolt, 125 to 360 lbs load range; data regarding a "typical mfr", The Barry Corp, Cambridge, Mass, Part No. C-2150-6. | Cabinet mounting |
| A102 |  | Not used. |  |
| A103 | 17-C-794001-260 | CLEANER ELEMENT, AIR: replaceable type; material data, aluminum filter; aluminum frame; over-all dim., 6 in . wide, 8 in . long, $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. thick; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp, of America, Dwg. No. B-31525. | C abinet air filter |
| A104 | 17-C-794001-261 | CLEANER ELEMENT, AIR: replaceable type; material data, aluminum filter, aluminum frame; over-all dim., 4 in . wide, 9 in . long, $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. thick; data regarding 'the mfr", Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. B-31524. | Blower air filter |
| A105 | "for reference only" | COVER: aluminum, 24 ST ; $8-25 / 32 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 4-1 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. wide; mounts $\mathrm{w} /$ ten $8-32,5 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. lg, NPRHBM screws; Radiomarine Dwg. A-11939. | Rear cabinet |
| A 201A | "for reference only" | GUIDE, DRAWER: channel type; aluminum; right hand; 200 lbs capacity per pair; 17-7/8 in. lg o/a closed; travel length 17 in ; Radiomarine Dwg. C-40816-2. | Mounts PP-946/ <br> URT-12 |
| A 201B | "for reference only" | GUIDE, DRAWER: channel type; aluminum; left hand; 200 lbs capacity per pair; 17-7/8 in. lg o/a closed; travel length 17 in ; Radiomarine Dwg. C-40816-1. | Mounts PP-946/ URT-12 |
| A301A | "for reference only" | GUIDE, DRAWER: channel type; aluminum, right hand, 200 lbs capacity per pair; $16-7 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$ o/a closed; travel length 21 in .; Radiomarine Dwg. D-50559-2. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mounts T-408/ } \\ & \text { URT-12 } \end{aligned}$ |
| A301B | "for reference only" | GUIDE, DRAWER: channel type; aluminum, left hand; 200 lbs capacity per pair; $16-7 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$ o/a closed; travel length 21 in ., Radiomarine Dwg. D-50559-1. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mounts T-408/ } \\ & \text { URT-12 } \end{aligned}$ |
| A302 | "manufacture and assemble locally" | COVER, CONTROL: aluminum alloy 24 ST ; gray enamel; $4-11 / 16 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 1-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. thick $0 / \mathrm{a}$; mounts by two 6-32 thd retainers located on 4-3/16 in. center; Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-11980. | Front control cover |
| B401 | "for reference only" | FAN, CENTRIFUGAL: single unit operating on a common shaft; prime mover supplied w/ unit, electric motor type, $1 / 300 \mathrm{hp}, 115 \mathrm{vAC}, 50 / 60$ cycles, single phase, 3200 rpm , horizontal mtg; CCW rotation as view facing the driving side; unit includes one AC motor, one impeller Torrington No. 216D031; over-all dim. 6-15/32 in. $\mathrm{lg}, 3-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 3-5/8 in. high; Air-Marine Motors, Inc; Seaford, L.I., N. Y. No. A-15BF-24. | Cooling AN/URT-12 |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| B401A | 17-I-19004-3251 | IMPELLER, BLOWER, CENTRIFUGAL: paddle type; radial tip blade; steel; double width: 31 blades; designed for CW rotation; over-all dim., $2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. dia, 2 in . wide; hub data, 1 located on center axis, $9 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. lg , $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dim. of bore; data regarding "the mfr",Torrington Co., Torrington, Conn. Part No. 216D031, p/o Air Marine Dwg. A 15BF-24. | p/o B401 |
| B401B | 17-M-54451-5905 | MOTOR, ALTERNATING CURRENT: induction type; operating power requirements, AC, $115 \mathrm{~V}, 60$ cycles, single-phase, $0.2 \mathrm{amps}, 0.9$ power factor; mechanical power output data, $1 / 300 \mathrm{hp}, 1.05 \mathrm{in}-\mathrm{oz}$ torque, shaft data, single take-off, 3200 rpm , CCW rotation looking at load end; temperature data, -40 deg . C to 115 deg . C; motor dimensional data, $2.910 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, excluding shaft, 1.950 in . dia, $0.2498-0.2500$ dia shaft, shaft extends $2-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. from frame; data regarding "the mfr", AirMarine Motors Inc., Amityville, N. Y., type A15CF, p/o Air-Marine Dwg. A15BF-24. | Motor for B401 |
| C201 | 16-C-49982-1020 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 4 uf , $+20 \%-10 \%$ tolerance; 1000 v DC working; JAN type CP70E1EG405V. | Low voltage filter |
| C202 | 16-C-49221-9883 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 2 uf , $+20 \%-10 \%$ tolerance; 600 v DC working; JAN type CP53B1E F205V. | K301 time delay |
| C203 |  | Same as C201 | Low voltage filter |
| C204 |  | Not used. |  |
| C205 | 16-C-49992-3475 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 4 uf , $+20 \%-10 \%$ tolerance; 2000 v DC working: JAN type CP70E1EJ405V. | High voltage filter |
| C206 |  | Same as C205. | High voltage filter |
| C301 | 16-C-51881-9250 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 10 uf , $+20 \%-10 \%$ tolerance; 600 v DC working; JAN type CP70E1EF106V. | Microphone supply filter |
| C302 |  | Same as C202. | K302-A time delay |
| C303 | 16-C-49981-9970 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 4 uf , $+20 \%-10 \%$ tolerance; 600 v DC working; JAN type CP70E1EF405V. | V301 plate decoupling |
| C304 | 16-C-32245-9294 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 3300 uf , $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance; 500 v DC working: JAN Type CM30D332J. | V301 grid filtering |
| C305 |  | Same as C304. | V301 grid filtering |
| C306 |  | Same as C304. | V302 plate, high frequency by-pass |
| C307 | 16-C-32641-6328 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 4700 uf , $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance; 500 v DC working; JAN type CM35B472J. | V302 L. F. compensation |
| C308 |  | Same as C307. | V302 L. F. compensation. |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating <br> Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| C309 | 16-C-33279-7540 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 8200 uuf , $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 500 v DC working; JAN type CM40B822K | V301 plate decoupler |
| C310 | $\begin{array}{r} 31269-9494 \\ 16-C-31008-1564 \end{array}$ | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 2200 uuf, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 500 vDC ; Jan type ©M30B 222 K . | V302 grid coupling |
| C311 |  | Same as C307 | Modulation level shunt |
| C312 |  | Same as C307 | V302 low frequency compensator |
| C313 |  | Same as C307 | V302 low frequency compensator |
| C314 | 16-C-45807-8094 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 0.1 uf , $\pm 20 \%$ tolerance; 600 v DC working; JAN type CP26A1EF104M. | V302 inverse feedback |
| C315 | 16-G-31269-9494 | CAPACITOR-FIXED,-MICA-DIELECTRIG:-1200-uuf , $\pm 5 \%$-tolerance, 500 V DE-working; JAN-type-EM30D122J. | v302 grid shunt |
| C316 |  | Same as C303. | V302, V303, V304 B+ bypass |
| C317 | 16-C-29898-3606 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 390 uuf , $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance; 500 v DC working; JAN type CM20D391J. | V302 H. F. compensator |
| C318 |  | Same as C317 | V302 H. F. compensator |
| C319 |  | Same as C317 | V302 H. F. compensator |
| C320 |  | Same as C317 | V302 H. F. compensator |
| C321 |  | Same as C314 | V302 inverse feedback |
| C322 | 16-C-29613-2676 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 270 uf, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 500 v DC working; JAN type CM20B271K. | V303 grid coupler |
| C323 | 16-C-30536-4764 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 680 uf , $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 500 v DC working; JAN type CM30B681K. | V302 grid coupler |
| C324 |  | Same as 6315 c-3>0 | V302 H. F. response |
| C325 |  | Same as C314 | V304 grid coupling |
| C326 | 16-C-30109-3806 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 470 uf , $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 500 v DC working; JAN type CM20D471J. | V303A grid shunt |
| C327 | 16-C-26843-5676 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 22 uuf , $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 500 v DC working; JAN type CM20B220K. | V304 step attenuator |
| C328 |  | Same as C314 | V304B grid coupling |
| C329 |  | Same as C303 | V302, V303, V304 B+ bypass |
| C330 |  | Same as C317 | V303 inverse feedback |

table 8-1 TABLE OF replaceable parts (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADI | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| C331 |  | Same as C304. | V305 grid coupling |
| C332 |  | Same as C202. | V305 bias filter |
| C333 |  | Same as C304. | V306 grid coupling |
| C334 | 16-C-32647-8778 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 4700 uff , $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 2500 v DC working; JAN type CM50B472K. | V303 inverse feedback |
| C335 | 16-C-47322-1210 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 0.5 uf , $+20 \%,-10 \%, 2000$ v DC working; JAN type CP70E1EJ504V. | V404 screen blocking capacitor |
| C336 |  | Same as C205. | R368 audio bypass |
| C337 |  | Same as C303. | V405 grid decoupler |
| C338 | 16-C-51501-9840 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 8 uf , $+20 \%-10 \%$ tolerance; 600 v DC working; JAN type CP70E1EF805V. | R369 keying relay time delay adjust |
| C339 |  | Same as C309. | L. F. Compensator |
| C340 to C379 |  | Not used. |  |
| C380 | 16-C-20906-7641 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECTROLYTIC: 1100 uf , $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 25 v DC working; JAN type CE41F112F. | 12 volt supply filter |
| C381 |  | Same as C380. | 12 volt supply filter |
| C382 |  | Same as C202. | Bias filter |
| C401 |  | Same as C309. | V401A plate decoupling |
| C402 |  | Same as C309. | V401A plate decoupling |
| C403 | 16-C-64036-4565 | CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: 4.5 to 25 uuf , 500 v DC working; JAN type CV11A250. | V401A grid to cathode feedback adjust |
| C404 | 16-C-25107-8756 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 5 uuf,$\pm 20 \%$ tolerance; 500 v DC working; JAN type CM20B050M. | V401A grid to cathode feedback |
| C405 | 16-C-27366-1201 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 39 uuf , $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance; 500 v DC working; JAN type CM20C390J. | V401A cathode bypass |
| C406 | 16-C-27582-1876 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 47 uuf , $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 500 v DC working; JAN type CM20B470K | V401B grid coupling |
| C407 |  | Same as C309. | V401B plate decoupling |
| C408 |  | Same as C309. | V401B cathode bypass |
| C409 | 16-C-33623-3169 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 0.01 uf , $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 1200 v DC working; JAN type CM50B103K. | Exciter, B+, RF by- pass |

table 8-1 table of replaceable parts (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| C410 |  | Same as C309 | V402 plate decoupler |
| C411 |  | Same'as C406 | V402 grid coupling |
| C412 |  | Same as C309 | V401B grid by-pass |
| C413 |  | Same as C309 | V402 grid by-pass |
| C414 |  | Same as C314 | V402 key wave shaping |
| C415 |  | Same as C309. | V402, V403 screen grid decoupler |
| C416 |  | Same as C309 | V402 screen grid decoupler |
| C417 |  | Same as C309 | V402 cathode by-pass |
| C418 |  | Same as C309 | V403 screen by-pass |
| C419 |  | Same as C406 | V403 grid coupling |
| C420 |  | Same as C309 | V403 cathode by-pass |
| C421 |  | Same as C406 | V404 grid coupler |
| C422 | 16-C-61031-2411 | CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, AIR DIELECTRIC: plate meshing type; 1 section; capacity, 147 uuf $\pm 10 \%$ max, 7.6 uuf $\pm 20 \%+2$ uuf min ; t uning characteristic SLC; over-all dim., excluding shaft and bushing, $1-3 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, $1-13 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1-7 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. high, bushing dim., $37 / 64$ in. $\lg , 3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia., $3 / 8-32$ thd, shaft dim., $15 / 64 \mathrm{in}$. $\mathrm{lg}, .25 \mathrm{in}$. dia; adjustment data, extension shaft adjustment, 180 deg. CW rotation of plates; plate data, 27 , aluminum and brass; data regarding "the mfr" Allen D. Cardwell Mfr. Corp., Part No. PL-6018-8, per Radiomarine Dwg. A-12002. | IPA TUNING |
| C423 | 16-C-63900-6761 | CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: 1.5 to 7 uuf , 500 v DC working; JAN type CV11A070. | V404 plate trimmer |
| C424 | 16-C-30115-6317 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 470 uf , $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 2500 v DC working; JAN type CM45B471K. | V403 plate tank |
| C425 | 16-C-47321-9648 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 0,5 uf , $+20 \%,-10 \%$ tolerance; 600 v DC working; JAN type CP53B1EF504V. | V405 keying wave shaping |
| C426 |  | Same as C309 . | V404 grid decoupler |
| C427 | . | Same as C202 | Aid closing of K402 |
| C428 |  | Same as C425 | V405 keying wave shaping |

TABLE 8-I TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | RANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| C429 | 16-C-29266-5041 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 200 uf, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance; 2500 v DC working; JAN type CM45B201J. | V404 plate padder |
| C430 |  | Same as C422 | IPA TUNING |
| C431 |  | Same as C309 | V404 cathode by-pass |
| C432 |  | Same as C309 | V405 screen grid bypass. |
| C433 | $16-e-31908-1564$ |  | V404 screen grid bypass |
| C434 | 16-C-27583-3917 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 47 uff, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 2500 v DC working; JAN type CM45B470K. | V407, V408 grid coupler |
| C435 |  | Same as C409 | V404 plate decoupler |
| C436 |  | Same as C409 | V407, V408 grid bypass |
| C437 | 16-C-49221-9660 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 2 uf , $+20 \%,-10 \%$ tolerance; 200 v DC working; JAN type CP53B1EC205V. | V407, V408 grid by pass |
| C438 | 16-C-48841-9495 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 1 uf , $+20 \%,-10 \%$ tolerance; 200 v DC working; JAN type CP53B1EC105V. | V406 cathode decoupler |
| C439 | 16-C-30193-5370 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MIC̄A DIELECTRIC: 510 uuf, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 500 v dc, 350 v ac, working; dim. , Ref. Dwg Group 1, Style 11-P, 0.447 in . dia, $23 / 64 \mathrm{in}$. long; Erie Resistor Corp., Type No. 370-FA. | V407 screen by-pass |
| C440 |  | Same as C439 | V407, V408 filament by-pass |
| C441 | 16-C-28558-1676 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 100 uf , $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 500 v DC working; JAN type CM20B101K. | V407 filament bypass |
| C442 | 16-C-33622-5588 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 0.01 uf , $10 \%$ tolerance; 300 v DC working; JAN type CM40B103K. | V407 filament bypass |
| C443 |  | Same as C439 | V407 screen by-pass |
| C444 |  | Same as C439 | V407, V408 filament by-pass |
| C445 |  | Same as C409 | V407, V408 filament by-pass |
| C446 |  | Same as C439 | V407, V408 screen by-pass |
| C447 |  | Same as C439 | V408 screen by-pass |

8-8

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock. Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| C448 |  | Same as C441 | V408 filament bypass |
| C449 |  | Same as C442 | V408 filament by- pass |
| C450 |  | Same as C439 | V408 screen bypass |
| C451 | 16-C-31087-3713 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 1000 uf $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance; 5000 v DC working; JAN type CM70B102JJ. | V407, V408 plate blocking |
| C452 | 16-C-62844-2701 | CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, AIR DIELECTRIC: plate meshing type; 2 sections; 165 uuf max, $\pm 10 \%, 23$ uf min, $\pm 20 \%+2$ uuf; tuning characteristic SLC; o/a dim. , $6-15 / 16 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 3-3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high, 4-1/4 in. wide; bushing dim., 7/16 in. $\lg , 3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia, 24 thd; shaft dim., beyond bushing, $1-1 / 16 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, .250 \mathrm{in}$. dia; adjustment data, extension shaft adjustment, 360 deg CW continuous tuning; plate data, 19 plates per section, iridite aluminium, data regarding "the mfr", Allen D. Carḍwell, Part No. PL-8066-1 per Radiomarine Dwg. No. B-31556. | P.A. TUNING |
| C453 | 16-C-15167-2251 | CAPACITOR, AIR DIELECTRIC: single section; capacitance data; 750 uuf, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; plate data;. 33 plates, aluminum, iridite \#14 per MIL-C-5541; over-all dim., 4-9/32 in. lg, 2-1/4 in. wide, 2-1/4 in. high; data regarding "the mfr", Allen D. Cardwell, Plainville, Conn. Part No. PL-9706-1; per Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-12004. | P.A. tank RF ground |
| C454 | 16-C-17696-2381 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: section data, working voltage data, 7.500 v DC, capacitance data, 200 unf, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; temperature coefficient data, 750 unf per uf per deg C neg temp coef; style no. 29-P, Ref Dwg Group 1; case data, insulated, dim. data, Ref Dwg Group 1, 1-9/32 in. dia, 1-15/32 in. lg; schematic diagram No. 1-R, Ref Dwg Group 1; data regarding a "typical mfr", Centralab, Div. of Globe Union, Milwaukee, Wisc., type 851, Cat. No. 851-200N. | P.A. tank RF ground |
| C455 | 16-C-60036-2174 | CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, AIR DIELECTRIC: plate meshing type; 1 section; capacity, 52 uuf max, 9 uif $\min$; straight line capacity tuning characteristic; 3500 v AC peak voltage at 4000 kc ; dim. data, over-all dim., excluding shaft and bushing, 2-11/16 in. $\mathrm{lg}, 2-5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 2-19/32 in. high, bushing dim., $3 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia, 24 threads per in., shaft dim. beyond bushing $1 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dia; adjustment data, shaft adjustment, 360 deg. continuous rotation; plate data, 8 plates per section; aluminum; data regarding 'the mfr', E. F. Johnson Co, Waseca, Minn. type 50E 30 per Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-12003. | P.A. TUNING |

table 8-1 TABLE of replaceable parts (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| C456 | 16-C-63082-3550 | CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, AIR DIELECTRIC: plate meshing type; two sections; capacity per section, 550 uf $\max +20 \%,+2$ uuf, 25 uf min, $\pm 10 \%$; tuning characteristic SLC; over-all dim., $2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 4-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $3-7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high, bushing dim., $7 / 16 \mathrm{in} .1 \mathrm{lg}, 3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia., 24 thread, shaft dim. beyond bushing, $3 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dia; adjustment data, extension shaft adjustment, 360 deg continuous tuning; plate data, 12 plates per section, brass; data regarding "the mfr",Allen D. Cardwell, Plainville, Conn., part No. PL-8345-1, per Radiomarine Dwg. B-31555. | Antenna COUPLING control |
| C457 | 16-C-61249-1213 | CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, AIR DIELECTRIC: plate meshing type; 1 section; capacity, 150 uuf max, 18 uuf min ; straight line capacity tuning characteristic; 3500 v AC peak voltage; dimensional data, over-all dim. excluding shaft and bushing, $2-29 / 32 \mathrm{in} .1 \mathrm{lg}, 4-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide $4-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. high; shaft dim. beyond bushing, $1 / 2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dia; adjustment data, shaft adjustment, 360 deg continuous rotation; data regarding "the mfr", E.F. Johnson Co., Waseca, Minn., type 150D35 per Radiomarine Dwg. No. B-31557. | Antenna tuning |
| C458 | 16-C-17088-6501 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: single section; working voltage data, $15,000 \mathrm{v}$ DC, capacitance data, 100 uuf, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; temperature coeffic ient data, 750 uuf per uf per dec C neg temp coef; case data, insulated, dim. data, Ref Dwg Group 1, $1-9 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. dia, $1-15 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. lg; two tapped hole type terminals; data regarding a "typical mfr', Centralab, Div. of Globe Union, Milwaukee, Wisc., type 851, Cat. No. 851-100N. | Antenna matching |
| C459 |  | Same as C458 | Antenna matching |
| C460 |  | Same as C454 | Antenna matching |
| C461 |  | Same as C442 | Filament line bypass |
| C462 |  | Same as C309 | RF input DC blocking capacitor |
| C463 | 16-C-44281-9613 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 0.05 uf $+20 \%,-10 \%$ tolerance; 600 v DC working; JAN type CP53B1EF503V. | V405 keying wave shaping |
| C464 | 16-C-31090-4164 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: 1000 uuf , $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 500 v DC working; JAN typeCM 30 BI 02 K . | V405 wave shaping |
| C465 | 16-C-48841-9635 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: 1 uf $+20 \%,-10 \%$ tolerance, 600 v DC working; JAN type CP53B1EF105V. | B401 phase splitter |
| C466 |  | Same as C403 | V403 plate band 5 and 7 trimmer |
| C467 |  | Same as C423 | V403 plate band 8, trimmer |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference | Standard Navy |  | Locating |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Symbol | Stock Number |  | Function |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| C468 <br> C469 <br> CR301 | 17-R-51401-8567 | Same as C423 <br> sameas e 45\% <br> RECTIFIER, METALLIC: selenium; half-wave, miniature; max. input voltage 130 v rms, $60 \mathrm{cps}, \mathrm{AC}$; DC output current 150 ma ; max peak inverse voltage 380 volts; approx rectifier drop 5 volts; 1-3/16 in. sq. 7/8 in. thk, 1-1/2 in. high, o/a; mts by one No. 6-32 screw; composed of 5 rect. cells w/No. 5 finish, Navy spec 17R10; Radio Receptor No. 5P1. | V403 plate band 6 and 9 trimmer <br>  P A bias supply |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| CR302 | 17-R-51054-4923 | RECTIFIER, METALLIC: selenium; designed for single phase full wave bridge circuit Fig. 1, MBCA, Ref Dwg Group 23; Input data, 26 v AC, single phase; output data 20 v DC, 3.2 amp max. current,full-wave rectification; over-all dim. 3-3/4 in. lg, 3 in . wide, 3-9/16 in. high; data regarding "the mfr", Radio Receptor Co., Inc; Seletron Division, N. Y.C., Part No. U1B1S5F. | 12 volt rectifier |
| CR401 | 16-T-51734-10 | CRYSTAL UNIT, RECTIFYING: germanium type; 40 ma maximum continuous forward current; 60 volts peak inverse voltage; 1.0 uuf shunt capacitance; Spec. No. | Keying supply |
|  |  | JAN-1A; Sylvania Type 1N-34A. |  |
| CR402 |  | Same as CR401 | Keying supply |
| CR403 |  | Same as CR301 | V406 cathode bias |
| E101 | 17-I-47417-4221 | INSULATOR, BOWL: material data, ceramic, JAN-I-10 grade L-4, white; dim. , MBCA Ref Dwg Group 9, $1-9 / 16$ in. i.d., $7 / 16$ in. center hole, $2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. o.d., $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. lg. flange, $1-5 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{o}$ a height; spec data, JAN-I-8, JAN type NS5W4601 ; data regarding a 'typical mfr', American Lava Corp., Chattanooga, Tenn. Cat. No. 1158. | Cabinet top, antenna mounting post |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E} 102 \\ & (2 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ | 17-I-070281-6231 | INSULATOR, STAND-OFF: ceramic; $1 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 1 \mathrm{in}$. wide 1 in . high; Spec. No. JAN-I-8; JAN Type NS5W1408. | Antenna contact support |
| E103 |  | Same as E102 | High voltage pick-up support |
| E104 |  | Not used. |  |
| E105 |  | Not used. |  |
| E106 | "manufacture and assemble locally" | CONTACT, ELECTRICAL: movable connector; brass per MIL-B-895; silver plated. 0005 in . thick; 1-1/2 in. $\mathrm{lg}, 1 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. thick; Radiomarine Dwg. A-11907. | Ground connection for T408/URT-12 |
| E107 | "manufacture and assemble locally" | CONTACT, ELECTRICAL: moveable connector, blade spring; phosphor bronze per MIL-B-892; silver plated .0005 in . thick; $1-1 / 2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg} ; 11 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. wide upper end, tapers to $5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide lower end, .020 in . thick; Radiomarine Dwg. A-11904. | H.V. contact |
| E-108 | "manufacture and assemble locally" | CONTACT, ELECTRICAL: brass per MIL-B-895; silver plated . 0005 in . thick; L-shaped, one leg 1-7/16 in. lg., other leg $7 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \lg ., 3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, . 091 in . thick, Radiomarine Dwg. A-11901. | RF contact |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)


TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | KADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| E402 | "for reference only" | SUPPRESSOR, PARASITIC: resistor and coil type; 3 turns of No. 10 AWG copper, silver plated wire; 2-7/8 in. lg , by $7 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. i. d.; includes one 47 ohm resistor (R-459); Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-11983-2. | V404 plate suppressor |
| E403 | "for reference only" | SUPPRESSOR, PARASITIC: resistor and coil type; 8 turns of No. 14 AWG copper, silver plated wire; 1 in . by $5 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. i.d.; includes one 22 ohm resistor ( $\mathrm{R}-462$ ); Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-11984. | V407 grid suppressor |
| E404 | "for reference only" | SUPPRESSOR, PARASITIC: resistor and coil type; 3 turns of No. 10 AWG copper, silver plated wire; $2-1 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, by $7 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. i.d.; includes: one 47 ohm resistor (R460); one coil Radiomarine Dwg A-11983-1, one strap Radiomarine Dwg A-11982; per Radiomarine Dwg B-31517. | V407 plate suppressor |
| E405 |  | Same as E404 | V408 plate suppressor |
| E406 |  | Same as E403 | V408 grid suppressor |
| E407 <br> (2 ea) |  | Same as E302 | V407, V408 plate connectors |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { E408 } \\ & (4 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ | 17-I-69173-7115 | INSULATOR, STAND-OFF: ceramic; $5 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, by 1/2 in. dia; JAN Type NS5W0205; per Spec. JAN-I-8. | C456 differential capacitor mtg. |
| E409 | 17-I-69175-7136 | INSULATOR, STAND-OFF: ceramic; $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. dia, by $3 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \lg ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \lg .8-32$ thd each end; Spec No. JAN-I-8; JAN Type NS5W0206. | Support for power amplifier coils L421, L422 |
| E410 | 17-I-69180-7092 | INSULATOR, STAND-OFF: ceramic; $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. dia. by 1-1/4 in. lg; Spec.No. JAN-I-8; JAN Type NS5W0210. | V404 plate suppressor stand-off |
| E411 | 17-I-69178-7156 | INSULATOR, STAND-OFF: ceramic; $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. dia. by $1 \mathrm{in} . \lg ; 3 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \lg$, by $8-32$ thd each end; Spec No. JAN-I-8; JAN Type NS5W0208. | Mounts C451 |
| E412 | 17-I-69183-7055 | INSULATOR, STAND-OFF: ceramic; $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. dia. by 1-1/2 in. lg; 3/8 in. lg, 8-32 thd each end; Spec No. JAN-I-8; JAN Type NS5W0212. | Mounts C451 |
| E413 | 17-I-69218-9511 | INSULATOR, STAND-OFF: ceramic; 3/4 in. dia, by 3 in. lg; Spec. No. JAN-I-8; JANType NS5W0324. | E404, E405 mounting |
| E414 | 17-I-70388-6212 | INSULATOR, STAND-OFF: ceramic; 3 in . high by 1 in . wide by 1 in . lg ; Spec No. JAN-I-8; JAN Type NS5W1424. | Antenna pick-up |
| E415 | 17-I-70387-6347 | INSULATOR, STAND-OFF: ceramic; $1 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, by 1 in . wide, by $2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. high; Spec No. JAN-I-8; JAN Type NS5W1420. | High voltage pick-up |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E} 416 \\ & (2 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ |  | Same as E202 | R456 mounting |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| E417 | 17-I-69154-6200 | INSULATOR, STAND-OFF: ceramic; $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia., by $1 / 2$ in. $\lg ; 5 / 32$ in. $\lg 632$ thd each end; Spec No. JAN-I-8; JAN Type NS5W0104. | L401 mounting |
| E418 |  | Same as E412 | Antenna tubing support |
| E419 (2 ea) |  | Same as E409 | S406 mounting |
| E420 |  | Not used |  |
| E421 |  | Same as E301 | Shield for V401 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E} 422 \\ & (3 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ | 16-S-34607-6039 | SHIELD, ELECTRON TUBE: brass, cylindrical shape; $2-1 / 4$ in. by $13 / 16$ in dia; twist lock mounting; Spec No. JAN-S-28A; JAN Type TS102U03. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Shield for V402 } \\ & \text { V403, V406 } \end{aligned}$ |
| E423 <br> (2 ea) | 17-C-800487-451 | CLIP, ELECTRICAL: brass, nickel plated; $1 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, $7 / 16$ in. wide, $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high; solder lip type connection; for $3 / 8$ in. dia tube cap; National Co, Malden, Mass; Part No. 24. | V404, V405 plate connections |
| E424 | "manufacture and assembie locally" | ARRESTOR, ELECTTRICAL SURGE: air-gap type, for inside use; o/a dim. excluding protruding screw, $2-1 / 4$ in. lg, 1 in . w de, 2-3/8 in. high; one terminal solder lug type, c/o cold rolled steel frame w/ceramic insulation and acorn nuts and screws used as terminals; Radiomarine Dwg. No. B-31536. | Spark gap |
| E425 | 17-I-69160-6215 | INSULATOR, STAND-OFF: ceramic; $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia, 1 in . $\lg ; 3 / 8$ in. $\lg 6-32$ thd each end; Spec No. JAN-I-8; JAN Type NS5W0108. | L. F. choke insulator |
| E426 | "manufacture and assemble locally" | CONTACT, ELECTRICAL: silver plated brass; o/a dim., $1-1 / 2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $7 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. high; Radiomarine Dwg. A-11902. | H. V. pick-up |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E} 427 \\ & (2 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ |  | Same as E417 | Mts R466 |
| E428 |  | Same as E417 | Tie Points for R450 and R451 |
| $\begin{aligned} & E 429 \\ & (2 \text { ea) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Same as E411 | Mts for S406 |
| E430 |  | Same as E203 | Tie points |
| E431 | "manufacture and assemble locally" | LEAD, ELECTRICAL:brass, nickel plated, o/a dim,0. 750 in. $\mathrm{lg}, 0.312 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 0.015 in . thick; two 0.156 in . dia. holes located on 0.437 in . by 0.156 in . centers;Kulka Electrical inîg. Part Ño. 6 ̂̂í. | Terminal board jumper |
| E432 | 17-C-67444-1285 | CONNECTOR,ADAPTER: 1 contact, male, round, one contact, female, round;angle type, 90 deg. angle;overall dim., $1-9 / 16 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 1-7 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dia;body data, L-shaped, die cast zinc material, silver plated;American Phenalic Corp. Part No. 83-1AP. | Interconnector for J404 and P101 |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference <br> Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| F201 | 17-F-17411 | FUSE, CARTRIDGE: $2 \mathrm{amp}, 250 \mathrm{v}$ AC, instantaneous; ferrule type, $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia. by $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. lg; laminated body; non-renewable fuse; indicating type; o/a 1-1/2 in. lg , by $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia; Bussmann Mfg.Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Type MIN <br> (2 amp, 250v) | Filament supply fuse |
| F202 | 17-F-17419 | FUSE, CARTRIDGE: $10 \mathrm{amp}, 250 \mathrm{v} \mathrm{AC}$, instantaneous; ferrule type, $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia.by $3 / 8 \mathrm{in} \mathrm{lg}$; laminated body; non-renewable fuse; indicating type; o/a 1-1/2 in. lg. by $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia; Bussmann Mfg. Co., St. Louis, Mo; Type MIN ( $10 \mathrm{amps}, 250 \mathrm{v}$ ) | H. V.transformer fuse |
| F203 | 17-F-17410 | FUSE, CARTRDGE: $1 \mathrm{amp}, 250 \mathrm{v} \mathrm{AC}$, instantaneous; ferrule type, $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia.by $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. lg; laminated body; non-renewable fuse, indicating type; o/a 1-1/2 in. lg. by $3 / 8$ in. dia; Bussmann Mfg. Co., St. Louis, Mo; Type MIN ( $1 \mathrm{amp}, 250 \mathrm{v}$ ) | Fectifier filament supply fuse |
| F204 | 17-F-17412 | FUSE, CARTRIDGE: $3 \mathrm{amps}, 250 \mathrm{v}$ AC, instantaneous; ferrule type, $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia.by $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. lg ; laminated body; non-renewable fuse, indicating type; o/a 1-1/2 in. lg, by $3 / 8$ in dia; Bussmann Mfg. Co., St. Louis, Mo; Type MIN ( $3 \mathrm{amps}, 250 \mathrm{v}$ ) | L. V. transformer fuse |
| F205 | $17-F-17410$ |  | 115 volt control circuit fuse. |
| F206 | 17-F-17424-5 | FUSE,CARTRIDGE: electrical rating, 15 amps , $250 \mathrm{v} A C$; operating data, instantaneous; terminal data, ferrule type, dimensions $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia, $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. lg ; enclosed type, la minated body; one time; indicating, pin extends from end of fuse when fuse is blown; overall dim., $1-1 / 2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia; data regarding a "typical mfr" Bussmann Mfg. Co.,St. Louis, Mo., Type MIN ( 15 amps 250 v AC ). | Line fuse |
| F207 |  | Same as F206 | Line fuse |
| F208 |  | Same as F20s $\sim \sim 205$ | Auxiliary control circuit fuse |
| F209 |  | Same as F202 | H.V.spare fuse |
| F210 |  | Same as F204 | L. V. spare fuse |
| F211 |  | Same as F203 20,5 | Control circuit spare fuse |
| F212 |  | Same as F206 | Line fuse spare |
| F213 |  | Same as F206 | Line fuse spare |
| F214 |  | Same as F201 | Filament supply fuse spare |
| F215 |  | Same as F2ol | Rectifier filament supply fuse spare |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)


TABLE 8-I TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| J201 | 17-C-73641-4988 | CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE: 28 contacts; single connector mating end; contact data, Sect A, Ref Dwg Group 206,28 , male contacts, style $10,10 \mathrm{amps}, 920 \mathrm{v} \mathrm{AC}$, working; arc resistant plastic; straight shape; o/a dim. excluding protruding contacts, $3-3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. $\mathrm{lg}, 1-11 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 1-7/64 in. high; non-locking type; data regarding 'the mfr', Cannon Electric Co., Los Angeles, Calif. , Part No. DPD-B28-34P-A 29, Type L. | Interconnection receptacle |
| J301 | 17-J-39248-4418 | JACK, TELEPHONE: for 2 conductor plug; J1 contact arrangement, MBCA Ref Dwg Group 4; JAN Type JJ-034. | KEY jack |
| J302 | 17-J-39527-8576 | JACK, TELEPHONE: for 2 conductor plug; J7 contact arrangement, MBCA Ref Dwg Group 4; JAN Type JJ-101. | HEADSET jack |
| J303 | 17-J-39435-6234 | JACK, TELEPHONE: for 3 conductor plug; contact arrangement J2, MBCA Ref Dwg Group 4; 3/8 in. dia mtg hole; JAN Type JJ-033. | MICROPHONE jack |
| J304 |  | Same as J201 | Interconnection receptacle |
| J305 | 17-J-40913-3611 | JACK ASSEMBLY, TIP: individual tip jack data, 2 contacts, Birnback Radio Co., Tip Jack, Cat. No. 403; plastic mtg frame; o/a dim. excluding terminals, 2-7/8 in. $\lg , 1-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high, mtg data, panel mounted, two $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. holes $2-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. c to c ; data regarding 'the mfr', Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. B-32142. | Interchassis connector |
| J306 | 17-C-73649-6376 | CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE: 32 contacts; 1 connector mating end; contact data, Sect A, Ref Dwg Group 206, 32 , male contacts, style $19,5 \mathrm{amps}, 600 \mathrm{v}$ DC; arc resistant plastic: straight shape; o/a dim. excluding protruding contacts, $3-51 / 64 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $7 / 8$ in. high; non-locking; data regarding a 'typical mfr", American Phenolic Corp, Chicago, Ill, Part No. 26-159-32 . | Interchassis connector |
| J401 | 17-C-73345-5841 | CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE: 32 contacts; 1 connector mating end; contact data, Sect. A, Ref Dwg Group 206, 32 , female, style $19,5 \mathrm{amps}, 600 \mathrm{v}$ DC, working; arc resistant plastic; straight shaped; o/a dim., 3-51/64 in. lg, $7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $27 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. high; non-locking type; data regarding a "typical mfr", American Phenolic Corp, Chicago, Ill, Part No. 26-190-32. | Interchassis connector |
| J402 | 17-P-63658-4871 | PLUG ASSEMBLY, TIP: individual tip plug data, 2 contacts, Bud Radio Inc., Tip plug, Cat, No. PL469; plastic mtg. frame; o/a dim. excluding terminals, $2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. lg, $1-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1-3 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. high; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. Of America, Dwg. No. B-32141. | Interchassis connector |
| J403 | 17-C-73108-5875 | CONNECTOR RECEPTACLE: one female round contact; straight type; o/a $\operatorname{dim} .1-1 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 1 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 1 in . high; radio frequency connector; cylindrical $\mathrm{w} /$ square mounting flange; 4 mtg holes .125 in . in dia, located on $23 / 32$ in. by $23 / 32$ in. centers; Army-Navy No. 49194; American Phenolic Corp, Chicago, Ill; No. 83-1R | External M. O. connection |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Roference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| J404 |  | Same as J403 | Interconnection cable receptacle |
| J405 |  | Same as J402 | Interchassis connector |
| J406 |  | Same as J403 | Interconnection cable receptacle |
| K201 | 17-R-64362-8106 | RELAY, ARMATURE: contact data, nonpile-up type, two pole/two throw, single break, dc, 26.5 v DC noninductive, 10 amps ; coil data, 1 inductive winding, ac, 450 ohms $\pm 10 \%$ resistance of winding, 115 V nom. operating voltage, $5 \mathrm{ma}, 60$ cycles; over-all dimensions, $2.750 \pm .062 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 2.375 \pm .031 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1.562 \pm$ 062 in . high; data regarding a "typical mfr", Advance Electric and Relay Co., Burbank, California, Spec. No. 3433-1Y. | High voltage plate contactor |
| K202 |  | Same as K201 | Low voltage plate contactor |
| K203 | 17-R-68348-8241 | RELAY, MOTOR DRIVEN: SPDT; motor data, ac, synchronous type, $115 \mathrm{v}, 60 \mathrm{cyc} ; 2$ term for motor, 2 term for cont, time delay data, adjustable type, 0 to 60 sec time range, 0 to 60 sec dial range; reset facilities are provided; o/a dim., excl term, $3 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{w}$, $2-9 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. h ; special features, cont rating, 10 amps , 115 v , ac; Advance Electric and Relay Co, Spec. No. 3019-4. | Plate contact time delay |
| K204 | 17-R-63997-7103 | RELAY, ARMATURE: contact data, nonpile-up type, 2 PST normally open, single break, dc, 26.5 v noninductive, 10 amp ; coil data, 1 inductive winding, ac, 250 ohms $\pm 10 \%$ resistance of winding, 60 V nominal operating voltage, $4 \mathrm{ma}, 60$ cycles; over-all dim., $2.750 \pm .062 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 2.375 \pm .031 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1.562 \pm$ .062 in. high; data regarding a "typical mfr", Advance Electric and Relay Co., Burbank, California, Spec. No. 3434 Y . | Start-stop relay |
| K301 | 17-R-65545-1001 | RELAY, ARMATURE: contact data, contact arrangement 1C, MBCA Ref Dwg Group 4; dc, 26.5 v noninductive winding, dc, $10,000 \mathrm{ohms} \pm 10 \%$ resistance of winding, 100 v nom. operating voltage, 1 ma ; overall dim., $1.578 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 1.313 \pm .030 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 1.375 in. high; data regarding a "typical mfr", Advance Electric and Relay Co., Burbank, California, Spec. No. 3932Y. | Modulator bias protection |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| K302 | 17-R-65262-2455 | RELAY, ARMATURE: contact data, contact arrangement 4C, MBCA Ref Dwg Group 4, dc, 26.5 v non-inductive, 2 amps ; coil data, 1 winding, 1 inductive winding, dc, 1000 ohms $\pm 10 \%$ resistance of winding, 32 v nom operating voltage, 32 ma ; over-all dim. , 1.563 $\pm .031 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 1.313 \pm .062 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1.563 \pm .062 \mathrm{in}$. high; data regarding a "typical mfr"; Advance Electric and Relay Co., Burbank, Calif., Spec. No. 3834 Y. | C ircuit change-over and keying indication |
| K303 | 17-R-64833-5155 | RELAY, ARMATURE: contact data, arrangement 1A, Ref Dwg Group 4, ac, dc; coil data, 1 inductive winding, dc, 100 ohms $\pm 10 \%$ resistance of winding, 100 ma dc max operating current, 1 inductive winding, dc, 100 ohms $\pm 10 \%$ resistance of winding, 12 v operating voltage; over-all dim., $3-1 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 1-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1-5 / 8 \pm 1 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. high; data regarding a "typical mfr", Advance Electric and Relay Co., Spec No. 3484 Y. | Modulator overload relay |
| K304 |  | Same as K303 | P A overload |
| K401 | 17-R-65547-5401 | RELAY, ARMATURE: contact data, contact arrangement 1C, 1D, MBCA Ref Dwg Group 4, ac, dc, 24 v dc or 115 v ac non-inductive loads, 1.5 amp ; coil data, 1 winding, 1 inductive winding, de, 10,000 ohms $\pm 10 \%$ resistance of winding, 100 v operating voltage, 10 ma ; over-all dimensions, $1-9 / 16 \pm 1 / 32 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 1-5 / 16 \pm$ $1 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1-7 / 16 \pm 1 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. high; data regarding a 'typical mfr", Advance Electric and Relay Co., Burbank, Calif., Spec. No. 3473Y. | Keying relay |
| K402 | 17-R-65315-2401 | RELAY, ARMATURE: contact data, nonpile-up type, 3 poles, 1 normal open, 2 double-throw, single and double break contacts, dc, 26.5 v non-inductive, 10 amps; coil data, 1 inductive winding, dc, 400 ohms $\pm 10 \%$ resistance of winding, 32 v nom operating voltage, 80 ma ; over-all dim., 3.937 in. lg., 2.812 in . wide, $1.687 \pm .062 \mathrm{in}$. high; data regarding a 'typical mfr', Advance Electric and Relay Co., Burbank, Calif., Spec. No. 3836 Y. | A ntenna change over |
| L201 | 16-R-29190-6875 | REACTOR: fixed inductance type; coil data, 8 henries inductance, 250 ma DC, 100 ohms DC resistance; 3 kv rms insulation test voltage, winding to case; dim., MBCA Ref Dwg Group 12, 3-3/4 in. $\lg , 3-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 4-15/16 in. high; gov't spec data, MIL, MIL-T-27; TF1A04YY; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. B-207. | Low voltage filter |
| L202 |  | Same as L201 | Low voltage filter |
| L203 | 16-R-29952-8277 | REACTOR: swinging inductance type; coil data, 7.5 to 34 henries inductance, 250 to 50 ma DC, 85 ohms DC resistance; 5 kv rms insulation test voltage, winding to case; dim., MBCA Ref Dwg Group 12, 4-3/8 in. $\lg , 5$ in. wide, 5 in. high; gov't spec. data, MIL, MIL-T-27, TF1A04YY; data regarding 'the mfr", Radiomarine Corporation of America, N.Y.C., Dwg. No. B-206. | High voltage filter |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locafing Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
|  |  | Same as L201 | High voltage filter |
| L301 | 16-R-29086-4503 | REACTOR: fixed inductance type; coil data, 5 henries inductance, 60 ma DC, 80 ohms DC resistance; 500 v rms insulation test voltage, winding to case; dim., MBCA Ref Dwg Group 12, $1-7 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 1-7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $2-7 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. high; gov't spec data, MIL, MIL-T-27, TF1A04YY; data regarding "the mfr ", Radiomarine Corp. of America, N. Y.C., Dwg. No. B-214. | Microphone supply filter |
| L302 | 16-R-29873-1032 | SATURABLE REACTOR: supply winding data, 110 v , not center tapped, 50 to 60 cycles, single phase, 0.22 amp max. current rating; control winding data, 0.72 ohms $\pm 15 \%$ dc resistance, 1.1 amps max. current rating, 1.1 dc saturation current; case data, hermetically sealed, metal; o/a dim., 2-5/8 in. $\mathrm{lg}, 2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $3-3 / 4 \pm 1 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. high; 4 terminals, solder lug type; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. B-393. | 12 volt power supply regulator |
| L303 | 16-R-28882-9641 | REACTOR: fixed inductance type; coil data, 0.1 henries inductance, 1.2 amps DC, 1.7 ohms DC resistance; 500 v rms hipot voltage; dim., MBCA Ref Dwg Group 12, $3-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. high, $2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 2-3 / 16$ in wide; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. B-321. | 12 volt filter |
| L401 | 16-C-74387-3600 | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: 3 pie, universal wound; $1 \mathrm{mh}, 300 \mathrm{ma}, 10 \mathrm{ohms}$ DC resistance; 17/32 in. dia, by $1-7 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, excluding two $1 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 6-32$ mounting studs; per spec JAN-C-173; grade B per spec 16C38 (Ships); National Co. Inc; Malden, Mass; Part No. R-300ST; per Dwg. No. SD5868. | V401A cathode choke |
| L402 | 16-C-74123-5201 | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, universal wound, 276 turns, no. 30 AWG, single nylon enameled, 470 uh at $790 \mathrm{KC}, 12.1$ ohms DC resistance, 100 ma ; molded phenolic coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminals, $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. OD, $1 / 2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; data regarding "the mfr", Cambridge Thermionic Corp., Cambridge, Mass., Part No. X-2082-12. | V401B plate peaking |
| L403 | 16-C-73534-2083 | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, universal wound, 49 turns, no. 36 AWG, single nylon enameled, 48 uh at $2.5 \mathrm{mc}, 3.4$ ohms DC resistance; laminat thermosetting plastic coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminals and mtg attachments, $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. OD, $1-1 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; data regarding "the mfr ', Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. A-12031, part 2. | V402 grid peaking |
| L404 | 16-C-73701-5753 | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, universal wound, 66 turns, no. 36 AWG, single nylon enameled, 90 uh at $2.5 \mathrm{mc}, 4.4$ ohms DC resistance; laminated thermosetting plastic coil form; over-ail dim., excluding terminals and mtg attachments, $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. OD, $1-1 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. A-12031, part 3. | V402 plate peaking |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Roference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating <br> Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RA | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| L405 | 16-C-73452-5021 | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, universal wound, 42 turns, No. 36 AWG, single layer wound, 35 uh at $2.5 \mathrm{mc}, 2.8$ ohms DC resistance; laminated thermosett ing plastic coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminal and $m$ tg attachments, $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. $O D$, $1-1 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corporation of America, NYC, Dwg No. A-12031 Part 1. | V403 grid peaking |
| L406 | 16-C-76347-2173 | COIL , RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, <br> single layer wound, 13 turns, no. 16 AWG, enamel insulation, 0.008 ohms DC resistance; mica filled bakelite form; over-all dim., excluding terminals, mtg. attachments, and tuning devices, $5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. OD, 1-13/16 in. lg.; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-11994 part 1. | V403 plate tuningband 6, and 9 |
| L407 | 16-C-76378-8408 | COIL , RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, single layer wound, 15 turns, no. 18 AWG, enamel insulation, 0.015 ohms DC resistance; mica filled bakelite form; over-all dim., excluding terminals, mtg. attachments, and tuning devices, $5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. $\mathrm{OD}, 1-13 / 16$ in. lg ; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-11994 part II. | V403 plate tuningband 5 and 7 |
| L408 |  | Same as L407 | V403 plate tuningband 8 |
| L409 | 16-C-76503-5925 | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, single layer wound, 101 turns, no. 34 AWG, enamel insulation, 1.9 ohms DC resistance; ceramic coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminals and mtg. attachments, $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dia, $1 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; data regarding 'the mfr', Radiomarine Corporation of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-11995. | V404 grid choke |
| L410 | 16-C-72748-6421 | COIL , RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, single layer wound, 15 turns, no. 14 AWG, silver plate 0.0005 in. thick, 0.005 ohms DC resistance, tapped at 6-1/4, 9-1/4 turns; laminated thermosetting plastic coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminals and mtg. attachments, $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. OD, $2-5 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-12032. | V404 plate tuning band 7, 8, and 9 |
| L411 | 16-C-76391-2164 | COIL , RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, single layer wound, 16 turns, no. 18 AWG, enamel insulated, 0.03 ohms DC resistance; mica filled bakelite; over-all dim., excluding terminals, mtg. attachments, and tuning devices, $5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. OD, $1-13 / 16$ in. lg ; data regarding "the mfr ", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-11994, part 3. | V404 plate tuningband 6 |
| L412 |  | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, single layer wound, 19 turns, no. 20 AWG, enamel insulated, mica filled bakelite; o/a dim., 5/8 in. OD, $1-13 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. lg; Radiomarine Dwg No. A-11994, part 4. | V404 plate tuning band 5 |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| L413 | 16-C-76445-9707 | TRANSFORMER, R F: individual winding data, single layer wound, 31-3/4 turns, no. 20 AWG, enamel insulation, 0.07 ohms DC resistance, tapped at $12-1 / 8$ turns; laminated thermosetting plastic coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminals and mtg. attachments, $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. OD, $2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-12037. | V404 plate tuningband 3 and 4 |
| L414 | 16-C-76503-1493 | TRANSFORMER, RF: individual winding data; single layer wound, 54-3/4 turns, No. 26 AWG, enamel insulation, 0.5 ohms DC resistance, tapped at 19-7/8 turns; laminated thermosetting plastic coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminals and mtg. attach ments, $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. OD, $2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. lg; data regarding 'the $\mathrm{mfr}^{\prime \prime}$, Radiomarine Corp., of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-12036. | V404 plate tuningband 1 and 2 |
| L415 |  | Same as L401 | PA grid choke |
| L416 | 16-C-76503-2178 | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, single layer wound, 62 turns, no. 30 AWG, enamel insulation, 1.3 ohms DC resistance; laminated thermosetting plastic coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminals and mtg. attachments, $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. $\mathrm{OD}, 1-7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. lg ; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-12033. | PA grid choke |
| L417 | 16-R-29269-8706 | REACTOR: fixed inductance type; coil data, 12 henries inductance, $100 \mathrm{ma} \mathrm{DC}, 550$ ohms DC resistance; 1.5 kv rms insulation test voltage winding to case; dim., MBCA Ref Dwg. Group 12, 2-1/2 in. lg, $2-5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $3-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. high; gov't spec. MIL, MIL-T-27, TF1A20YY; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No.B-210. | PA screen choke |
| L418 |  | Same as L409 | PA screen choke |
| L419 | 16-C-74394-9401 | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, <br> 5 -pie universal wound, 1 mh inductance at 1 mc , 5. 2 ohms dc resistance, 500 ma ; steatite coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminals, mtg. attachments and tuning devices, $1-1 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. dia., 2-7/8 in. lg; data regarding a "typical mfr", E. F. Johnson Co., Waseca, Minn., Part No. 102-752. | PA plate choke |
| L420 | 16-C-73646-2387 | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, single layer wound, 70 turns, no. 26 AWG, enamel insulation, 0.6 ohms DC resistance; laminated thermosetting plastic coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminals and mtg. attachments, $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. $O D, 2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. ig; data regarding "the mir'", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-12035. | PA plate choke |
| 4432 |  | Coil, PF F turns of $3 / 10$ sivel pistol eopper twoing; terminal mounted by zwo $5 / 32$ in drill holes, one Ok e>eh on <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PAmodiua } \\ & \text { fiverencil } \\ & \text { z bun } \\ & \text { cirenit } \end{aligned}$ |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| L421 | 16-C-73149-6509 | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, single layer wound, 12-1/2 turns, copper tubing, $3 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. OD by . 032 in . wall, tapped at 5 and 8 turns; laminated thermosetting plastic coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminals and mtg. attachments, $2-1 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. OD, $4-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. lg ; data regarding "the mfr ", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-12039. | PA medium frequency tank circuit |
| L422 | 16-C-72504-6894 | COIL , RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, <br> single layer wound, 34 turns, no. 12 AWG silver plate . 0005 in .; 0.014 ohms DC resistance, tapped at 10, 19 and 28 turns; over-all dim., excluding terminals and mtg. attachments, $2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{OD}, 5 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-12040. | PA low frequency tank circuit |
| L423 | 16-C-71786-4568 | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, single layer wound, 4-5/6 turns, copper tubing $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. OD by. 032 in . wall; over-all dim., excluding terminals and mtg. attachments, $2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. $\mathrm{OD}, 2-3 / 4$ in. lg; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-12041. | PA high frequency tank circuit |
| L424 | "manufacture and assemble locally" | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: $1 / 2$ turn, $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. OD, silver plated copper tubing terminal mounted by 3 mtg holes, one No. 18 drill hole and two No. 7 drill holes; Radiomarine Dwg. No. B-31534. | Link coupling |
| L425 | "manufacture and assemble locally" | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: 3-1/2 turns of $3 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. OD silver plated copper tubing, tapped at $1-1 / 2$ turns; terminal mounted by 2 No. 25 drill holes; Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-11998. | Antenna tuning coil |
| L426 | 16-C-72094-7554 | TRANSFORMER, R F: <br> individual winding data, <br> single layer wound, 11 turns, $1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. OD silver plated copper tubing, tapped at 7 turns; laminated thermosetting plastic coil form; over-all dim.; excluding terminals and mtg attachments, 2 in . OD, $3-5 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; data regarding "the mfr', Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-12038. | Antenna tuning coil |
| L427 | 16-C-72495-9561 | TRANSFORMER, R F: individual winding data, single layer wound, 33-1/2 turns, no. 12 AWG, 0.043 ohms DC resistance, tapped at $8,15,20,25$, and 29 turns; ceramic coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminals and mtg. attachments, 3 in . OD, $6 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; data regarding 'the mfr ', Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. B-31538. | Antenna tuning coil |
| L428 | 16-C-76614-6050 | COIL , RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, <br> single layer wound, No. 14 AWG, 10 u henries max. inductance; steatite coil form; over-all dim., excluding terminals, mtg. attachments and tuning devices, 4-1/2 in. $\lg , 2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $2-31 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. high; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. A-12005. | ANTENNA VERNIER |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| L429 | 16-C-72666-5362 | TRANSFORMER, R F: individual winding data, single layer wound, 80 turns, no. 32 AWG, enamel insulation, 2.6 ohms DC resistance, tapped at 38 turns; laminated thermosetting plastic coil form; over-all dim. excluding terminals and mtg attachments, $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. OD, $2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. A-12034. | V403 plate load on bands 1,2,3,4 |
| L430 | 'manufacture and assemble locally" | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: 2-1/8 turns of No. 10 bare tinned copper wire; one solder lug terminal, one wire lead terminal; Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-11999. | A ntenna tuning coil |
| $L 431$ $6-432$ | $16-\mathrm{C}-72666-8231$ $P ⿰ y 幺$ \% | COIL, RADIO FREQUENCY: individual winding data, <br> single layer wound, 100 turns, no. 26 AWG, enamel insulation; laminated thermosetting plastic GMG tubing per spec MIL-P-79; over-all dim., excluding terminals and mounting attachments, $3 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dia; data regarding "the mfr" Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. A-12047. | PA plate choke |
| M301 | 17-M-19632-1041 | AMMETER: round, molded phenolic case for use on non-magnetic panel; 0-50 ma DC; black markings and pointer on white background; shatterproof glass; JAN Type MR25W050DCMA. | P A GRID current |
| M302 | 17-M-19806-1051 | AMMETER: mounted type, panel mounted; circuit application, DC; scale data, marked "milliamperes", 0 to 300 cw , graduated in increments of 10, marked "DC" $\pm 2 \%$ accuracy at full scale reading; sensitivity data, 150 millivolts drop across terminals; 0.16 ohms resistance across terminals; calibrated for use on nonmagnetic panel; self-contained; govt spec data, MIL, MIL-M-6A, Type MR25W300DCMA; "typical mfr", Weston Electrical Instrument Corp., Newark, N.J., Type 506. | P A CATHODE current |
| M303 |  | Same as M302 | MOD. CATHODE current |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{N} 401 \\ & (4 \mathrm{Ea}) \end{aligned}$ | "for reference only" | DIAL, SCALE: 0 to 100 divisions plotted on 180 deg . of dia; aluminum black anodize, white lettering; 2-3/4 in. dia; 3 mtg holes 120 deg . apart located on $13 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. radius; Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-12008. | por P A tuning, I P A.tuning, antenna tuning, coupling |
| N402 | "for reference only" | CHART, CALIBRATION: crystal tuning chart; o/a dim. 6-9/32 in. by 3 in . ; Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-12000. | Crystal tuning chart |
| N403 | "for reference only" | CHART: operating instructions; laminated thermosetting plastic; o/a dim., 4-1/2 in. $\lg , 3 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $3 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. thick; Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-12001. | Operating instructions |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0201 \\ & (2 \mathrm{Ea}) \end{aligned}$ | 16-K-700350-485 | KNOB; phenolic; black; dimensional data, 1-5/8 in. lg over-all, $1-7 / 16$ in. max od, $7 / 8$ in. thk over-all; Radiomarine Dwg No. A-14039. | Knob for S201, S202 |

table 8-1 table of replaceable parts (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} 202 \\ & (4 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ | 16-C-300570-863 | CLAMP, ELECTRICAL: electron tube clamp, type 302 stainless steel; 3-1/8 in. dia, o/a w/clip in open position, $1-3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. id closed, $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. high, single mtg. hole for No. 10 machine screw; Birtchers Part No. 926-C-5. | Clamp for V201, V202, V203, V204 |
| 0301 |  | Same as O201 | Emission selector knob |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} 302 \\ & (2 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ | 16-K-700311-139 | KNOB: phenolic; black; dim. data, 1-5/32 in. lg overall, 1 in . max. od, $5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. thick; with marking, white, depressed marking; data regarding "the mfr", Radio Corp. of America, N.Y.C. Dwg. No. 737820-507. | Head set level and modulation level knobs |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} 303 \\ & (9 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ | 16-C-300559-295 | CLAMP: brass, nickel plated; shaft lock; consists of split bushing and lock nut; $5 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, by $1 / 2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a}$; for $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dia. shaft; James Millen Co., Malden, Mass.; Part No. K10061 | Shaft locks for R301, R323, R363, R365, R369, R380, R385, R388, R389 |
| O401 |  | Same as 0202 | V404, V405 clamps |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} 002 \\ & (10 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ | "manufacture and assemble locally" | CLAMP, ELECTRICAL: crystal clamp, phosphor bronze spring, cadmium plated; over-all dim, 11/16 in. lg , by $13 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. wide, mounts by a 0.120 in . dia. hole located on the bottom; Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-12076. | C rystal holder clamp |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} 403 \\ & (4 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ |  | Same as 0201 | Crystal switch, band switch, antenna range, and antenna tap knobs |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} 404 \\ & (4 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ | 16-K-700349-674 | KNOB: phenolic; black; dim. data, 1-1/2 in. lg , overall, 1-7/16 in. max. od, 7/8 in. thk over-all; data regarding the mfr, Radio Corp of America, NYC, Dwg. No. 737820-509. | A ntenna tuning, IPA tuning, PA tuning, and coupling knobs |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0405 \\ & (2 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ |  | Same as O303 | S haft lock for R437, R446 |
| 0406 | 16-K-700433-325 | KNOB: set screw type; round, section A, Ref Dwg Group 186; phenolic, black, w/o markings, over-all dim. $1-5 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dia.; data regarding "the mfr'", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC ,Dwg.No.A-12007. | Antenna vernier knob |
| 0407 | "for reference only" | SPROCKET WHEEL: 25 teeth; 1.240 in . od, $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. bore, $5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. hub diameter; Sierra stud chain sprockets, Sierra Eng. Co. Sierra Madre, Calif., Part No. 9100-25. | Crystal selector drive wheel |
| 0408 | "for reference only" | CHAIN, CABLE, PLATE LINK: stainless steel links and pins; 0.072 in . nominal width excluding side plates, o/a width $0.139 \mathrm{in} ., 0.147 \mathrm{in}$. long between centers of plates; 170 pounds ultimate strength; Sierra Eng. Co., Sierra Madre, Calif., Part No. 9000-82C. | Connects crystal selector switch |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} 409 \\ & (4 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ | 16-D-901161-216 | DRIVE, TUNING: positioning data, 360 deg. rotation continuous; knob actuated; over-all dim., 1-53/64 in. $\mathrm{lg}, 2-9 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. o/a dia; data regarding "the mfr', Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No B-32143. | u/w PA tuning, IPA tuning, antenna tap switch, antenna coupling |
| O410 | 18-R-269-15 | COUNTER, ROTATING, FIXED MOUNTING: register data, 3 figures, 0.166 in . high, black on metal, nonreset, designed to subtract; operating shaft data, located on right, 100 rpm rated max. speed, cw rotation; 0.1 shaft revolutions required to make one count on register; over-all dimensions, 1-5/16 in. $\lg , 1-3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high, $7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide; data regarding "typical mfr ", Veeder-Root Inc., Hartford, Conn. Type No. A-114133. | Antenna vernier counter |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0411 \\ & (5 \mathrm{ea}) \end{aligned}$ | 'for reference only" | DIAL LOCK: black oxide on brass; o/a $1.375 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; mounts by a $10-32$ thread $0.375 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$. stud;Cambridge Thermionic No. X1552. | Lock for PA tuning, antenna vernier, I. P. A. tuning, coupling control, antenna tuning |
| O412 | "for reference only" | GEAR CASE: right angle switch drive; consisting of one hot tinned centrifuged brass case supporting two stainless steel shafts driven by two nickel plated brass bevel gears; assembly enclosed by nickel plated brass cover plate; $3 \mathrm{in} . \lg$ by $2-23 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. wide by $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. high over-all; mts by two 6-32 tapped holes on $7 / 8$ in. $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ located on each side; Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-12023. | Antenna band switch coupling |
| 0413 | 'for reference only" | GEAR CASE: right angle switch drive; consisting of one hot tinned centrifuged brass case supporting two stainless steel shafts driven by two nickel plated brass bevel gears; assembly enclosed by nickel plated brass cover plate; $2-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. $\lg$ by $2-13 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. wide by $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. high over-all; mts by two $6-32$ tapped holes on $7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ located on each side; Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-12022. | S403 coupling |
| 0414 | 17-C-98378-3898 | COUPLING, FLEXIBLE: formed phos. bronze cad. plated; $1 / 4$ by $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. bore by $0.320 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, each end; round; 1.094 in . dia by $0.656 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, including bores; two 8-32 tapped holes each end spaced 140 degrees apart on hubs; dise is 1.094 in . OD w/0.375 in.dia. hole; Oak Mfg. Co., Part/Dwg lab 1637-11. | S405 coupling |
| 0415 |  | Same as 0414 | S402 coupling |
| 0416 | 42-C-22386-1520 | COUPLING, SHAFT , FLEXIBLE, INSULATED: flexible disc coupling type $C$, exposed set screws; coupling body brass, disc silicone; cromate finish; shaft accommodation data, rd type, $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dia; overall dim., 1-1/8 in. dia, 43/64 in. lg ; mounts by 4 set screws, $1 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 8=32$ thd; data regarding 'the mfr', Oak Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ill, Dwg. lab No. 1637-42. | S405 drive coupling |
| 0417 |  | Same as 0416 | C.455 coupling |
| 0418 |  | Same as O 416 | S402 coupling |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating <br> Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| 0419 | 17-C-98378-4240 | COUPLING: slide type shaft connector; shaft opening, $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dia. each end; mounting data, 2 set screws each end, 6-32 thd; over-all dim., $7 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, \pm .010 \mathrm{max}$, $7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide $\pm .010 \mathrm{max}, 7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high max; material, brass hubs nickel plated, bronze coupling yokes nickel plated, steatite insulating plate; accessories, set screws not incl; data regarding 'the mfr", James Millen Mfg. Co. Inc., Dwg. No. K-39006. | C456 coupling |
| 0420 |  | Same as 0419 | C457 coupling |
| 0421 |  | Same as 0416 | S403 coupling |
| 0422 |  | Same as 0416 | C452 coupling |
| O423 | 42-C-22386-1500 | COUPLING, SHAFT FLEXIBLE, INSULATED: flexible disc coupling type $\mathbf{C}$, exposed set screws; coupling body brass, disc silicone; nickel finish; shaft accommodation data, rd type, $3 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. dia; over-all dim., $1-1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia, $43 / 64 \mathrm{in}$. lg; mounts by 4 set screws; $1 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 8-32$ thd; data regarding "the mfr" Oak Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ill., Dwg. No. 6403-153. | Antenna vernier coupling |
| 0424 | "for reference only" | GEAR, BEVEL: brass, $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dia bore; 16 teeth, 0.500 in . pitch dia, $5 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. lg ; mounts by two $4-40$ tap holes spaced 90 deg. apart, Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-11892. | Counter drive gear |
| 0425 |  | Same as O424 | Counter drive gear |
| 0426 |  | Same as 0414 | S403A \& B coupling |
| 0427 |  | Same-as*O416" NOT USEP | -S401 coupling |
| 0428 |  | Same as 0416 | S406 coupling |
| P101 | 17-C-71414-5363 | CONNECTOR, PLUG:contact data, 1 male, round, nonpolarized;straight type;over-all dim. , excluding protruding contacts and terminals, $1-11 / 16 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 11 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. dia. , body data, cylindrical shape, brass, silver plated; mica insert;American Phenolic Corp. Part No. 83-750, ArmyNavy No. UG-111/U. | Interconnection plug for external M. O. |
| R201 | 16-R-50715-0508 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 220,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RC 42 BF 224 K | Low voltage bleeder |
| R202 |  | Same as R201 | Low voltage bleeder |
| R203 | 16-R-50373-042 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 22, 000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W; JAN RC 42 BF 223 K | Low voltage bleeder |
| R204 | 16-R-65737-7414 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 160 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 78 W; JAN RW37G161 | T203 primary voltage dropping |
| R205 |  | Same as R204 | T203 primary voltage dropping |
| R206 | 16-R-50823-0465 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 470,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RC42BF474K | High voltage bleeder |
| R207 |  | Same as R206 | High voltage bleeder |
| R208 |  | Same as R206 | High voltage bleeder |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| R209 | 16-R-50480-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 47, 000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$; JAN RC 20 BF 473 K | I203 current limiter |
| R210 | 16-R-65974-7566 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 800 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 10 W ; JAN RW31G801. | K204 dropping resistor |
| R301 | 16-R-87849-4757 | RESISTOR, VARIABLE, COMPOSITION: 50,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RV4A TSD503A | Sidetone adjust |
| R302 | 16-R-50129-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 4700 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$; JAN RC 20 BF 472 K | Sidetone adjust range setting |
| R303 | 16-R-88009-4056 | RESISTOR, VARIABLE, COMPOSITION: 100,000 ohms $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RV4ATSD104A | Modulator gain adjust |
| R304 | 16-R-49626-0501 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 150 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RC42BF151K | Microphone current supply |
| R305 | 16-A-98477-1261 | ATTENUATOR, VARIABLE: type data, resistive type, unbal "LL" MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 16, wirewound resistors; impedance data, variable input, 600 ohms output; 2.5 watts power rating on dc source, 10 watts on audio frequency; 0 to 20,000 cycles per sec freq. response; attenuation data, 0 to 30 db range, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, continuously variable, linear db attenuation for $90 \%$ rotation, infinite attenuation approached in last $10 \%$ rotation; over-all dim., excluding terminals, $1-21 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. dia, $2-3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. lg ; data regarding a 'typical mfr', Clarostat Mfg. Co., Inc., Dover, New Hampshire, Type No. CIL-58. | HEAD SET LEVEL |
| R306 | 16-R-50634-0231 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 100, 000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 1 W ; JAN RC30BF104K | V301 plate load |
| R307 | 16-R-50066-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 3300 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2$ W JAN RC20BF332K | V301 cathode |
| R308 | 16-R-50822-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 470,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$; JAN RC 20 BF 474 K | V301 grid |
| R309 |  | Same as R308 | V301 grid |
| R310 | 16-R-50633-0811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 100,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W} ;$ RC20BF104K | Mod. gain control range set |
| R311 |  | Same as R310 | Mod. gain control range set |
| R312 | 16-R-49464-506 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 56 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RC42BF560K | I301 shunt |
| R313 | 16-R-65430-6926 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 25 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 10 W ; JAN RW31 G250 | I301 voltage dropping |
| R314 | 16-R-49428-0231 | RESISTOR, FIXED, C OMPOSITION: 47 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 1 W ; JAN RC30BF470K | K302A time delay |
| R315 |  | Same as R310 | V301 plate |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reforence Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| R316 | 16-R-50417-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 33, 000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2$ W; JAN RC 20 BF 333 K | V302A plate high frequency bypasser |
| R317 | 16-R-50678-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 150, 000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2$ W; JAN RC 20 BF 154 K | V302A low frequency compensator |
| R318 |  | Same as R317 | V302A low frequency compensator |
| R319 | - | Same as R317 | V302A low frequency compensator |
| R320 |  | Same as R317 | V302A low frequency compensator |
| R321 | 16-R-50714-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 220,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; $\mathbf{1 / 2}$ W; JAN RC 20 BF 224 K | V302A grid inverse feedback |
| R322 |  | Same as R310 | Limiter (R323) range set |
| R323 |  | Same as R301 | Limiter adjust |
| R324 |  | Same as R321 | V302A grid |
| R325 | 16-R-50156-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED. COMPOSITION: 56,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$; JAN RC 20 BF 563 K | Voltage divider |
| R326 |  | Same as R310 | Voltage divider |
| R327 |  | Same as. R310 | Voltage divider |
| R328 |  | Same as R306 | V302A plate load |
| R329 |  | Same as R306 | V302B plate load |
| R330 |  | Same as R306 | V302A plate load |
| R331 | 16-R-49922-811 | RESISTOR; FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$; JAN RC20BF102K | V302A cathode |
| R332 |  | Same as R331 | V302B cathode |
| R333 |  | Same as R317 | V302B high frequency compensator |
| R334 |  | Same as R317 | V302B high frequency compensator |
| R335 |  | Same as R317 | V302B high frequency compensator |
| R336 |  | Same as R317 | V302B high frequency compensator |
| R337 |  | Same as R321 | V302B grid inverse feedback |
| R338 |  | Same as R308 | V303A grid input |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| R339 | 16-R-50759-0811 | RESISTOR, FIXED COMPOSITION: 330, 000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%, 1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$; JAN RC 20 BF 334 K | V302A plate compensator |
| R340 |  | Same as R321 | V302A plate compensator |
| R341 |  | Same as R308 | V303 grid |
| R342 |  | Same as R308 | Range set for R388 |
| R343 | 16-R-50715-231 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 220,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 1 W ; JAN RC30BF 224 K | V303 plate load |
| R344 | 16-R-50012-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2, 200 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$; JAN RC 20 BF 222 K | V303A cathode |
| R345 |  | Same as R344 | V303B cathode |
| R346 |  | Same as R343 | V303 plate load |
| R347 | 16-R-50976-231 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 megohm, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 1 W ; JAN RC30BF105K | V304A step attenuator |
| R348 |  | Same as R347 | V304A step attenuator |
| R349 |  | Same as R347 | V304A step attenuator |
| R350 |  | Same as R321 | V304A grid |
| R351 |  | Same as R321 | V304B grid |
| R352 | 16-R-50823-231 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 470,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 1 W ; JAN RC30BF 474 K | V304A plate load |
| R353 |  | Same as R321 | V304 grid |
| R354 |  | Same as R352 | V 304 B plate |
| R355 | 16-R-50634-0501 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 100,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RC42BF104K | V304 plate, audio amplifier dropping resistor |
| R356 |  | Same as R355 | V304 plate, audio amplifier dropping resistor |
| R357 |  | Same as R321 | Inverse feedback to V303A |
| R358 |  | Same as R316 | Inverse feedback to V303A |
| R359 |  | Same as R321 | V305 control grid |
| R360 | 16-R-49986-231 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,800 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 1 W; JAN RC30BF 182 K | V304 cathode |
| R361 |  | Same as R321 | V306 control grid |
| R362 | 16-R-50282-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 10, 000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$; JAN RC 20 BF 103 K | V305, V306 bias filter |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| R363 | 16-R-90398-8728 | RESISTOR, VARIABLE, WIREWOUND: 350 ohms; $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 25 W; JAN RP101SD351KK. | Modulator bias adjust |
| R364 |  | Same as R347 | Inverse feedback to V303A |
| R365 | 16-R-90756-9680 | RESISTOR, VARIABLE, WIREWOUND: 1000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 25 W ; JAN RP101SD102KK. | Modulator screen balancing adjust |
| R366 |  | Same as R347 | Inverse feedback to V303A |
| R367 |  | Same as R347 | Inverse feedback to V303A |
| R368 | 16-R-66086-6943 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 1600 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 38 W ; JAN RW35G162. | P A plate dropping |
| R369 | 16-R-88339-4711 | RESISTOR, VARIABLE, COMPOSITION: 1 megohm, 2 W ; JAN RV4ATSD105A. | Keying adjust |
| R370 |  | Same as R362 | Keying adjust range set |
| R371 |  | Same as R316 | Modulator bias protection |
| R372 |  | Not used |  |
| R373 | 16-R-65882-6166 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 500 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 10 W ; JAN RW31G501. | -100 v bleeder |
| R374 | 16-R-66103-7726 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 2,000 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 10W, JAN RW31G202. | -100v bleeder |
| R375 |  | Same as R374 | K302 voltage dropping |
| R376 | 16-R-65935-3700 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 630 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 10W; JAN RW31G631. | Bias filter for P.A. |
| R377 |  | Same as R376 | -100v bleeder |
| R378 |  | Same as R376 | -100v bleeder |
| R379 | 16-R-65781-2826 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 250 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 10 W; JAN. RW31G251. | Modulator bias range set |
| R380 | 16-R-90301-2728 | RESISTOR, VARIABLE, WIREWOUND: 200 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 25 W ; JAN RP101SD201KK. | Modulator overload adjust |
| R381 | 16-R-65495-5606 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 40 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 10W; JAN RW31G400. | modulator overload range set |
| R382 | 16-R-49707-0499 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 330 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RC42BF331K. | Shunt for R380 |
| R383 | 16-R-65679-8399 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 100 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 10W; JAN RW31G101. | 12v power supply bleeder |
| R384 |  | Same as R381 | P A overload adjust range set |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference <br> Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| R385 |  | Same as R380 | P A overload adjust |
| R386 |  | Same as R310 | Modulator gain control range set |
| R387 |  | Same as R308 | Keying adjust range set |
| R388 |  | Same as R303 | H. F. adjust |
| R389 |  | Same as R369 | L. F. adjust |
| R390 | 16-R-49581-0461 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 100 ohms $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RC42BF101K. | 12 v bleeder |
| R401 |  | Same as R310 | V401A oscillator grid |
| R402 | 16-R-50013-0461 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2, 200 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RC42BF 222 K . | V401A oscillator plate load |
| R403 |  | Same as R362 | V401B amplifier grid resistor |
| R404 |  | Same as R331 | v401B B+ dropping |
| R405 | 16-R-50202-0511 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 6800 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RC42BF682K. | V401B amplifier plate load |
| R406 | 16-R-49706-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 330 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$; JAN RC20BF331K. | V401B cathode |
| R407 |  | Same as R308 | V402 control grid |
| R408 | 16-R-49662-0506 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 220 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $2 \mathrm{~W} ;$ JAN RC42BF221K. | V402 B+ dropping |
| R409 | 16-R-66168-1928 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 3,100 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 18 W; JAN RW33G312. | V402 plate load |
| R410 | 16-R-49842-0501 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 680 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RC42BF681K. | V402 cathode |
| R411 | 16-R-50444-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 39, 000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$; JAN RC 20 BF 393 K . | V401B keying wave shaping |
| R412 | 16-R-49923-0531 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance; 2 W ; JAN RC42BF102K. | V402 screen grid |
| R413 |  | Same as R410 | V402 cathode |
| R414 | 16-R-50552-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 68,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$; JAN RC20BF683K. | V401B keying wave shaping |
| R415 | 16-R-66048-5086 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: $1,200 \mathrm{ohms}, \pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 10 W ; JAN RW31G122. | V402, V403 B+ dropping |
| R416 | 16-R-50336-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 15,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 1/2 W; JAN RC 20BF153K. | L405 loading |
| R417 |  | Not Used |  |
| R418 |  | Same as R308 | Y403 grid leak |

TABLE 8-I TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT- |  |  |  |
| R419 | 16-R- 49428-0496 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 47 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W; JAN RC42BF470K | V403 parasitic suppressor |
| R420 |  | Same as R412 | V403 cathode |
| R421 |  | Same as R412 | V403 cathode |
| R422 |  | Same as R409 | V401, V402, V403 plate voltage divider |
| R423 | 16-R-66251-4196 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 5,000 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 18 W ; JAN RW33G502 | V401, V402, V403 plate voltage divider |
| R424 | $16-R-65845-7301$ | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 400 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 10 W ; JAN RW31G401 | K402 voltage divider |
| R425 |  | Same as R314 | K402B delay |
| R426 | 16-R-50418-483 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 33,000 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RC42BF333K | V404 control grid |
| R427 | 16-R-50067-0231 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 3,300 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 1 W ; JAN RC 30 BF 332 K | V405 grid |
| R428 |  | Same as R310 | V405 grid |
| R429 |  | Same as R414 | V405 keying voltage divider |
| R430 |  | Same as R412 | L429 loading |
| R431 |  | Same as R310 | V405 key off bias |
| R432 |  | Same as R203 | V404 screen grid voltage divider |
| R433 |  | Same as R203 | V404 screen grid voltage divider |
| R434 |  | Same as R331 | K401 keying current limiter |
| R435 |  | Same as R416 | CR401 voltage divider |
| R436 |  | Same as R416 | CR402 voltage divider |
| R437 |  | Same as R365 | V404 drive control |
| R438 |  | Same as R317 | V404 voltage divider |
| R439 | 16-R-66048-8766 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 1,200 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 18 W ; JAN RW33G122 | Drive control range set |
| R440 |  | Same as R439 | V404 voltage divider |

TABLE 8-I TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RAD | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| R441 |  | Same as R321 | V404 voltage divider |
| R442 |  | Same as R390 | V404 plate dropping |
| R443 | 16-R-66030-1206 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 1,000 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 10W; JAN RW31G102. | V406 cathode voltage divider |
| R444 | 16-R-49986-0506 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,800 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 2 W ; JAN RC42BF182K. | P A grid bias |
| R445 |  | Same as R443 | Cathode voltage divider |
| R446 |  | Same as R369 | V406 control grid |
| R447 |  | Same as R374 | V406 plate load |
| R448 |  | Same as R373 | V406 cathode |
| R449 | 16-R-66303-4607 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 6,300 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 18W; JAN RW33G632. | P A screen dropping |
| R450 |  | Same as R405 | V406 plate |
| R451 |  | Same as R405 | V406 plate |
| R452 |  | Same as R355 | Capacitor discharge |
| R453 |  | Same as R355 | Capacitor discharge |
| R454 | $16-\mathrm{R}-49427-811$ | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 47 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$; JAN RC20BF470K. | M.O. input |
| R455 |  | Same as R308 | V405 grid |
| R456 | 16-R-66678-7139 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 80,000 ohms, $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance, 166 W ; JAN RW39G803. | High voltage bleeder |
| R457 | 16-R-49581-0231 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 100 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 1 W ; JAN RC30BF101K. | V407 grid leak |
| R458 |  | Same as R314 | p/o E401 |
| R459 |  | Same as R419 | p/o E402 |
| R460 |  | Same as R419 | p/o E404 |
| R461 |  | Same as R419 | p/o E405 |
| R462 | 16-R-49320-0231 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 22 ohms, $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance, 1 W ; JAN RC30BF220K. | p/o E403 |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)


TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| S206 | 17-S-70412-4406 | SWITCH, TOGGLE: single pole single throw; 30 v DC, 2 amps ; black plastic case; o/a dim. , excluding terminals, $1-9 / 64 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 41 / 64 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 1-1/16 in. high; bat handle $11 / 16 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$. beyond bushing; 2 solder lug terminals on back; JAN Type ST42A. | PLATE ON-OFF switch |
| S207 | 17-S-58644-4501 | SWITCH, PUSH: cont arrangement, 2 position, SPST, S.SST: electrical rating, ac, dc, $550 \mathrm{v}, 3 \mathrm{amps}$ for nom. load, 10 amps for inductive load; momentary action, normally open; o/a dim., excl term and external actuator, $2-9 / 16 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 1-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1-5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high; external actuator data, plunger rod type, $3 / 8$ in. w/switch in normal position; "typical mfr" Cutler-Hammer, Inc, part no. 6881ED70. | START-STOP <br> switch |
| S301 | 17-S-71894-1544 | SWITCH, TOGGLE: o/a dim., $2-1 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 1-1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high; solder lug terminals; JAN Type ST42D | LIMITER IN-OUT switch |
| S302 | 17-S-72396-1685 | SWITCH, TOGGLE: o/a dim. $2-1 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 1-1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high; solder lug terminals, JAN Type ST42H. | TEST KEY |
| S303 | "for reference only" | SWITCH, ROTARY: 2 rotary type sections; common rotary actuator incl; over-all dim., 3-7/16 in. lg , $2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $3-5 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. high; mounts by two $8-32$ studs located on opposite ends spaced 180 deg. apart on $2-7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. centers; one ceramic wafer, one Oak type DHC wafer mounted on rear; Radiomarine Dwg. B-31562. | EMISSION switch |
| S303A | 17-S-91635-1153 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTARY: 2 moving contscts; 4 fixed contacts; 2 poles; no dummy terminals; ceramic insulation; solid silver; physical dim., excluding terminals, $3-5 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. major dia., $2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. minor dia., $1 / 4$ in. thick; data regarding "the mfr ", Radiomarine Corp. of America, Dwg No. B-31562-A. | p/o S303 |
| S303B | 17-S-91675-1027 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTARY: 3 moving contacts; 9 fixed contacts; 3 poles; no dummy terminals; steatite - ceramic insulation; brass contacts; silver plated contact finish; physical dim., excluding terminals, $1-15 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. dia., 0.180 in . thick; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, Dwg. No. B-31562-B. | p/o S303 |
| S304 | 17-S-70412-3664 | SWITCH, TOGGLE: o/a dim., $2-1 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 1-1 / 8$ in. wide, $5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high; solder lug terminals; JAN Type ST42C. | O.L. RESET |
| S401 | "for reference only" | SWITCH, ROTARY: 1 rotary type section; common rotary actuator incl; over-all dim., $1-1 / 2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, $1-15 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. dia; mounts by two $8-32$ studs spaced $1-9 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. C to C; c/o 1 ceramic wafer, detent and shaft; Radiomarine Dwg. A-229. | CRYSTAL SWITCH |

TABLE 8-I TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)


TABLE B-I TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADI O | TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| S403 | "for reference only" | SWITCH, ROTARY: sectional type, 2 sections; 9 max. number of switching positions; 2 moving contacts, 20 fixed contacts; o/a dim. , MBCA Ref Dwg Group 8, $3-5 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. $\mathrm{lg}, 2-5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $3-3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high; $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. dia. stainless steel shaft extends $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. front of switch; solder lug terminals; Radiomarine Dwg. C-40823. | Band selector |
| S403A | 17-S-91675-1028 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTARY: 1 moving contact; 9 fixed contacts, 1 pole; solid silver contacts; physical dim., excluding terminals, $3-5 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. major dia., $2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. minor dia., $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. thick; data regarding "the mfr ", Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. C-40823-A. | PA plate tuning capacitor switch |
| S403B | 17-S-91683-1152 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTARY: 1 moving contact; 10 fixed contacts; ceramic insulation; solid silver contacts; physical dim., excluding terminals, $3-5 / 16$ in. major dia., $2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. minor dia., $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. thick; data regarding "the $\mathrm{mfr}^{\prime}$, Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. C-40823-B. | PA plate choke switch |
| S404 | "for reference only" | SWITCH, ROTARY: sectional type, 1 section; 9 max. number of switching positions; 1 moving contact; 11 fixed contacts; o/a dim. MBCA Ref Dwg Group 8, $2-7 / 16$ in. $\mathrm{lg}, 2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $3-5 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. high; $1 / 4$ in. dia stainless steel shaft extends $11 / 16$ in. on front of switch, extends $2-1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. on rear of switch; solder lug terminals; Radiomarine Dwg. No. B-31561. | PA tuning coil selector |
| S404A | 17-S-91691-1020 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTARY: 1 moving contact; 11 fixed contacts; 1 pole; ceramic insulation; solid silver contacts; physical dim., excluding terminals, 3-5/16 in. major dia., 2-3/4 in. minor dia., $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. thick; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No: B-31561-A. | P A. tuning coil selector $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{o}$ S404 |
| S404B | 17-D-200001-177 | DETENT: provisions for 9 switch positions; adjustable stop, adjustable for all positions; over-all dimensions, $4-1 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. minor dia., $3-5 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. major dia.; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. B-31561-Detent. | p/o S404 |
| S405 | "for reference only" | SWITCH ROTARY: 3 rotary type sections; common rotary actuator included; over-all dim., 4-1/4 in. lg, $2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $3-5 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. high; mounts by two 8-32 studs located on opposite ends spaced 180 deg . apart on $2-7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. centers; three ceramic wafers mounted on a common actuator; Radiomarine Dwg. No. B-31563. | ANTENNA RANGE switch |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| S405A | 17-S-91660-5925 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTARY: 1 moving contact; 7 fixed contacts; 1 pole; ceramic insulation; solid silver contacts; physical dim., excluding terminals; 3-5/16 in. major dia., $2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. minor dia., $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. thick; data regarding "the mfr ", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. B-31563-A. | Antenna tuning coil selector p/o S405 |
| S405B | 17-S-91691-1021 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTARY: 1 moving contact; 11 fixed contacts; 1 pole; ceramic insulation; solid silver contacts; physical dim., excluding terminals, $3-5 / 16$ in. major dia, 2-3/4 in. minor dia, $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. thick; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. B-31563-B. | Antenna tuning coil selector p/o S405 |
| S405C | 17-S-91635-1152 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTARY: 1 moving contact; 4 fixed contacts; 1 pole; steatite ceramic insulation; brass contacts; silver plated contact finish; physical dim. excluding terminals, $1-15 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. dia, 0.180 in . thick; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. B-31563-C. | Switching interlock p/o S405 |
| S406 | "for reference only" | SWITCH, ROTARY: 4 rotary type sections; common rotary actuator incl: over-all dim., $5-3 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$, $2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 3-5/16 in. high; mounts by two 8-32 studs located on opposite ends spaced 180 deg . apart on 2-7/8 in. centers; 3 ceramic wafers, one Oak Type DHC wafer mounted on rear; Radiomarine Dwg. No. B-31564. | ANTENNA TAP switch |
| S406A | 17-S-91618-9552 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTARY: 1 moving contact; 2 fixed contacts; 1 pole; ceramic insulation; solid silver contacts; physical dim., excluding terminals, $3-5 / 16$ in. major dia., 2-3/4 in. minor dia., $1 / 4$ in. thick; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. B-31564-A. | Antenna tuning coil selector p/o S406 |
| S406B | 17-S-91691-1022 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTARY: 1 moving contact; 11 fixed contacts; 1 pole; ceramic insulation; solid silver contacts; physical dim., excluding terminals; 3-5/16 in. major dia., 2-3/4 in. minor dia., $1 / 4$ in. thick; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. B-31564-B. | Antenna tuning coil selector p/o S406 |
| S406C | 17-S-91691-1023 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTARY: 1 moving contact; 11 fixed contacts; 1 pole; ceramic insulation; solid silver contacts; physical dim., excluding terminals, 3-5/16 in. major dia., 2-3/4 in. minor dia., $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. thick; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, Dwg. No. B-31564-C. | Selector for C457 p/o S406 |
| S406D |  | Same as S405C | Switching interlock p/o S406 |

table 8-1 table of replaceable parts (Cont'd)

| Reference <br> Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | (4) Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| T201 | 17-T-77378-3002 | TRANSFORMER (1),POWER, STEP-UP: case data, hermetically sealed, fully inclosed, metal case; primary windings data, $115 \mathrm{~V}, 50 / 60$ cycle, single phase, $115 \mathrm{~V}, 50 / 60$ cycle, single phase; secondary winding data, 1660 V , center tapped, $0.25 \mathrm{amp} ; 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ rms insulation test voltage primary to case, 1000 V rms insulation test voltage primary \#1 to primary \#2, 3000 V rms insulation test voltage secondary to case, 3500 V rms insulation test voltage primary to secondary; air cooled; impregnated; dim., MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 12, 5-7/8 in. $\mathrm{lg}, 4-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $5-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. high; gov't spec data, MIL, MIL-T-27, TF1A02YY; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. B-204. | Low voltage power supply |
| T202 | 17-T-70678-7760 | TRANSFORMER (1),POWER, STEP-DOWN: case data, hermetically sealed, fully inclosed, metal case; primary winding data, $115 \mathrm{~V}, 50 / 60$ cycle, single phase; secondary windings data, 5.0 V , center tapped, 4.0 amp, 2.5 V , center tapped, $10.0 \mathrm{amp} ; 500 \mathrm{~V}$ rms insulation test voltage primary to case, 5000 V rms insulation test voltage secondaries \#1 and \#2 to case, 5000 V rms insulation test voltage secondaries \#1 and \#2 to primary, 5000 V rms insulation test voltage secondary \#1 to secondary \#2; air cooled; impregnated; dim., MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 12, 3-3/8 in. $\lg , 3-1 / 4$ in. wide, $4-23 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. high; gov't spec data, MIL, MIL-T-27, TF1AO1YY; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corporation of America, NYC, Dwg.' No. B-203. | Filament supply for V201, V202, V203, V204 |
| T203 | 17-T-77384-3236 | TRANSFORMER (1), POWER, STEP-UP: case data, hermetically sealed, fullỳ inclosed, metal case; primary windings data, \#1 primary winding, $115 \mathrm{~V}, 50 / 60$ cycle, single phase, \#2 primary winding, 115 V , 50/60 cycle, single phase; secondary winding data, 3500 V , center tapped, $0.25 \mathrm{amp} ; 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ rms insulation test voitage primary to case, 1000 V rms insulation test voltage primary \#1 to primary \#2, 5000 V rms insulation test voltage secondary to case, 5000 V rms insulation test voltage primary to secondary; air cooled; impregnated; dim., MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 12 $5-7 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 4-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $6-5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high; gov't spec data, MIL, MIL-T-27, TF1A02YY; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. B-205. | High voltage plate supply |
| T301 | 17-T-60967-5250 | TRANSFORMER (1), AUDIO FREQUENCY: input type; impedance data, primary windings impedance, 600 ohm over-all impedance, 120 ohm over-all impedance, secondary winding impedance, 120,000 ohms over-all impedance; direct current ratings, 50 ma primary; 500 V rms insulation test voltage each winding to case, 500 V rms insulation test voltage between windings; over-al dim., MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 12, 1-5/8 in. lg, 1-7/16 in. wide, $1-7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high; frequency data, 200 to 2500 cycle frequency range, $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ over frequency range; gov't spec data, MIL, MIL-T-27, TF1A11YY; data regarding "the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NY Dwg. No. B-211. | Microphone transformer |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating <br> Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| T302 | 17-T-63298-6562 | TEAASFORMER (1), AUDIO FREQUENCY: modulation type: impedance data, primary winding impedance, 14,000 ohms over-all impedance, center tapped, secondary winding impedance, 12,000 ohms over-all impedance; direct current ratings, zero signal current 15 ma each half primary, max signal current 90 ma each half primary, 120 ma secondary; over-all dim. MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 12, 5-7/8 in. lg, 4-3/4 in. wide, $5-5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high; 90 W max audio operating level; frequency data, 200 to 2500 cycles frequency range, $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ over frequency range; gov't spec data, MIL, MIL-T-27, TF1A14YY; data regarding 'the mfr", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. B-208 | Modulation transformer |
| T303 | 17-T-71450-3328 | TRANSFORMER (1), POWER, STEP-DOWN: case data hermetically sealed, fully inclosed, metal case: primary winding data, $65 \mathrm{~V}, 60$ cycle, single phase; secondary winding data, $20 \mathrm{~V}, 1.22 \mathrm{amp}$; bu0 insulation test voltage; air cooled; impregnated; dim. , MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 12, 2-5/8 in. $\mathrm{lg}, 2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 3-1/4 in. high; data regarding "the mfr ", Radiomarine Corp. of America, NYC, Dwg. No. B-394. | 12 volt power supply transformer |
| T304 | 17-T-70713-8661 | TRANSFORMER (1), POWER, STEP-DOWN: case data, hermetically sealed, fully inclosed, metal case; primary winding data, $115 \mathrm{~V}, 50 / 60$ cycles, single phase; secondary windings data, 6.2 V , center tapped, $7.2 \mathrm{amp}, 6.2 \mathrm{~V}$, center tapped, $7.2 \mathrm{amp}, 6.4 \mathrm{~V}, 4.75$ amp; 500 V rms insulation test voltage primary to case, 500 V rms insulation test voltage each secondary to case, 500 V rms insulation test voltage primary to each secondary, 500 V rms insulation test voltage secondaries \#1 to \#2 to \#3; air cooled; impregnated; $\operatorname{dim} .$, MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 12, 3-3/4 in. lg, 3-1/2 in. wide, $5-3 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. high; gov't spec data, MIL, MIL-T-27, TF1A01YY; data regarding "the mfr", Kenyon Transformer Co., Part No. S-28551, per Radiomarine Dwg. B-202. | F ilament supply |
| TB101 | "for reference only" | TERMINAL BOARD: melamine body, 15 double screw terminals, barrier type; 7-5/16 in. $\lg , 1-1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. high; H. B. Jones, Chicago, Ill, Code No. 15-141B. | Terminal points |
| TB102 | "for reference only" | TERMINAL BOARD: melamine body, 12 double screw terminals, barrier type; $6 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 1-1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1 / 2$ in. high; H. B. Jones, Chicago, Ill, Code No. 12-141B. | Terminal points |
| TB201 | "for reference only" | TERMINAL BOARD: melamine body, 2 double screw terminals, barrier type; $1-5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. $\lg , 1-1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 1/2 in. high; H. B. Jones, Chicago, Ill, Code No. 2-141B. | I nterlock test terminal points |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADI | O TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |
| TB401 | "for reference only" | TERMINAL BOARD: melamine body, 6 solder lug terminals; barrier type; 3-3/8 in. lg, 1-1/8 in. wide, 1/2 in. high; H. B. Jones, Chicago, Ill, Code No. 6-141YB. | Terminal points |
| TB402 | "for reference only" | T ERMINAL BOARD: melamine body, 2 solder lug term; barrier type; $1-5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. lg. , $1-1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. highr, H.B. Jones, No. 2-141YB. | I P A cathode current check points |
| TB403 | "for reference only" | TERMINAL BOARD: melamine body, 4 double screw terminals, barrier type; $2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in} . \lg , 1-1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $1 / 2$ in. high; H. B. Jones, Chicago, Ill, Code No. 4-141B. | Blower connection terminal points |
| TB404 | 'manufacture and assemble locally" | TERMINAL BOARD: laminated thermosetting plastic; 13 solder terminal, feed-thru type; $4-3 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \lg$, by $1-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. wide, mounts by four No. 30 drill holes, located on 4 in. by 1 in . centers; Radiomarine Dwg. No. A-12016. | Terminal points |
| V201 | 16-T-55446-0000 | ELECTRON TUBE: full wave rectifier, JAN Type 5R4WGY. | Low voltage rectifier |
| V202 |  | Same as V201 | Low voltage rectifier |
| V203 | 16-T-53228 | ELECTRON TUBE: half wave rectifier; JAN Type 3B28. | High voltage rectifies |
| V204 |  | Same as V203 | High voltage rectifies |
| V301 | 16-T-58241-60 | ELECTRON TUBE: miniature twin triode; JAN Type 12AX7. | Limiter |
| V302 | 16-T-58240-10 | ELECTRON TUBE: miniature twin triode; JAN Type 12AT7. | Audio compensator |
| V303 |  | Same as V301 | Audio amplifier and phase inverter |
| V304 |  | Same as V301 | Audio driver |
| V305 | 16-T-54048 | ELECTRON TUBE: transmitting tetrode; JAN Type 4-65A. | Modulator |
| V306 |  | Same as V305 | Modulator |
| V401 |  | Same as V302 | Oscillator amplifier |
| V402 | 16-T_76005 | ELECTRON TUBE: miniature beam power amplifier; JAN Type 6005/6AQ5W. | RF amplifier |
| V403 |  | Same as V402 | Amplifier multiplier |
| V404 | 16-T-68070-000 | ELECTRON TUBE: transmitting pentode amplifier; JAN Type No. 807. | Amplifier multiplier |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| V405 : | - $16-\mathrm{T}-56213$ | ELECTRON TUBE: beam power amplifier; JAN Type No. 6BG6G. | Keying tube |
| V406 |  | Same as V402. | V407, V408 Screen grid clamper |
| V407 |  | Same as V305 | Power amplifier |
| V408 |  | Same as V305 | Power amplifier |
| W101 | 17-C-48898-8455 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, SPECIAL PURPOSE, ELECTRICAL: cable data, 28 conductors, conductors data, 28 , stranded, 16 AWG, synthetic resin insulation, material of outermost covering black vinyl plastic, type identification, AN, Type No. SRIR-2-1/2(19)-16-8; <br> dim. data, length data, over-all length (including terminations), 24 in. , length (excluding terminations) approx. 21-1/2 in., over-all cross section of cable 0.945 in. ; termination data, terminal fittings on first end, 1, Cannon Electric, Cannon plug, DPD-B28-34P(A29) type L including bell No. 19745-1-(A29), terminal fittings on second end, 1, Cannon Electric, Cannon sock et, DPD-B28-33S-(A29) type L including two bells No. | Test cable |
|  |  | 19745-1-(A 29); data regarding 'the mfr', Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. B-31532. |  |
| W102 | 17-C-48899-7125 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, SPECIAL PURPOSE, ELECTRICAL: cable data, 30 , conductors data, 28 , stranded, 20 AWG, synthetic resin insulation, 2 stranded, 16 AWG, synthetic resin insulation, material of outermost covering black vinyl plastic, type identification, AN, Type No. SRIR-1 (7)-20-8, AN, Type No. SRIR-2-1/2(19)-16-8; dim. data, length data, over-all length (including terminations) approx. 49 in ., length (excluding terminations) approx. 47 in., over-all cross section of cable .55 in.; termination data, terminal fitting on first end, 1, American Phenolic Corp., plug, No. 26-159-32, 1, H. B. Jones, Cable clamp, No. 61-1/2,1, Radiomarine Corp of America, cover, Dwg. No. B-31565, terminal fitting on second end, 1, American Phenolic Corp., receptacle, No. 23-190-32, 1, H. B. Jones, Cable clamp, No. 61-1/2, 1, Radiomarine Corp. of America, Cover, Dwg. No. B-31565; data regarding 'the mfr ', Radiomarine Corp of America, Dwg. No. B-31533. | Test cable |
| XF201 | 17-F-74269-8401 | FUSEHOLDER: extractor post type: molded bakelite, transparent knob; o/a dim. 1-13/16 in. high, 1-13/16 in. wide, $2-7 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. lg ; two $11 / 64 \mathrm{in}$. dia. mtg. holes located on 1-5/16 in. mtg. /c; 2 solder lug terminals; Bussmann Mfg. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Type HPC-C. | F201 holder |
| XF202 |  | Same as XF201 | F202 holder |
| XF203 |  | Same as XF201 | F203 holder |
| XF204 |  | Same as XF201 | F204 holder |
| XF205 |  | Same as XF201 | F205 holder |
| XF206 |  | Same as XF201 | F206 holder |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | 8, Name and Description | Locating <br> Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RADIO TRANSMITTING SET AN/URT-12 |  |  |  |
| XF207 |  | Same as XF201 | F207 holder |
| XF208 |  | Same as XF201 | F208 holder |
| XF209 | 17-C-804593-451 | CLIP, ELECTRICAL: ferrule style 2, Ref Dwg Group 37; phosphor bronze; nickel plated; dim. as indicated in Ref Dwg Group 37, 3/4 in. thk, $15 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $3 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$; data regarding "the mfr", Bussmann Mfg. Co., St. Louis, Mo., Part No. 4551 | F209 holder |
| XF210 |  | Same as XF209 | F210 holder |
| XF211 |  | Same as XF209 | F211 holder |
| XF212 |  | Same as XF209 | F212 holder |
| XF213 |  | Same as XF209 | F213 holder |
| XF214 |  | Same as XF209 | F214 holder |
| XF215 |  | Same as XF209 | F215 holder |
| XF216 |  | Same as XF209 | F216 holder |
| XI201 | 17-L-76854-4339 | LIGHT, INDICATOR: lens data, supplied w/ lens, $1 / 2$ in. dia., red, characteristic of lens surface, smooth face, frosted back, translucent, screw cap lens holder lamp data, 1, T-3-1/4, MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 7, Fig. 4, miniature bayonet base, MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 7, lamp not incl; dimming feature incl, mechanical shutter type, adjustable to complete blackout; lampholder data, lamp replaceable from front of panel; data regarding "the mfr", The Dial Light Co. of America, NYC, Type No. 12B410-111. | Plate on indicator |
| XI202 | 17-L-76737-2821 | LIGHT, INDICATOR: lens data, supplied w/ lens, $1 / 2$ in. dia, white, characteristic of lens surface, smooth face, frosted back, translucent, screw cap lens holder; lamp data, 1, T-3-1/4, MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 7, Fig. 4,miniature bayonet base, MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 7; dimming feature incl, mechanical shutter type, adjustable to complete blackout; electrical rating $125 \mathrm{~V}, 75$ watts; over-all dim., 2-5/16 in. lg, 15/16 in. dia; lampholder data, lamp replaceable from front of panel; data regarding "the mfr", The Dial Light Co. of America, NYC, Type No. 12B410-117. | Filament on indicator |
| XI203 | 17-L-76730-2275 | LIGHT,INDICATOR: lens data, supplied w/ lens, $1 / 2$ in. dia, colorless, characteristic of lens surface, smooth face, smooth back, clear, screw type lens; lamp data, 1, T-3, MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 7, fig. 4, miniature bayonet base, MBCA Ref. Dwg. Group 7 ; over-all dim., $2-1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. $\mathrm{lg}, 25 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. dia; lampholder data, lamp replaceable from front of panel; data regarding "the mfr", Dial Light Co. of America, NYC, Type No. 91410-937. | Interlocking short indicator |

TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)


TABLE 8-1 TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont'd)

| Reference <br> Symbol | Standard Navy <br> Stock Number | Name and Description | Locating <br> Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RADIO TRANSMITTING SETAN/URT-12

| XV407 |  | Same as XV305 | Mtg for V407 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| XV408 |  | Same as XV305 | Mtg for V408 |
| XY401 | 16-S-54287-5051 | SOCKET, CRYSTAL: steatite casting, two beryllium copper silver plated contacts; for .05 in . dia. pins with .486 in . spacing; $55 / 64 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}$ by $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. wide by $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. high excluding terminals; one $1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. dia. center mtg. hole; spec JAN-I-10; Eby Sales Co. Part No. 9006. | Y401 socket |
| XY402 |  | Same as XY401 | Y402 socket |
| XY403 |  | Same as XY401 | Y403 socket |
| XY404 |  | Same as XY401 | Y404 socket |
| XY405 |  | Same as XY401 | Y405 socket |
| XY406 |  | Same as XY401 | Y406 socket |
| XY407 |  | Same as XY401 | Y407 socket |
| XY408 |  | Same as XY401 | Y408 socket |
| XY409 |  | Same as XY401 | Y409 socket |
| XY410 |  | Same as XY401 | Y410 socket |
| Y401 | "order in accordance with existing instructions" | CRYSTAL UNIT, QUARTZ: two $0.243 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 0.05 \mathrm{in}$. dia. pins spaced 0.486 in . c to c; located on bottom, rectangular shape; o/a dim. $0.720 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lg}, 0.345 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 1.031 in . high; Mil Type CR-18/u; crystal not included with equipment. | Crystal oscillator |
| Y402 |  | Same as Y401 | Crystal oscillator |
| Y403 |  | Same as Y401 | Crystal oscillator |
| Y404 |  | Same as Y401 | Crystal oscillator |
| Y405 |  | Same as Y401 | Crystal oscillator |
| Y406 |  | Same as Y401 | Crystal oscillator |
| Y407 |  | Same as Y401 | Crystal oscillator |
| Y408 |  | Same as Y401 | Crystal oscillator |
| Y409 |  | Same as Y401 | Crystal oscillator |
| Y410 |  | Same as Y401 | Crystal oscillator |

TABLE 8-2 MAINTENANCE PARTS KITS

| $\begin{gathered} \text { KEY } \\ \text { SYMBOL } \end{gathered}$ | QUANTITY |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { KEY } \\ & \text { SYMBOL } \end{aligned}$ | QUANTITY |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | COAST GUARD | AIR FORCE |  | COAST GUARD | AIR FORCE |
|  | CONTRACTS <br> Tcg-38554 and Tcg-39978 | CONTRACT Tcg-39978 |  | CONTRACTS <br> Tcg-38554 and Tcg-39978 | CONTRACT <br> Tcg-39978 |
| B-401B | 1 |  | L-403 | 1 |  |
| C-380 | 1 |  | L-404 | 1 |  |
| F-201 | 5 |  | L-405 | 1 |  |
| F-203 | 5 |  | L-409 | 1 |  |
| F-204 | 5 |  | L-417 | 1 |  |
| F-206 | 5 |  | L-420 | 1 |  |
| J-306 | 1 |  | L-429 | 1 |  |
| J-401 | 1 |  | S-101 | 1 |  |
| K-201 | 1 |  | T-201 | 1 |  |
| K-203 | 1 |  | T-202 | 1 |  |
| K-204 | 1 |  | T-203 | 1 |  |
| K-301 | 1 |  | T-301 | 1 |  |
| K-302 | 1 |  | T-302 | 1 |  |
| K-303 | 1 |  | T-304 | 1 |  |
| K-401 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| K-402 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| L-201 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| L-203 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| L-301 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| L-401 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| L-402 | 1 |  |  |  |  |









These images are of the connectors that mate the slide-out drawers to the frame cabinet. A jumper should be made for servicing the unit, with one of these on each end, so that the slide-out unit can be powered when extended from the cabinet.

## connectors for the AN/URT-12

Transmitter made for the Coast Guard by the Radiomarine Corporation of America


